B.Tech. Program from the Dept. of Physics

Program Learning Objectives:	Program Learning Outcomes:
Program Goal 1:	Program Learning Outcome 1a:
To nurture young engineers with a strong foundation in science and engineering for producing highly skilled engineers and scientists.	Developing skills to apply strong knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals.
	Program Learning Outcome 1b:
	To use research-based knowledge and research methodologies for developing cutting edge technology and for solving complex engineering problems.
Program Goal 2:	Program Learning Outcome 2a:
Enhancement of problem-solving skills and independent thinking through a research oriented curriculum to conduct research or	Develop highly skilled engineers who can contribute to the solution of technical and engineering problems that are based on broad principles of physics.
contribute to technology	Program Learning Outcome 2b:
development projects, either individually or as a team leader.	Ability to participate as members and project leaders on multidisciplinary teams in diverse workplaces and communities. Be able to communicate effectively in oral and written form.
Program Goal 3:	Program Learning Outcome 3a:
To provide career opportunities in rapidly-advancing scientific and technical areas, R&D establishments, Modern cutting edge technologies, higher degree, Academia/Industry and etc.	To practice and inculcate an ability of utilizing scientific knowledge and engineering design for developing technology for public health, safety, and welfare, as well as global, cultural, social, environmental, and economic factors. Program Learning Outcome 3b:
	Be able to demonstrate an understanding of professional and ethical responsibility.

B.Tech. in Engineering Physics

Sl. No.	Subject Code	SEMESTER III	L	Т	Р	С
1.	EP2101	Quantum Physics	3	1	0	4
2.	EP2102	Optics and Lasers	3	0	3	4.5
3.	EP2103	Classical dynamics: discrete and continuum systems	3	1	0	4
4.	EP2104	Thermal physics with engineering applications	3	1	0	4
5.	HS21XX	HSS Elective – I	3	0	0	3
		Total Credit	15	3	3	19.5

Sl. No.	Subject Code	SEMESTER IV	L	Т	Р	С
1.	EP2201	Introduction to Nuclear and Particle Physics	2	1	0	3
2.	EP2202	Mathematical Methods for Engineers	3	1	0	4
3.	EP2203	Electromagnetism	3	1	0	4
4.	EP2204	Introductory Statistical Mechanics	2	1	0	3
5.	EP2205	Analog Electronics	2	0	3	3.5
6.	XX22PQ	IDE – I	3	0	0	3
		Total Credit	15	4	3	20.5

Sl. No.	Subject Code	SEMESTER V	L	Т	Р	С
1.	EP3101	Computational Techniques	2	0	3	3.5
2.	EP3102	Data Science for Physicists	1	1	3	3.5
3.	EP3103	Digital Electronics and Microprocessors	2	0	3	3.5
4.	EP3104	Solid State Physics	3	1	2	5
5.	EP3105	Instrumentation Techniques	2	0	2	3
6.	XX31PQ	IDE – II	3	0	0	3
		Total Credit	13	2	13	21.5

Sl. No.	Subject Code	SEMESTER VI	L	Т	Р	С
1.	EP3201	Nonlinear Dynamics	2	1	0	3
2.	EP3202	Interfacing and data analysis	1	0	4	3
3.	EP3203	Atomic and Molecular Physics	3	1	2	5
4.	EP3204	Soft Condensed Matter Physics	3	0	0	3
5.	PH32XX	DE – I	3	0	0	3
6.	PH32XX	DE – II	3	0	0	3
		Total Credit	15	2	6	20

Sl. No.	Subject Code	SEMESTER VII	L	Т	Р	С
1.	EP4105	Quantum Technology Laboratory	1	0	3	2.5
2.	PH41XX	DE-III	3	0	0	3
3.	HS41XX	HSS Elective – II	3	0	0	3
4.	XX41PQ	IDE – III	3	0	0	3
5.	PH4198	Summer Internship*	0	0	12	3
6.	PH4199	Project – I	0	0	12	6
Total	Total Credit		10	0	27	20.5

* For specific cases of internship after VIth Semester, the performance evaluation would be made on joining the VIIth Semester and graded accordingly in the VIIth Semester:

Note:

a) (i) Summer internship (*) period of at least 60 days' (8 weeks) duration begins in the intervening vacation between Semester VI and VII that may be done in industry / R&D / Academic Institutions including IIT Patna. The evaluation would comprise combined grading based on host supervisor evaluation, project internship report after plagiarism check and seminar presentation at the Department (DAPC to coordinate) with equal weightage of each of the three components stated herein.

a) (ii) Further, on return from internship, students will be evaluated for internship work through combined grading based on host supervisor evaluation, project internship report after plagiarism check, and presentation evaluation by the parent department with equal weightage of each component.

b) (i) In the VIIth semester, students can opt for a semester long internship on recommendation of the DAPC and approval of the Competent Authority.

b) (ii) On approval of semester long internship, at the maximum two courses (properly mapped/aligned syllabus) at par with institute electives may be opted from NPTEL and / or SWAYAM and the other two more should be done at the institute through course overloading in any other semester (either before or after the internship) and/or during following summer semester.

b) (iii) The candidates opting two courses from NPTEL and / or SWAYAM would be required to appear in the examination at the Institute as scheduled in the Academic Calendar.

Sl. No.	Subject Code	SEMESTER VIII	L	Т	Р	С
1.	PH42XX*	DE-IV	3	0	0	3
2.	PH42XX	DE-V	3	0	0	3
3.	PH42XX	DE-VI	3	0	0	3
4.	PH42XX	DE-VII	3	0	0	3
5.	PH4299	Project – II	0	0	16	8
Total Credit			12	0	16	20
Grand Total Credit (Semester I to VIII)				1	68	

* Valid only for the course PH4206 since this is common to M. Sc. and Engineering Physics

ELECTIVE GROUPS

Sl. No.	Course Code	Departmental Elective – I	L	Т	Р	С
1.	PH3201	Engineering Optics	3	0	0	3
2.	PH3202	Cryogenic Engineering	3	0	0	3
3.	PH3203	Advanced Quantum Mechanics	3	0	0	3
4.	PH3204	Power Sources for Electric Vehicles	3	1	0	4
5.	PH3205	Engineering Electromagnetics	3	0	0	3

Sl. No.	Course Code	Departmental Elective – II	L	Т	Р	С
1.	PH3206	Laser Physics	3	0	0	3
2.	PH3207	Advanced Mathematical Methods	2	1	0	3
3.	PH3208	Electron Microscopy	3	0	0	3
4.	PH3209	Quantum Computation	2	1	0	3
5.	PH3210	Device Modeling and Design	2	1	0	3

Sl. No.	Course Code	Departmental Elective – III	L	Т	Р	С
1.	PH4106	Science and Technology of Nanomaterials	3	0	0	3
2.	PH4107	Optical Quantum Communication	3	0	0	3
3.	PH4108	Photovoltaics: Concepts and Applications	3	0	0	3
4.	PH4109	Electronic Devices and Circuits	3	0	0	3

Sl. No.	Course Code	Departmental Elective – IV	L	Т	Р	С
1.	PH4205	Quantum Mechanics - II	2	1	0	3
2.	PH4206	Thin Film Technology	3	0	0	3
3.	PH4209	Solar Energy and Photovoltaics	3	0	0	3
4.	PH4210	Modeling Complex Systems	3	0	0	3
5.	PH4211	AC Network Analysis	3	0	0	3

Sl. No.	Course Code	Departmental Elective – V	L	Т	Р	С
1.	PH4212	X-ray and Applications	3	0	0	3
2.	PH4213	Materials Engineering	3	0	0	3
3.	PH4214	Superconducting Qubits: Fundamentals and Operation	3	0	0	3
4.	PH4215	Analytical Techniques	3	0	0	3

Sl. No.	Course Code	Departmental Elective – VI	L	Т	Р	С
1.	PH4216	Computational Methods for Classical and Quantum Physics	3	0	0	3
2.	PH4217	LASER Technology	3	0	0	3
3.	PH4218	Atomtronics & Quantum Technology	3	0	0	3
4.	PH4219	Nanoscale Devices	3	0	0	3

Sl. No.	Course Code	Departmental Elective – VII	L	Т	Р	С
1.	PH4220	Medical Physics and Applications	3	0	0	3
2.	PH4221	Emerging Technologies in Photonics	3	0	0	3
3.	PH4222	Micro Nano Fabrication	3	0	0	3
4.	PH4223	Nanogenerators and Application in Self-powered System	3	0	0	3

Interdisciplinary Electives (Available to students of B. Tech. other than Dept. of Physics)

Sl. No.	Subject Code	Subject	L	Т	Р	С
		IDE-I				
1.	PH2201	Fundamentals of Electromagnetism	3	0	0	3
2.	PH2202	Waves and Particles	3	0	0	3
3.	PH2203	Fuel Cell Fundamentals	3	0	0	3
		IDE-II				
1.	PH3101	Energy Materials Processing	3	0	0	3
2.	PH3102	Mechanics in Physics	3	0	0	3
		IDE-III				
1.	PH4110	Photovoltaics and Fuel Cell Technology	3	0	0	3

Minor Options from the Dept. of Physics

1. Minor in Physics

Sl. No	Subject Code	Subject	L	Т	Р	С
1.	EP2101	Ouantum Physics	3	1	0	4
2.	EP2203	Electromagnetism	3	1	0	4
3.	EP3104	Solid State Physics	3	1	2	5
4. Mi	inor-IV (An	y One)				
i.	PH3201	Engineering Optics	3	0	0	3
ii.	PH3206	Laser Physics	3	0	0	3
iii.	PH3210	Device Modeling and Design	2	1	0	3
5. Mi	5. Minor-V (Any One)					
i.	PH4106	Science and Technology of Nanomaterials	3	0	0	3
ii.	PH4107	Optical Quantum Communication	3	0	0	3
iii.	PH4108	Photovoltaics: Concepts and Applications	3	0	0	3

Total Credits : 19

2. Minor in Nanoscience

Sl. No.	Subject Code	Subject	L	Т	Р	С
1.	EP2101	Quantum Physics	3	1	0	4
2.	EP2203	Electromagnetism	3	1	0	4
3.	EP3105	Instrumentation Techniques	2	0	2	3
4.	PH3208	Electron Microscopy	3	0	0	3
5.	PH4206	Thin Film Technology	3	0	0	3

Total Credits : 17

1. Minor in Optics

Sl. No.	Subject Code	Subject	L	Т	Р	С
1.	EP2102	Optics and Lasers	3	0	3	4.5
2.	EP2203	Electromagnetism	3	1	0	4
3.	EP3105	Instrumentation Techniques	2	0	2	3
4.	PH3201	Engineering Optics	3	0	0	3
5.	PH4221	Emerging Technologies in Photonics	3	0	0	3

Total Credits : 17.5

2. Minor in Energy Storage Technology

Brief outline: Emergent issues of global significance comprising fast depleting fossil fuels reserve, carbon foot print, visible climate change, temperature rise and melting of glaciers causing sea level rise are interrelated. These challenging issue are threatening sustainable growth and even survival of the planet earth.

To exercise an effective control well in time, therefore, requires "zero emission" culture and effective implementation of clean and green energy alternatives without any loss of time. This requirement has put pressing demand for development of newer clean energy technology on R&D institutions, its commercialization on industry, creation of talent pool in the area under demand by academic institutions and better industry-academia tie up in this emergent area. A positive signal has already become visible with faster adoption of electric vehicles (EVs) on road that is likely to emerge as a multiplicative technology market in near future.

Keeping this realistic fact in mind, the department of Physics has come up with a minor program in *"Energy Storage Technology"* with following course structure:

Sl. No.	Subject Code	Subject	L	Т	Р	С
1.	PH2101	Energy Storage Fundamentals	3	0	0	3
2.	PH2203	Fuel Cell Fundamentals	3	0	0	3
3.	PH3101	Energy Materials Processing	3	0	0	3
4.	PH3204	Power Sources for Electric Vehicles	3	1	0	4
5.	PH4108	Photovoltaics: Concepts and Applications	3	0	0	3

Total Credits : 16

Minor in Quantum Technology

Sl. No.	Subject Code	Subject	L	Т	Р	С
1.	EP2101	Quantum Physics	3	1	0	4
2.	EP2204	Introductory Statistical Mechanics	2	1	0	3
3.	EP3101	Computational Techniques	2	0	3	3.5
4.	PH3209	Quantum Computation	2	1	0	3
5.	PH4107	Optical Quantum Communication	3	0	0	3

Total Credits: 16.5

Sl. No.	Subject Code	SEMESTER I	L	Т	Р	С
1.	MA1101	Calculus and Linear Algebra	3	1	0	4.0
2.	CS1101	Foundations of Programming	3	0	3	4.5
3.	PH1101/PH1201	Physics	3	1	3	5.5
4.	CE1101/CE1201	Engineering Graphics	1	0	3	2.5
5.	EE1101/EE1201	Electrical Sciences	3	0	3	4.5
6.	HS1101	English for Professionals	2	0	1	2.5
		15	2	13	23.5	

Course Number	MA1101
Course Credit	3104
(L-T-P-C)	5-1-0-4
Course Title	Calculus and Linear Algebra
Learning Mode	Lectures and Tutorials
Learning Objectives	To provide the essential knowledge of basic tools of Differential Calculus,
	Integral Calculus, Vector spaces and Matrix Algebra.
Course Description	This course provides a foundation for Calculus and Linear Algebra. Topics
	related to properties of single and two variable functions along with their
	applications will be discussed. In addition fundamentals of linear algebra and
	matrix theory with applications will also be discussed.
Course Content	Differential Calculus (12 Lectures) : Limit and continuity of one variable function (including ε - δ definition). Limit, continuity and differentiability of functions of two variables, Tangent plane and normal, Change of variables, chain rule, Jacobians, Taylor's Theorem for two variables, Extrema of functions of two or more variables. Lagrange's method of undetermined
	multipliare
	Integral Calculus (10 Lectures): Riemann integral for one variable functions, Double and Triple integrals, Change of order of integration. Change of variables, Applications of Multiple integrals such as surface area and volume. Vector Spaces (12 Lectures): Vector spaces (over the field of real numbers), subspaces, spanning set, linear independence, basis and dimension. Linear transformations, range and null space, rank-nullity theorem, matrix of a linear transformation.
	Matrix Algebra (8 Lectures) : Elementary operations and their use in getting the rank, inverse of a matrix and solution of linear simultaneous equations, Orthogonal, symmetric, skew-symmetric, Hermitian, skew-Hermitian, normal and unitary matrices and their elementary properties, Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of a matrix, Cayley-Hamilton theorem, Diagonalization of a matrix.
Learning Outcome	Students completing this course will be able to:
	1. Understand various properties of functions such as limit, continuity and
	differentiability.
	 Learn about integrations in various dimension and their applications. learn about the concept of basis and dimension of a vector space. define Linear Transformations and compute the domain, range, kernel, rank, and nullity of a linear transformation. compute the inverse of an invertible matrix.
	6. solve the system of linear equations.
	7. Apply linear algebra concepts to model, solve, and analyze real-world
	problems.
Assessment Method	Quiz /Assignment/ MSE / ESE
Suggested Readings:	 Textbooks: Thomas, G. B., Hass, J., Heil, C. and Weir M. D., "Thomas' Calculus", 14th Ed., Pearson Education, 2018 Kreyszig, E., "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", 10th Ed., Wiley India Pvt. Ltd, 2015
	 Reference Books: 1. Jain, R. K. and Iyenger, S. R. K., "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", 5th Ed., Narosa Publishing House, 2017 2. Axler, S., "Linear Algebra Done Right", 3rd Ed., Springer Nature, 2015 3. Strang, G., "Linear Algebra and Its Applications" 4th Ed., Cengage India Private Limited, 2005

Course Number	CS1101
Course Credit	3-0-3-4.5
Course Title	Foundations of Programming
Learning Mode	Offline
Learning Objectives	To understand the fundamental concepts of programming
	• To develop the basic problem-solving skills by designing algorithms and
	implementing them.
	• To learn about various data types, control statements, functions, arrays,
	pointers, and file handling.
	• To achieve proficiency in debugging and testing a C program
Course Description	This introductory course provides a solid foundation in programming
	principles and techniques. Designed for students with little to no prior
	programming experience, it covers fundamental concepts such as variables,
	data types, control structures, functions, and basic data structures. Students
	will learn to write, debug, and execute programs using a high-level
	programming language. Emphasis is placed on developing problem-solving
	skills, logical thinking, and the ability to write clear and efficient code. By
	the end of the course, students will be equipped with the essential skills
	needed to pursue more advanced studies in computer science and software
	development.
Course Outline	Introduction and Programming basics,
	Expressions Control and Iterative statements
	Functions Arrays
	Polytoins, Allays,
	Pointers
	2D-Array with pointers
	Structures
	String
	Dynamic memory allocation.
	File handling.
	Contemporary programming languages, and applications
	Practical component: Lab to be conducted on a 3-hour slot weekly. It will be
	conducted with the theory course so the topics for problems given in the lab
	are already initiated in the theory class.
I. C.	
Learning Outcome	Understanding of Basic Syntax and Structure in C language Deeficience in Deter Terrory Operatory and Control Structures
	• Proficiency in Data Types, Operators, and Control Structures
	Function implementation and learn to use ment appropriately Efficient Use of Arrays and Strings
	Denter Utilization
	 Ability to perform dynamic memory allocation and deallocation using
	malloc (), calloc (), realloc (), and free () functions.
	 Structured data management with structures and unions
	• Exposure of file Handling
	Learning debugging and error Handling
Assessment Method	Internal (Quiz/Assignment/Project), Mid-Term, End-Term
Suggested Readings:	• Knuth, Donald E. The art of computer programming, volume 4A:
	combinatorial algorithms, part 1. Pearson Education India, 2011.
	• P.J. Deitel and H.M. Deitel, C How To Program, Pearson Education
	(7th Edition)
	• Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, The C Programming
	Language, Prentice–Hall
	• A. Kelley and I. Pohl, A Book on C, Pearson Education (4th Edition)
	• K. N. King, C PROGRAMMING A Modern Approach, W. W. Norton
	& Company

Course Number	PH1101/PH1201
Course Credit	3-1-3-5.5
Course Title	Physics
Learning Mode	Lectures and Tutorials
Learning Objectives	Complies with Program Goals 1 and 2
Course Description	This course deals with fundamentals in Classical mechanics, Waves and Oscillations and Quantum Mechanics. As a prerequisite, the mathematical preliminaries such as coordinate systems, vector calculus etc will be discussed in the beginning.
Course Outline	Orthogonal coordinate systems (Plane polar, Spherical, Cylindrical), concept of generalised coordinates, generalised velocity and phase space for a mechanical system, Introduction to vector operators, Gradient, divergence, curl and Laplacian in different co-ordinate systems. Central force problem and its applications. Rigid body rotation, vector nature of angular velocity, Finding the principal axes, Euler's equations; Gyroscopic motion and its application; Accelerated frame of reference, Fictitious forces.
	Potential energy and concept of equilibrium, Lennard-Jones and double- well potentials, Small oscillations, Harmonic oscillator, damped and forced oscillations, resonance and its different examples, oscillator states in phase space, coupled oscillations, normal modes, longitudinal and transverse waves, wave equation, plane waves, examples two- and three- dimensional waves.
	Michelson-Morley experiment, Lorentz transformation, Postulates of special theory of relativity, Time dilation and length contraction, Applications of special theory of relativity.
	List of Experiments
	Experiments in Broad Day light:
	Decay of Current in A Capacitive Circuit,
	Q-Factor of an LCR Circuit,
	Use of Hall probe for magnetic field measurement
	'g' by different pendulums
	Surface Tension of Water by Method of Capillary Ascent (Marangoni effect)
	Normal modes (double pendulum; two pendulums connected by light spring; spring mass system)
	Speed of Sound in Air (design of experiments)
	Experiments in Darkroom:

	Speed of Light in Glass,							
	Determination of e/m,							
	Interference of Light: Newton's Ring,							
	Determination of Planck's constant by Photoelectric Effect,							
	Diffraction of light using single slit, grating and a thin wire (design of experiments)							
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO 1a, 2a, 3a							
	The lab part of this course trains by practical laboratory sessions:							
	1. Skill development.							
	2. Students get know the basics of measurement by instrument, accuracy & precision of data, data analysis skill and error handling.							
	Students get to know how various laws of classical and quantum physics							
	plays important role in shaping and explaining various natural							
	phenomena.							
Assessment Method	Quiz, Assignments and Exams							
Suggested Readings:	Textbooks:							
	1. Engineering Mechanics, M. K. Harbola, 2 nd ed., Cengage, 2012							
	2. D. Kleppner and R. J. Kolenkow, An introduction to Mechanics, Tata							
	McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2000.							
	3. I. G. Main, Oscillations and Waves							
	4. H. G. Pain, The Physics of Vibrations and Waves, 1968							
	5. Frank S. Crawford, Berkeley Physics Course Vol 3: Waves and Oscillations,							
	McGlaw Hill, 1900.							
	1 R P Feynman R B Leighton and M Sands The Feynman Lecture in							
	Physics Vol I Narosa Publishing House New Delhi 2009							
	2. David Morin. Introduction to Classical Mechanics. Cambridge University							
	Press, NY, 2007.							
	3. P. C. Deshmukh, Foundations of Classical Mechanics, Cambridge							
	University Press, 2019							

Course code	CE1101/CE1201
Course Credit (L-T-P-C)	1-0-3-2.5
Course Title	Engineering Graphics
Learning Mode	Lectures and Practical
Learning Objectives	 Complies with PLO-1a 1. The course on engineering drawing is designed to introduce the fundamentals of technical drawing as an important form of conveying information. 2. Apply principles of engineering visualization and projection theory to prepare engineering drawings, using conventional and modern drawing tools. 3. Practice drawing orthographic projections, isometric views, and sectional views, of simple and combined solids in different orientations.
Course Description	This course will introduce drawing as a tool to represent a complex three- dimensional object on two-dimensional paper through methods of projections. The course explains the use of different drafting tools and the importance of conventions for uniformity and standardization of the interpretation of the drawings.
Course Outline	 Fundamental of engineering drawing, line types, dimensioning, and scales. Conic sections: ellipse, parabola, hyperbola; cycloidal curves. Principle of projection, method of projection, orthographic projection, plane of projection, first angle of projection, Projection of points, lines, planes and solids. Section of solids: Sectional views of simple solids- prism, pyramid, cylinder, cone, sphere; the true shape of the section. Methods of development, development of surfaces. Isometric projections: construction of isometric view of solids and combination of solids from orthographic projections. Introduction to AutoCad and solving isometric problems. After attending this course, the following outcomes are expected:
	 a) The student will understand the basic concepts of engineering drawing. b) The student will be able to use basic drafting tools, drawing instruments, and sheets. c) The student will be able to represent three-dimensional simple and combined solid objects on two-dimensional paper. d) The student will be able to visualize and interpret the orientation of simple and combine solid objects.
Assessment Method	Laboratory Assignments (30%), Mid-semester examination (25%) and End- semester examination (45%).
Suggested Readings:	 Textbooks: 1. N.D. Bhatt, Engineering Drawing, Charotar Publishing House. 2. Agrawal & Agrawal, Engineering Drawing, McGraw Hill. 3. Jolhe, Engineering Drawing. References: Engineering Drawing and Design by David Madsen

Course Number	EE1101/EE1201							
Course Credit	3-0-3-4.5							
Course Title	Electrical Sciences							
Learning Mode	Lectures and Experiments							
Learning Objectives	Complies with Program goals 1, 2 and 3							
Course Description	The course is designed to meet the requirements of all B. Tech programmes.							
1	The course aims at giving an overview of the entire electrical engineering							
	domain from the concepts of circuits, devices, digital systems and magnetic							
	circuits.							
Course Outline	Circuit Analysis Techniques, Circuit elements, Simple RL and RC Circuits, Kirchoff's law, Nodal Analysis, Mesh Analysis, Linearity and Superposition, Source Transformations, Theorem's and Norton's Theorems, Time Domain							
	Response of RC, RL and RLC circuits, Sinusoidal Forcing Function, Phasor							
	Relationship for R, L and C, Impedance and Admittance, Instantaneous power, Real, reactive power and power factor.							
	Semiconductor Diode, Zener Diode, Rectifier Circuits, Clipper, Clamper, UJT,							
	Bipolar Junction Transistors, MOSFET, Transistor Biasing, Transistor Small							
	On-amp Equivalent Circuit Practical On-amp Circuits Power Onamp DC							
	Offset, Constant Gain Multiplier, Voltage Summing, Voltage Buffer,							
	Controlled Sources, Instrumentation Amplifier, Active Filters and Oscillators.							
	Number Systems, Logic Gates, Boolean Theorem, Algebraic Simplification, K-							
	map, Combinatorial Circuits, Encoder, Decoder, Combinatorial Circuit Design,							
	Introduction to Sequential Circuits.							
	Circuit and Performance Analysis of Three-Phase Circuits Power							
	Circuit and Performance, Analysis of Three-Phase Circuits, Power measurement in three phase system Electromechanical Energy Conversion							
	Introduction to Rotating Machines (DC and AC Machines).							
	Laboratory:							
	Experiments to verify Circuit Theorems; Experiments using diodes and bipolar							
	junction transistor (BJT): design and analysis of half -wave and full-wave							
	regulators BIT characteristics (CE CB and CC) and BIT amplifiers:							
	Experiment on MOSFET characteristics (CS, CG, and CD), parameter							
	extraction and amplifier; Experiments using operational amplifiers (op-amps):							
	summing amplifier, comparator, precision rectifier, Astable and Monostable							
	Multivibrators and oscillators; Experiments using logic gates: combinational							
	circuits such as staircase switch, majority detector, equality detector,							
	such as non-overlapping pulse generator, ripple counter, synchronous counter							
	pulse counter and numerical display: Power Measurement by two Wattmeter							
	method; Open and Short Circuit Tests of Transformer.							
Learning Outcomes	Complies with PLO 1a, 2a and 3a							
Assessment Method	Quiz, Assignments and Exams							
Suggested Readings:	Texts/References							
	1. C. K. Alexander, M. N. O. Sadiku, Fundamentals of Electric Circuits,							
	3rd Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2008.							
	2. W. H. Hayt and J. E. Kemmerly, Engineering Circuit Analysis,							
	McGraw-Hill, 1993.							
	3. R. L. Boylestad and L. Nashelsky, Electronic Devices and Circuit							
	Theory, 6th Edition, PHI, 2001.							
	4. M. M. Mano, M. D. Ciletti, Digital Design, 4th Edition, Pearson Education, 2008.							
	5. Floyd, Jain, Digital Fundamentals, 8th Edition, Pearson.							

6. David V. Kerns, Jr. J. David Irwin, Essentials of Electrical and
Computer Engineering, Pearson, 2004.
7. Donald A Neamen, Electronic Circuits; analysis and Design, 3rd
Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited.
8. Adel S. Sedra, Kenneth C. Smith, Microelectronic Circuits, 5th
Edition, Oxford University Press, 2004.
9. A. E. Fitzgerald, C. Kingsley Jr., S. D. Umans, Electric Machinery,
6th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2003.
10. D. P. Kothari, I. J. Nagrath, Electric Machines, 3rd Edition, McGraw-
Hill, 2004.
11. Del Toro, Vincent. "Principles of electrical engineering." (No Title)
(1972).

Course Number	HS1101
Course Credit	L-T-P-W: 2-0-1-2.5
Course Title	English for Professionals
Learning Mode	Offline
Learning Objectives	This course aims to help the students (a) attain proficiency in written English through the construction of grammatically correct sentences, utilization of subject-verb agreement principles, mastery of various tenses, and effective deployment of active and passive voice to ensure coherent and impactful written expression; (b) enhance oral communication skills by honing public speaking abilities, acquiring strategies to deliver persuasive presentations, and cultivating a polished telephone etiquette, enabling confident and articulate verbal communication; (c) foster active listening capabilities by recognizing different types of listening, and applying proven methods and strategies to improve active listening skills; (d) strengthen reading skills, including comprehension, interpretation, and critical analysis, to grasp diverse written materials and derive meaning from various types of texts encountered in academic and professional contexts; (e) develop adeptness in written communication for business purposes, encompassing the understanding of essential writing elements, mastery of appropriate writing styles thereby enhancing prospects for successful job interviews and subsequent professional endeavors.
Course Description	This academic course on communication skills aims to equip students with fluency in spoken and written English for effective expression in both academic and professional settings. By focusing on essential communication principles and providing practical experiences, students develop clarity, precision, and confidence in their communication. Through interactive discussions and exercises, students enhance critical thinking and adaptability in diverse contexts. Upon completion, students will excel in formal presentations, group discussions,
	and persuasive writing, enhancing their overall communication proficiency.
Course Outline	Unit I: Introduction to professional communication – LSRW - Phonetics and phonology
	Sounds in English Language – production and articulation – rhythm and intonation – connected speech - Basic Grammar and Advanced Vocabulary Sounds in English Language – production and articulation – rhythm and intonation – connected speech – persuading and negotiating – brevity and clarity in language. Unit II: Characteristics of Technical Communication: Types of communication and forms of communication - Formal and informal communication Verbal and non- Verbal Communication – Communication barriers and remedies Intercultural communication – neutral language Unit III: Comprehension and Composition – summarization, precis writing Business Letter Writing CV/ Resume – E-Communication Unit IV: Statement of Purpose, Writing Project Reports, Writing research proposal, writing abstracts, developing presentations, interviews – combating nervousness Tutorial: Listening Exercises, Speaking Practice (GDs, and Presentations), and Writing Practice
	 Attain proficiency in written English, enabling the construction of grammatically correct sentences and coherent written expression through the use of appropriate grammar, tenses, and voice. Enhance oral communication skills, including public speaking, persuasive presentation, and polished telephone etiquette, fostering confident and articulate verbal expression. Cultivate active listening abilities, recognizing different listening types, overcoming obstacles, and employing strategies for attentive and effective communication.

	• Develop proficient written communication skills for business purposes, demonstrating understanding of essential writing elements, appropriate styles, and the creation of reports, notices, agendas, and minutes that effectively convey information.					
Assessment Method	Class test + Quiz = 20%; Mid-semester = 25%; Assignment = 15%; End semester = 40%					
Suggested Readings:	 Balzotti, Jon. Technical Communication: A Design-Centric Approach. Routledge, 2022. Kaul, Asha, Business Communication. PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd. 2009 Laplante, Phillip A. Technical Writing: A Practical Guide for Engineers, Scientists, and Nontechnical Professionals. CRC Press, 2018. Lawson, Celeste, et al. Communication Skills for Business Professionals, Second Edition. CUP, 2019. Sharon Gerson and Steven Gerson. Technical Writing: Process and Product (8th Edition), London: Longman, 2013 Rentz, Kathryn, Marie E. Flatley & Paula Lentz. Lesikar's Business Communication Connecting in a Digital world, McGraw-Hill, Irwin.2012 Allan & Barbara Pease. The Definitive Book of Body Language, New York, Bantam,2004 Jones, Daniel. The Pronunciation of English, New Delhi, Universal Book Stall.2010 Savage, Alice. Effective Academic Writing. OUP. 2014 Swan and Alter. Oxford English grammar course. OUP. 201 					

Sl. No.	Subject Code	SEMESTER II	L	Т	Р	С
1.	MA1201	Probability Theory and Ordinary Differential Equations	3	1	0	4
2.	CS1201	Data Structure	3	0	3	4.5
3.	CH1201/CH1101	Chemistry	3	1	3	5.5
4.	ME1201/ME1101	Mechanical Fabrication	0	0	3	1.5
5.	ME1202/ME1102	Engineering Mechanics	3	1	0	4
6.	IK1201	Indian Knowledge System (IKS)	3	0	0	3
	TOTAL 15 3 9 22.5					

Course Number	MA1201						
Course Credit (L-T-P-C)	3-1-0-4						
Course Title	Probability Theory and Ordinary Differential Equations						
Learning Mode	Lectures and Tutorials						
Learning Objectives	To introduce the basic concepts of probability, statistics, and Differential						
	equations.						
Course Description	This course aims to cover basic concepts of probability, statistics and						
-	ordinary differential equations. In particular, popular distributions,						
	random sampling, various estimators and hypothesis testing will be						
	discussed. Students will also get exposure to the linear ordinary						
	differential equations and their solution techniques.						
Course Content	Probability (12 Lectures): Random variables and their probability						
	distributions. Cumulative distribution functions. Expectation and						
	Variance, probability inequalities, Binomial, Poisson, Geometric,						
	negative binomial distributions. Uniform, Exponential, beta, Gamma,						
	Normal and lognormal distributions.						
	Statistics (10 Lectures): Random sampling, sampling distributions,						
	Parameter estimation. Point estimation, unbiased estimators, maximum						
	likelihood estimation. Confidence intervals for normal mean. Simple and						
	composite hypothesis. Type I and Type II errors. Hypothesis						
	testing for normal mean.						
	Ordinary Differential Equations (20 Lectures): First order ordinary						
	differential equations, exactness and integrating factors. Picard's						
	iteration, Ordinary linear differential equations of n-th order, solutions of						
	homogeneous and non-homogeneous equations (Method of variation of						
	parameters). Systems of ordinary differential equations.						
	Power series methods for solutions of ordinary differential equations.						
	Legendre equation and Legendre polynomials. Bessel equation and						
	Bessel functions.						
Learning Outcome	Students will get exposure and understanding of:						
	1 Random variables and their probability distributions						
	2. Understand popular distributions and their properties						
	3 Sampling estimation and hypothesis testing						
	4. Solution of ordinary differential equations						
	 Solution of ordinary differential equations Solution of system of ordinary differential equations 						
	6 Special functions arising as power series solutions of ordinary						
	differential equations						
Assessment Method	Ouiz /Assignment/ MSE / ESE						
Suggested Readings:	Text Books:						
Suggester Renaings	1. Hogg, R. V., Mckean, J. and Craig, A. T., "Introduction to						
	Mathematical Statistics", 8th Ed., Pearson Education India, 2021						
	2. S.M. Ross "An introduction to Probability Models. Academic Press						
	INC. 11th edition.						
	3 Miller I and Miller M "John F. Freund's Mathematical Statistics						
	1.3. Miller, I. and Miller, M., "John E. Freund's Mathematical Statistics						
1	3. Miller, I. and Miller, M., "John E. Freund's Mathematical Statistics with Applications" 8th Ed. Pearson Education India 2013						
	 Miller, I. and Miller, M., "John E. Freund's Mathematical Statistics with Applications", 8th Ed., Pearson Education India, 2013 S. L. Ross, Differential equations, 3rd Edition, Wiley, 1984 						
	 Miller, I. and Miller, M., "John E. Freund's Mathematical Statistics with Applications", 8th Ed., Pearson Education India, 2013 S. L. Ross, Differential equations, 3rd Edition, Wiley, 1984 W. E. Boyce and R. C. Di Prima Elementary Differential equations 						

Course Number	CS1201						
Course Credit	3-0-3-4.5						
Course Title	Data Structure						
Learning Mode	Offline						
Learning Objectives	• Understand the principles and concepts of data structures and their						
	importance in computer science.						
	• Learn to implement various data structures and understand how						
	different algorithms works.						
	• Develop problem-solving skills by applying appropriate data						
	structures to different computational problems.						
	Achieving proficiency in designing efficient algorithms.						
Course Description	This course provides a comprehensive study of data structures and their						
	applications in computer science. It focuses on the implementation,						
	analysis, and use of various data structures such as arrays, linked lists,						
	stacks, queues, trees, and graphs. Through theoretical concepts and						
	practical programming exercises, this course aims to develop problem-						
	solving and algorithmic thinking skills essential for advanced topics in						
	computer science and software development.						
Course Outline	Introduction to Data Structure, Time and anone negative matrix. A summation potention of the second secon						
	• Time and space requirements, Asymptotic notations						
	Abstraction and Abstract data types						
	 Unfolding the recursion 						
	Tree Binery Tree traversel						
	Search and Sorting						
	 Graph traversal MST Shortest distance 						
	 Balanced Tree 						
	Practical component : Lab to be conducted on a 3-hour slot weekly. It will						
	be conducted with the theory course so the topics for problems given in the						
	lab are already initiated in the theory class.						
Learning Outcome	Understand Data Structure Fundamentals						
C	• Implement Basic Data Structures using a programming language						
	Analyse and Apply Algorithms						
	Design and Analyse Tree Structures						
	• Understand the usage of graph and its related algorithms						
	Design and Implement Sorting and Searching Algorithms						
	Debug and Optimize Code						
Assessment Method	Internal (Quiz/Assignment/Project), Mid-Term, End-Term						
Suggested Readings:	• Alfred V. Aho, John E. Hopcroft, Jeffrey D. Ullman, Data Structures						
	and Algorithms, Published by Addison-Wesley						
	• Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest and						
	Clifford Stein., Introduction to Algorithms,						
	• Mark Allen Weiss, Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in Java						
	Robert Sedgewick and Kevin Wayne, Algorithms						
	Narasimha Karumanchi, Data Structures and Algorithms Made Easy						

Course Number	CH1201/CH1101						
Course Credit	3-1-3-5.5						
Course Title	Chemistry						
Learning Mode	Offline						
Learning Objectives	The course aims to lay a foundation for all three branches of chemistry, viz.						
	Organic, Inorganic, and Physical Chemistry. The course aims to nurture						
	knowledge to appreciate the interface of chemistry with other science and						
	Engineering branches by combining theoretical concepts and experimental						
	studies.						
Course Description	This course introduces basic organic chemistry, inorganic chemistry and						
	Physical chemistry to understand fundamental laws that governs various						
	reactions, reaction rates, equilibrium, and their applications in daily life						
	through relevant experimentation.						
Course Outline	Module 1: Thermodynamics: The fundamental definition and concept, the						
	zeroth and first law. Work, heat, energy and enthalpies. Second law: entropy,						
	free energy and chemical potential. Change of Phase. Third law. Chemical						
	equilibrium. Conductance of solutions, Kohlrausch's law-ionic mobilities,						
	Basic Electrochemistry.						
	Module 2: Coordination chemistry: Crystal field theory and consequences						
	color, magnetism, J.T distortion. Bioinorganic chemistry: Trace elements in						
	biology, heme and non-heme oxygen carriers, haemoglobin and myoglobin;						
	Organometallic chemistry.						
	Module 3: Stereo and regio-chemistry of organic compounds, conformational						
	analysis and conformers, Molecules devoid of point chirality (allenes and						
	biphenyls); Significance of chirality in living systems, organic						
	photochemistry, Modern techniques in structural elucidation of compounds						
	(UV–Vis, IR, NMR).						
	Module 4 (Lab Component): Experiments based on redox and						
	complexometric titrations; synthesis and characterization of inorganic						
	complexes and nanomaterials; synthesis and characterization of organic						
	compounds; experiments based on chromatography; experiments based on pH						
	and conductivity measurement; experiment related to chemical kinetics and						
	spectroscopy.						
Learning Outcome	Students will be able to						
	1. identify organic and inorganic molecules and relate them to daily life						
	applications through experiments.						
	2. understand important hypothesis, laws and their derivations to intercept						
	physical phenomenon of chemical reactions and apply them in hands-on						
	experiments.						
	3. understand the importance of organic and inorganic molecules in our body						
	and environment.						
	4. Know important analytical techniques to intercept chemical entity.						
	5. approach organic and morganic synthesis as a skillset for drug						
	tools to sharecterize organic compounds, interpret and accertain date related to						
	Dhysical chemistry aspects and know laboratory safety measures, rick factors						
	and scientific report writing skills						
Assessment Method	Theory: 20% Ouiz and assignment 30% Mid sem and 50% End semester						
Assessment Method	exams for theory part (A credits)						
	I ab: 60% lab report lab performance and assignment 20% End semester						
	exam for practical part 20% viva/quiz (1.5 credits)						
	Overall Weightage: Theory (70%) I sh (30%)						
Suggested Readings	Text hooks.						
Buggesten Keaulings.	1 Vogel's Qualitative Inorganic Analysis G Svehla 7 th Edition						
	Revised Prentice Hall 1006						
	2 A I Flias S S Mancharan and H Rai "Experiments in General						
	Chemistry" Universities Press (India) Pvt I td 1997						

3.	A. J. Elias, A Collection of Interesting General Chemistry
	Experiments, revised edition, Universities Press (India) Pvt. Ltd.,
	2007.
4.	F. Albert Cotton, G. Wilkinson, C. A. Murillo, M. Bochmann,
	Advanced Inorganic Chemistry - 6 th Edition New Delhi: Wiley India,
	2008.
5.	K. Mukkanti, Practical Engineering Chemistry, B.S. Publications,
	Hyderabad, 2009.
6.	Shriver and Atkins inorganic chemistry / Peter Atkins, Tina Overton,
	Jonathan Rourke, Mark Weller, Fraser Armstrong-5th Edition -
	Oxford: UOP. 2012.
7.	Atkins' Physical Chemistry, Peter Atkins, Julio de Paula, James
	Keeler, Oxford University Press, 11th Edition 2017.
8.	K. L. Kapoor, A Textbook of Physical Chemistry, Vol: 1, 2 (6th
	Edition, 2019), Vol: 3 (5th Edition, 2020) MaGraw Hill.
9.	G. R. Chatwal, S. K. Anand, Instrumental Methods of Chemical
	Analysis, 5 th Edition, Himalaya Publications, 2023.

	PLO-1	PLO-2	PLO-3	PLO-4	PLO-5	PLO-6	PLO-7	PLO-8
CLO-1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
CLO-2	X	Х		Х	Х			
CLO-3	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х	Х	
CLO-4	Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
CLO-5			Х	Х	Х			Х

Course Credit 0-0-3-1.5 Course Title Mechanical Fabrication Learning Mode Fabrication work – hands on fabrication work in Workshop Learning Objectives Complies with PLOs 3-4. • This course aims to develop the concepts and skills of various mechanical fabrication methods. • Fabrication of metallic and non-metallic components, fabrication using bulk and sheet metals, subtractive and additive manufacturing methods, and assemble the parts Course Description This course is designed to fulfil the need of hand on experience about various approaches (conventional and CNC, subtractive and additive) of mechanical fabrication approaches. Prerequisite: NIL The jobs for various shops should be planned such that they are the parts of an assembled item. The student groups will fabricate different parts in various shops which will involve some amount of their creativeness/input particularly in design and/or planning. Various components as required for the assembled part can be made using the following shops: Sheet Metal Working: Development, sheet cutting and fabrication of designated job using sheet metal (ferrous/nonferrous); Joining of required portins by soldering, in case part is desired to be made leak proof. Pattern Making and Foundry: Making of suitable pattern (wood); making of sand mould, melting of nonferrous metal/alloy (AI or AI alloys), pouring, solification. Observation/identification of various defects appeared on the component. Joining:	Course Number	ME1201/ME1101
Course Title Mechanical Fabrication Learning Mode Fabrication work – hands on fabrication work in Workshop Learning Objectives Compiles with PLOs 3-4. • This course aims to develop the concepts and skills of various mechanical fabrication methods. • Fabrication of metallic and non-metallic components, fabrication using bulk and sheet metals, subtractive and additive maurfacturing methods, and assemble the parts Course Description This course is designed to fulfil the need of hand on experience about various approaches (course in opproaches). Prerequisite: NIL The jobs for various shops should be planned such that they are the parts of an assembled item. The student groups will fabricate different parts in various shops which will involve some amount of their creativeness/input particularly in design and/or planning. Various components as required for the assembled part can be made using the following shops: Sheet Metal Working: Development, sheet curting and fabrication of designated job using sheet metal (ferous/nofferous); Joining of required portions by soldering, in case part is desired to be made leak proof. Pattern Making and Foundry: Making of suitable pattern (wood); making of sand mould, melting of nonferous metal/alloy (AI or AI alloys), pouring, solidification. Observation/identification of various defects appeared on the component. Joining: Butt'Iap/corner joint job fabrication as required of low carbon steel plates; weld quality inspection by dy-penetratio	Course Credit	0-0-3-1.5
Learning Mode Fabrication work – hands on fabrication work in Workshop Learning Objectives Complies with PLOs 3-4. • This course aims to develop the concepts and skills of various mechanical fabrication methods. • Fabrication of metallic and non-metallic components, fabrication using bulk and sheet metals, subtractive and additive manufacturing methods, and assemble the parts Course Description This course is designed to fulfil the need of hand on experience about various approaches (conventional and CNC, subtractive and additive) of mechanical fabrication approaches. Prerequisite: NIL Course Outline The jobs for various shops should be planned such that they are the parts of an assembled item. The student groups will fabricate different parts in various shops which will involve some amount of their creativeness/input particularly in design and/or planning. Various components as required for the assembled part can be made using the following shops: Sheet Metal Working: Development, sheet cutting and fabrication of designated job using sheet metal (ferrous/nonferrous); Joining of required portions by soldering, in case part is desired to be made leak proof. Pattern Making and Foundry: Making of suitable pattern (wood); making of sand mould, melting of nonferrous metal/alloy (Al or Al alloys), pouring, solidification. Observation/dentification as required of low carbon steel plates; weld quality inspection by dye-penetration test (non-destructive testing approach)of the component should cover various lathe operations like straight turning, facing, thread c	Course Title	Mechanical Fabrication
Learning Objectives Complies with PLOs 3-4. • This course aims to develop the concepts and skills of various mechanical fabrication methods. • Fabrication of metallic and non-metallic components, fabrication using bulk and sheet metals, subtractive and additive manufacturing methods, and assemble the parts Course Description This course is designed to fulfil the need of hand on experience about various approaches. Conventional and CNC, subtractive and additive) of mechanical fabrication approaches. Prerequisite: NIL Course Outline The jobs for various shops should be planned such that they are the parts of an assembled item. The student groups will fabricate different parts in various shops which will involve some amount of their creativeness/input particularly in design and/or planning. Various components as required for the assembled part can be made using the following shops: Sheet Metal Working: Development, sheet cutting and fabrication of designated job using sheet metal (terous/nofferrous); Joining of required portions by soldering, in case part is desired to be made leak proof. Pattern Making and Foundry: Making of suitable pattern (wood); making of sand mould, melting of nonferrous metal/alloy (AI or AI alloys), pouring, solidification. Observation/dentification of various defects appeared on the component. Joining: Butt/lap/corner joint job fabrication as required of low carbon steel plates; weld quality inspection by dye-penetration test (non-destructive testing approach) of the component made. Demonstration of semi-automatic Gas Metal Arc welding (GMAW). Conventional machining	Learning Mode	Fabrication work – hands on fabrication work in Workshop
 This course aims to develop the concepts and skills of various mechanical fabrication methods. Fabrication of metallic and non-metallic components, fabrication using bulk and sheet metals, subtractive and additive manufacturing methods, and assemble the parts Course Description This course is designed to fulfil the need of hand on experience about various approaches (conventional and CNC, subtractive and additive) of mechanical fabrication approaches. Prerequisite: NIL Course Outline The jobs for various shops should be planned such that they are the parts of an assembled item. The student groups will fabricate different parts in various shops which will involve some amount of their creativeness/input particularly in design and/or planning. Various components as required for the assembled part can be made using the following shops: Sheet Metal Working: Development, sheet cutting and fabrication of designated job using sheet metal (ferrous/nonferrous); Joining of required portions by soldering, in case part is desired to be made leak proof. Pattern Making and Foundry: Making of suitable pattern (wood); making of sand mould, melting of nonferrous metal/alloy (Al or Al alloys), pouring, solidification. Observation/identification of various defects appeared on the component. Joining: Butt/lap/corner joint job fabrication as required of low carbon steel plates; weld quality inspection by dye-penetration of semi-automatic Gas Metal Arc welding (GMAW). Conventional machining: Operations on lathe and vertical milling to fabricate the required component. The fabrication of the component should cover various lathe operations using indexing mechanism on vertical milling. CNC centre: Fundamentals of CNC programming using G and M code; setting and operations of job using CNC lather or milling. tool reference, work refer	Learning Objectives	Complies with PLOs 3-4.
fabrication methods. • Fabrication of metallic and non-metallic components, fabrication using bulk and sheet metals, subtractive and additive manufacturing methods, and assemble the parts Course Description This course is designed to fulfil the need of hand on experience about various approaches (conventional and CNC, subtractive and additive) of mechanical fabrication approaches. Prerequisite: NIL Course Outline The jobs for various shops should be planned such that they are the parts of an assembled item. The student groups will fabricate different parts in various shops which will involve some amount of their creativeness/input particularly in design and/or planning. Various components as required for the assembled part can be made using the following shops: Sheet Metal Working: Development, sheet cutting and fabrication of designated job using sheet metal (ferous/nonferrous); Joining of required portions by soldering, in case part is desired to be made leak proof. Pattern Making and Foundry: Making of suitable pattern (wood); making of sand mould, melting of nonferrous metal/alloy (Al or Al alloys), pouring, solidification. Observation/identification of various defects appeared on the component. Joining: Butt/lap/corner joint job fabrication as required of low carbon steel plates; weld quality inspection by dye-penetration test (non-setaructive testing approach) of the component should cover various lathe operations like straight turning, facing, thread cutting, parting off etc., and operations using indexing mechanism on vertical milling. tool reference, work reference, tool offset, tool radius compensation to fabricate the component with a designed profile on Al/Al-alloy plate. By p		• This course aims to develop the concepts and skills of various mechanical
 Fabrication of metallic and non-metallic components, fabrication using bulk and sheet metals, subtractive and additive manufacturing methods, and assemble the parts Course Description This course is designed to fulfil the need of hand on experience about various approaches (conventional and CNC, subtractive and additive) of mechanical fabrication approaches. Prerequisite: NIL Course Outline The jobs for various shops should be planned such that they are the parts of an assembled item. The student groups will fabricate different parts in various shops which will involve some amount of their creativeness/input particularly in design and/or planning. Various components as required for the assembled part can be made using the following shops: Sheet Metal Working: Development, sheet cutting and fabrication of designated job using sheet metal (ferrous/nonferrous); Joining of required portions by soldering, in case part is desired to be made leak proof. Pattern Making and Foundry: Making of suitable pattern (wood); making of sand mould, melting of nonferrous metal/alloy (Al or Al alloys), pouring, solidification. Observation/identification of various defects appeared on the component. Joining: Butt/lap/corner joint job fabrication as required of low carbon steel plates; weld quality inspection by dy-epenetration test (non-destructive testing approach) of the component made. Demonstration of semi-automatic Gas Metal Arc welding (GMAW). Conventional machining: Operations on lathe and vertical milling to fabricate the required component. The fabrication of the component should cover various lathe operations like straight turning, facing, thread cutting, parting off etc., and operations using indexing mechanism on vertical milling. CNC centre: Fundamentals of CNC programming using G and M code; setting and operations of job using CNC lathe or		fabrication methods.
bulk and sheet metals, subtractive and additive manufacturing methods, and assemble the parts Course Description This course is designed to fulfil the need of hand on experience about various approaches (conventional and CNC, subtractive and additive) of mechanical fabrication approaches. Prerequisite: NIL Course Outline The jobs for various shops should be planned such that they are the parts of an assembled item. The student groups will fabricate different parts in various shops which will involve some amount of their creativeness/input particularly in design and/or planning. Various components as required for the assembled part can be made using the following shops: Sheet Metal Working: Development, sheet cutting and fabrication of designated job using sheet metal (ferrous/nonferrous); Joining of required portions by soldering, in case part is desired to be made leak proof. Pattern Making and Foundry: Making of suitable pattern (wood); making of sand mould, melting of non- ferrous metal/alloy (AI or AI alloys), pouring, solidification. Observation/identification of various defects appeared on the component. Joining: Butt/lap/corner joint job fabrication as required of low carbon steel plates; weld quality inspection by dye-penetration test (non-destructive testing approach)of the component made. Demonstration of semi-automatic Gas Metal Arc welding (GMAW). Conventional machining: Operations on lathe and vertical milling to fabricate the required component. The fabrication of the component should cover various lathe operations like straight turning, facing, thread cutting, parting off etc., and operations using indexing mechanism on vertical milling. CNC centre: Fundamentals of CNC programming using G and M code; setting and operations of job using CNC lathe or milling, tool reference, work reference, tool offset, tool radius compensation to fabricate the component with a designed p		• Fabrication of metallic and non-metallic components, fabrication using
and assemble the parts Course Description This course is designed to fulfil the need of hand on experience about various approaches (conventional and CNC, subtractive and additive) of mechanical fabrication approaches. Prerequisite: NIL Course Outline The jobs for various shops should be planned such that they are the parts of an assembled item. The student groups will fabricate different parts in various shops which will involve some amount of their creativeness/input particularly in design and/or planning. Various components as required for the assembled part can be made using the following shops: Sheet Metal Working: Development, sheet cutting and fabrication of designated job using sheet metal (ferrous/nonferrous); Joining of required portions by soldering, in case part is desired to be made leak proof. Pattern Making and Foundry: Making of suitable pattern (wood); making of sand mould, melting of nonferrous metal/alloy (AI or AI alloys), pouring, solidification. Observation/identification of various defects appeared on the component. Joining: Butt/lap/corner joint job fabrication as required of low carbon steel plates; weld quality inspection by dye-penetration test (non-destructive testing approach)of the component made. Demonstration of semi-automatic Gas Metal Arc welding (GMAW). Conventional machining: Operations on lathe and vertical milling to fabricate the required component. The fabrication of the component should cover various lathe operations using indexing mechanism on vertical milling. CNC centre: Fundamentals of CNC programming using G and M code; setting and operations of job using CNC lathe or milling, tool reference, work reference, tool offset, tool radius compensation to fabricate the component with a designed profile on Al/Al-alloy plate. 3D printing (Fused Filament Fabrication): (2 weeks) Create the model, select appropriate slicing and path f		bulk and sheet metals, subtractive and additive manufacturing methods,
Course Description This course is designed to fulfil the need of hand on experience about various approaches (conventional and CNC, subtractive and additive) of mechanical fabrication approaches. Prerequisite: NIL Course Outline The jobs for various shops should be planned such that they are the parts of an assembled item. The student groups will fabricate different parts in various shops which will involve some amount of their creativeness/input particularly in design and/or planning. Various components as required for the assembled part can be made using the following shops: Sheet Metal Working: Development, sheet cutting and fabrication of designated job using sheet metal (ferrous/nofferrous); Joining of required portions by soldering, in case part is desired to be made leak proof. Pattern Making and Foundry: Making of suitable pattern (wood); making of sand mould, melting of non- ferrous metal/alloy (AI or AI alloys), pouring, solidification. Observation/identification of various defects appeared on the component. Joining: Butt/lap/corner joint job fabrication as required of low carbon steel plates; weld quality inspection by dy-e-penetration test (non-destructive testing approach)of the component made. Demonstration of semi-automatic Gas Metal Arc welding (GMAW). Conventional machining: Operations on lathe and vertical milling to fabricate the required component. The fabrication of the component should cover various lathe operations like straight turning, facing, thread cutting, parting off etc., and operations using indexing mechanism on vertical milling. CNC centre: Fundamentals of CNC programming using G and M code; setting and operations of job using CNC lathe or milling, tool reference, work reference, tool offset, tool radius compensation to fabricate the component with a designed profile on Al/Al-alloy plate. 3D printing (Fused Filament Fabrication): (2 we		and assemble the parts
approaches (conventional and CNC, subtractive and additive) of mechanical fabrication approaches. Prerequisite: NIL Course Outline The jobs for various shops should be planned such that they are the parts of an assembled item. The student groups will fabricate different parts in various shops which will involve some amount of their creativeness/input particularly in design and/or planning. Various components as required for the assembled part can be made using the following shops: Sheet Metal Working: Development, sheet cutting and fabrication of designated job using sheet metal (ferrous/nonferrous); Joining of required portions by soldering, in case part is desired to be made leak proof. Pattern Making and Foundry: Making of suitable pattern (wood); making of sand mould, melting of nonferrous metal/alloy (AI or AI alloys), pouring, solidification. Observation/identification of various defects appeared on the component. Joining: Butt/Jap/corner joint job fabrication as required of low carbon steel plates; weld quality inspection by dye-penetration test (non-destructive testing approach)of the component made. Demonstration of semi-automatic Gas Metal Arc welding (GMAW). Conventional machining: Operations on lathe and vertical milling to fabricate the required component. The fabrication of the component should cover various lathe operations like straight turning, facing, thread cutting, parting off etc., and operations using indexing mechanism on vertical milling. CNC centre: Fundamentals of CNC programming using G and M code; setting and operations of job using CNC lathe or milling, tool reference, work	Course Description	This course is designed to fulfil the need of hand on experience about various
fabrication approaches. Prerequisite: NIL Course Outline The jobs for various shops should be planned such that they are the parts of an assembled item. The student groups will fabricate different parts in various shops which will involve some amount of their creativeness/input particularly in design and/or planning. Various components as required for the assembled part can be made using the following shops: Sheet Metal Working: Development, sheet cutting and fabrication of designated job using sheet metal (ferrous/nonferrous); Joining of required portions by soldering, in case part is desired to be made leak proof. Pattern Making and Foundry: Making of suitable pattern (wood); making of sand mould, melting of nonferrous metal/alloy (Al or Al alloys), pouring, solidification. Observation/identification of various defects appeared on the component. Joining: Butt/lap/corner joint job fabrication as required of low carbon steel plates; weld quality inspection by dye-penetration test (non-destructive testing approach)of the component made. Demonstration of semi-automatic Gas Metal Arc welding (GMAW). Conventional machining: Operations on lathe and vertical milling to fabricate the required component. The fabrication of the component should cover various lathe operations using indexing mechanism on vertical milling. Concentre: Fundamentals of CNC programming using G and M code; setting and operations of job using CNC lathe or milling, tool reference, work reference, tool offset, tool radius compensation to fabricate the component with a designed profile on Al/Al-alloy plate. 3D printing (Fused		approaches (conventional and CNC, subtractive and additive) of mechanical
Prerequisite: NIL Course Outline The jobs for various shops should be planned such that they are the parts of an assembled item. The student groups will fabricate different parts in various shops which will involve some amount of their creativeness/input particularly in design and/or planning. Various components as required for the assembled part can be made using the following shops: Sheet Metal Working: Development, sheet cutting and fabrication of designated job using sheet metal (ferrous/nonferrous); Joining of required portions by soldering, in case part is desired to be made leak proof. Pattern Making and Foundry: Making of suitable pattern (wood); making of sand mould, melting of non- ferrous metal/alloy (AI or AI alloys), pouring, solidification. Observation/identification of various defects appeared on the component. Joining: Butt/lap/corner joint job fabrication as required of low carbon steel plates; weld quality inspection by dye-penetration test (non-destructive testing approach)of the component made. Demonstration of semi-automatic Gas Metal Arc welding (GMAW). Conventional machining: Operations on lathe and vertical milling to fabricate the required component. The fabrication of the component should cover various lathe operations like straight turning, facing, thread cutting, parting off etc., and operations using indexing mechanism on vertical milling. CNC centre: Fundamentals of CNC programming using G and M code; setting and operations of job using CNC lathe or milling, tool reference, work reference, tool offset, tool radius compensation to fabricate the component with a designed profile on Al/Al-alloy plate. 3D printing (Fused Filament Fabrication): (2 weeks) Create the model, select appropriate slicing and path for fabrication of a 3D job by layer deposition (additive manufacuturing approach) using polymeric material. Demonstrat		fabrication approaches.
Course Outline The jobs for various shops should be planned such that they are the parts of an assembled item. The student groups will fabricate different parts in various shops which will involve some amount of their creativeness/input particularly in design and/or planning. Various components as required for the assembled part can be made using the following shops: Sheet Metal Working: Development, sheet cutting and fabrication of designated job using sheet metal (ferrous/nonferrous); Joining of required portions by soldering, in case part is desired to be made leak proof. Pattern Making and Foundry: Making of suitable pattern (wood); making of sand mould, melting of nonferrous metal/alloy (Al or Al alloys), pouring, solidification. Observation/identification of various defects appeared on the component. Joining: Butt/lap/corner joint job fabrication as required of low carbon steel plates; weld quality inspection by dye-penetration of semi-automatic Gas Metal Arc welding (GMAW). Conventional machining: Operations on lathe and vertical milling to fabricate the required component. The fabrication of the component should cover various lathe operations using indexing mechanism on vertical milling. CNC centre: Fundamentals of CNC programming using G and M code; setting and operations of job using CNC lathe or milling, tool reference, work reference, tool offset, tool radius compensation to fabricate the component with a designed profile on Al/Al-alloy plate. 3D printing (Fused Filament Fabrication): (2 weeks) Create the model, select appropriate slicing and path for fabrication of a 3D job by layer deposition (additive manufacturing approach) using polymeric mat		Prerequisite: NIL
an assembled item. The student groups will fabricate different parts in various shops which will involve some amount of their creativeness/input particularly in design and/or planning. Various components as required for the assembled part can be made using the following shops: Sheet Metal Working: Development, sheet cutting and fabrication of designated job using sheet metal (ferrous/nonferrous); Joining of required portions by soldering, in case part is desired to be made leak proof. Pattern Making and Foundry: Making of suitable pattern (wood); making of sand mould, melting of non- ferrous metal/alloy (Al or Al alloys), pouring, solidification. Observation/identification of various defects appeared on the component. Joining: Butt/lap/corner joint job fabrication as required of low carbon steel plates; weld quality inspection by dye-penetration test (non-destructive testing approach)of the component made. Demonstration of semi-automatic Gas Metal Arc welding (GMAW). Conventional machining: Operations on lathe and vertical milling to fabricate the required component. The fabrication of the component should cover various lathe operations like straight turning, facing, thread cutting, parting off etc., and operations like straight turning, facing, thread cutting, parting off etc., and operations using indexing mechanism on vertical milling. CNC centre: Fundamentals of CNC programming using G and M code; setting and operations of job using CNC lathe or milling, tool reference, work reference, tool offset, tool radius compensation to fabricate the component with a designed profile on Al/Al-alloy plate. 3D printing (Fused Filament Fabrication): (2 weeks) Create the model, select appropriate slicing and path for fabrication of a 3D job by layer deposition (additive manufacturing approach) using polymeric material. Demonstration on pattern fabrication using 3D printing.	Course Outline	The jobs for various shops should be planned such that they are the parts of
 shops which will involve some amount of their creativeness/input particularly in design and/or planning. Various components as required for the assembled part can be made using the following shops: Sheet Metal Working: Development, sheet cutting and fabrication of designated job using sheet metal (ferrous/nofferrous); Joining of required portions by soldering, in case part is desired to be made leak proof. Pattern Making and Foundry:		an assembled item. The student groups will fabricate different parts in various
In design and/or planning.Various components as required for the assembled part can be made using the following shops:Sheet Metal Working: Development, sheet cutting and fabrication of designated job using sheet metal (ferrous/nonferrous); Joining of required portions by soldering, in case part is desired to be made leak proof. Pattern Making and Foundry: Making of suitable pattern (wood); making of sand mould, melting of non- ferrous metal/alloy (Al or Al alloys), pouring, solidification. Observation/identification of various defects appeared on the component. Joining: Butt/lap/corner joint job fabrication as required of low carbon steel plates; weld quality inspection by dye-penetration test (non-destructive testing approach)of the component made. Demonstration of semi-automatic Gas Metal Arc welding (GMAW). Conventional machining: Operations on lathe and vertical milling to fabricate the required component. The fabrication of the component should cover various lathe operations like straight turning, facing, thread cutting, parting off etc., and operations using indexing mechanism on vertical milling. CNC centre: Fundamentals of CNC programming using G and M code; setting and operations of job using CNC lathe or milling, tool reference, work reference, tool offset, tool radius compensation to fabricate the component with a designed profile on Al/Al-alloy plate. 3D printing (Fused Filament Fabrication): (2 weeks) Create the model, select appropriate slicing and path for fabrication of a 3D job by layer deposition (additive manufacturing approach) using polymeric material. Demonstration on pattern fabrication using 3D printing.Learning Outcome• This course would enable the students to develop the concept of design.		shops which will involve some amount of their creativeness/input particularly
 Various components as required for the assembled part can be made using the following shops: Sheet Metal Working: Development, sheet cutting and fabrication of designated job using sheet metal (ferrous/nonferrous); Joining of required portions by soldering, in case part is desired to be made leak proof. Pattern Making and Foundry: Making of suitable pattern (wood); making of sand mould, melting of nonferrous metal/alloy (Al or Al alloys), pouring, solidification. Observation/identification of various defects appeared on the component. Joining: Butt/lap/corner joint job fabrication as required of low carbon steel plates; weld quality inspection by dye-penetration test (non-destructive testing approach)of the component made. Demonstration of semi-automatic Gas Metal Arc welding (GMAW). Conventional machining: Operations on lathe and vertical milling to fabricate the required component. The fabrication of the component should cover various lathe operations like straight turning, facing, thread cutting, parting off etc., and operations using indexing mechanism on vertical milling. CNC centre: Fundamentals of CNC programming using G and M code; setting and operations of job using CNC lathe or milling, tool reference, work reference, tool offset, tool radius compensation to fabricate the component with a designed profile on Al/Al-alloy plate. 3D printing (Fused Filament Fabrication): (2 weeks) Create the model, select appropriate slicing and path for fabrication of a 3D job by layer deposition (additive manufacturing approach) using polymeric material. Demonstration on pattern fabrication using 3D printing. 		in design and/or planning.
the following shops: Sheet Metal Working: Development, sheet cutting and fabrication of designated job using sheet metal (ferrous/nonferrous); Joining of required portions by soldering, in case part is desired to be made leak proof. Pattern Making and Foundry: Making of suitable pattern (wood); making of sand mould, melting of nonferrous metal/alloy (Al or Al alloys), pouring, solidification. Observation/identification of various defects appeared on the component. Joining: Butt/lap/corner joint job fabrication as required of low carbon steel plates; weld quality inspection by dye-penetration test (non-destructive testing approach)of the component made. Demonstration of semi-automatic Gas Metal Arc welding (GMAW). Conventional machining: Operations on lathe and vertical milling to fabricate the required component. The fabrication of the component should cover various lathe operations like straight turning, facing, thread cutting, parting off etc., and operations using indexing mechanism on vertical milling. CNC centre: Fundamentals of CNC programming using G and M code; setting and operations of job using CNC lathe or milling, tool reference, work reference, tool offset, tool radius compensation to fabricate the component with a designed profile on Al/AI-alloy plate. 3D printing (Fused Filament Fabrication): (2 weeks) Create the model, select appropriate slicing and path for fabrication of a 3D job by layer deposition (additive manufacturing approach) using polymeric material. Demonstration on pattern fabrication using 3D printing.		Various components as required for the assembled part can be made using
Sheet Metal Working: Development, sheet cutting and fabrication of designated job using sheet metal (ferrous/nonferrous); Joining of required portions by soldering, in case part is desired to be made leak proof.Pattern Making and Foundry: Making of suitable pattern (wood); making of sand mould, melting of non- ferrous metal/alloy (Al or Al alloys), pouring, solidification. Observation/identification of various defects appeared on the component. Joining: Butt/lap/corner joint job fabrication as required of low carbon steel plates; weld quality inspection by dye-penetration test (non-destructive testing approach)of the component made. Demonstration of semi-automatic Gas Metal Arc welding (GMAW). Conventional machining: Operations on lathe and vertical milling to fabricate the required component. The fabrication of the component should cover various lathe operations like straight turning, facing, thread cutting, parting off etc., and operations using indexing mechanism on vertical milling. CNC centre: Fundamentals of CNC programming using G and M code; setting and operations of job using CNC lathe or milling, tool reference, work reference, tool offset, tool radius compensation to fabricate the component with a designed profile on Al/Al-alloy plate.3D printing (Fused Filament Fabrication): (2 weeks) Create the model, select appropriate slicing and path for fabrication of a 3D job by layer deposition (additive manufacturing approach) using polymeric material. Demonstration on pattern fabrication using 3D printing.Learning Outcome• This course would enable the students to develop the concept of design.		the following shops:
Development, sheet cutting and fabrication of designated job using sheet metal (ferrous/nonferrous); Joining of required portions by soldering, in case part is desired to be made leak proof.Pattern Making and Foundry: Making of suitable pattern (wood); making of sand mould, melting of non- ferrous metal/alloy (Al or Al alloys), pouring, solidification. Observation/identification of various defects appeared on the component. Joining: Butt/lap/corner joint job fabrication as required of low carbon steel plates; weld quality inspection by dye-penetration test (non-destructive testing approach)of the component made. Demonstration of semi-automatic Gas Metal Arc welding (GMAW). Conventional machining: Operations on lathe and vertical milling to fabricate the required component. The fabrication of the component should cover various lathe operations like straight turning, facing, thread cutting, parting off etc., and operations using indexing mechanism on vertical milling. CNC centre: Fundamentals of CNC programming using G and M code; setting and operations of job using CNC lathe or milling, tool reference, work reference, tool offset, tool radius compensation to fabricate the component with a designed profile on Al/Al-alloy plate.3D printing (Fused Filament Fabrication): (2 weeks) Create the model, select appropriate slicing and path for fabrication of a 3D job by layer deposition (additive manufacturing approach) using polymeric material. Demonstration on pattern fabrication using 3D primeries material. Demonstration on pattern fabrication using 3D primeries		Sheet Metal Working:
Inertal (terrous/nonterrous); Joining of required portions by soldering, in case part is desired to be made leak proof.Pattern Making and Foundry: Making of suitable pattern (wood); making of sand mould, melting of non- ferrous metal/alloy (Al or Al alloys), pouring, solidification. Observation/identification of various defects appeared on the component. Joining: Butt/lap/corner joint job fabrication as required of low carbon steel plates; weld quality inspection by dye-penetration test (non-destructive testing approach)of the component made. Demonstration of semi-automatic Gas Metal Arc welding (GMAW). Conventional machining: Operations on lathe and vertical milling to fabricate the required component. The fabrication of the component should cover various lathe operations like straight turning, facing, thread cutting, parting off etc., and operations using indexing mechanism on vertical milling. CNC centre: Fundamentals of CNC programming using G and M code; setting and operations of job using CNC lathe or milling, tool reference, work reference, tool offset, tool radius compensation to fabricate the component with a designed profile on Al/Al-alloy plate. 3D printing (Fused Filament Fabrication): (2 weeks) Create the model, select appropriate slicing and path for fabrication of a 3D job by layer deposition (additive manufacturing approach) using polymeric material. Demonstration on pattern fabrication using 3D prime.Learning Outcome• This course would enable the students to develop the concept of design, fabrication (ubtraction, und additiva), for various empension		Development, sheet cutting and fabrication of designated job using sheet
Part is desired to be made leak proof.Pattern Making and Foundry:Making of suitable pattern (wood); making of sand mould, melting of non- ferrous metal/alloy (Al or Al alloys), pouring, solidification. Observation/identification of various defects appeared on the component. Joining: Butt/lap/corner joint job fabrication as required of low carbon steel plates; weld quality inspection by dye-penetration test (non-destructive testing approach)of the component made. Demonstration of semi-automatic Gas Metal Arc welding (GMAW). Conventional machining: Operations on lathe and vertical milling to fabricate the required component. The fabrication of the component should cover various lathe operations like straight turning, facing, thread cutting, parting off etc., and operations using indexing mechanism on vertical milling. CNC centre: Fundamentals of CNC programming using G and M code; setting and operations of job using CNC lathe or milling, tool reference, work reference, tool offset, tool radius compensation to fabricate the component with a designed profile on Al/Al-alloy plate.3D printing (Fused Filament Fabrication): (2 weeks) Create the model, select appropriate slicing and path for fabrication of a 3D job by layer deposition (additive manufacturing approach) using polymeric material. Demonstration on pattern fabrication using 3D printing.Learning Outcome• This course would enable the students to develop the concept of design, fabrication (additive manufacturing approach) using concept of design, fabrication (additive and additive) for various concept		metal (ferrous/nonferrous); Joining of required portions by soldering, in case
Pattern Waking and Fondery:Making of suitable pattern (wood); making of sand mould, melting of non- ferrous metal/alloy (Al or Al alloys), pouring, solidification. Observation/identification of various defects appeared on the component. Joining: Butt/lap/corner joint job fabrication as required of low carbon steel plates; weld quality inspection by dye-penetration test (non-destructive testing approach)of the component made. Demonstration of semi-automatic Gas Metal Arc welding (GMAW). Conventional machining: Operations on lathe and vertical milling to fabricate the required component. The fabrication of the component should cover various lathe operations like straight turning, facing, thread cutting, parting off etc., and operations using indexing mechanism on vertical milling. CNC centre: Fundamentals of CNC programming using G and M code; setting and operations of job using CNC lathe or milling, tool reference, work reference, tool offset, tool radius compensation to fabricate the component with a designed profile on Al/Al-alloy plate.3D printing (Fused Filament Fabrication): (2 weeks) Create the model, select appropriate slicing and path for fabrication of a 3D job by layer deposition (additive manufacturing approach) using polymeric material. Demonstration on pattern fabrication using 3D printing.Learning Outcome• This course would enable the students to develop the concept of design, fabrication (cubractive, and additive) for various conjection		Part is desired to be made leak proof.
Making of suitable patern (wood), making of said mould, mething of non- ferrous metal/alloy (Al or Al alloys), pouring, solidification. Observation/identification of various defects appeared on the component. Joining: Butt/lap/corner joint job fabrication as required of low carbon steel plates; weld quality inspection by dye-penetration test (non-destructive testing approach)of the component made. Demonstration of semi-automatic Gas Metal Arc welding (GMAW). Conventional machining: Operations on lathe and vertical milling to fabricate the required component. The fabrication of the component should cover various lathe operations like straight turning, facing, thread cutting, parting off etc., and operations using indexing mechanism on vertical milling. CNC centre: Fundamentals of CNC programming using G and M code; setting and operations of job using CNC lathe or milling, tool reference, work reference, tool offset, tool radius compensation to fabricate the component with a designed profile on Al/Al-alloy plate.3D printing (Fused Filament Fabrication): (2 weeks) Create the model, select appropriate slicing and path for fabrication of a 3D job by layer deposition (additive manufacturing approach) using polymeric material. Demonstration on pattern fabrication using 3D printing.Learning Outcome• This course would enable the students to develop the concept of design, fabrication (cubractive and additive) for various amicaccine to fabrication of a distribution) for various and additive)		Making of suitable pottern (wood): making of sand mould malting of non
Initial and y(All of All andys), pointing, solutification.Observation/identification of various defects appeared on the component.Joining:Butt/lap/corner joint job fabrication as required of low carbon steel plates;weld quality inspection by dye-penetration test (non-destructive testing approach)of the component made. Demonstration of semi-automatic Gas Metal Arc welding (GMAW).Conventional machining: Operations on lathe and vertical milling to fabricate the required component. The fabrication of the component should cover various lathe operations like straight turning, facing, thread cutting, parting off etc., and operations using indexing mechanism on vertical milling. CNC centre: Fundamentals of CNC programming using G and M code; setting and operations of job using CNC lathe or milling, tool reference, work reference, tool offset, tool radius compensation to fabricate the component with a designed profile on Al/Al-alloy plate.3D printing (Fused Filament Fabrication): (2 weeks) Create the model, select appropriate slicing and path for fabrication of a 3D job by layer deposition (additive manufacturing approach) using polymeric material. Demonstration on pattern fabrication using 3D printing.Learning Outcome• This course would enable the students to develop the concept of design, fabrication.		farrous motal/alloy (A1 or A1 alloys) pouring solidification
Joining: Butt/lap/corner joint job fabrication as required of low carbon steel plates; weld quality inspection by dye-penetration test (non-destructive testing approach)of the component made. Demonstration of semi-automatic Gas Metal Arc welding (GMAW). Conventional machining: Operations on lathe and vertical milling to fabricate the required component. The fabrication of the component should cover various lathe operations like straight turning, facing, thread cutting, parting off etc., and operations using indexing mechanism on vertical milling. CNC centre: Fundamentals of CNC programming using G and M code; setting and operations of job using CNC lathe or milling, tool reference, work reference, tool offset, tool radius compensation to fabricate the component with a designed profile on Al/Al-alloy plate. 3D printing (Fused Filament Fabrication): (2 weeks) Create the model, select appropriate slicing and path for fabrication of a 3D job by layer deposition (additive manufacturing approach) using polymeric material. Demonstration on pattern fabrication using 3D printing.Learning Outcome• This course would enable the students to develop the concept of design, fabrication (cubtractive, and additive) for various and coditive) for various and compensation for the students to develop the concept of design, fabrication (cubtractive, and additive) for various and conceptions.		Observation/identification of various defects appeared on the component
Joining.Butt/lap/corner joint job fabrication as required of low carbon steel plates; weld quality inspection by dye-penetration test (non-destructive testing approach)of the component made. Demonstration of semi-automatic Gas Metal Arc welding (GMAW).Conventional machining: Operations on lathe and vertical milling to fabricate the required component. The fabrication of the component should cover various lathe operations like straight turning, facing, thread cutting, parting off etc., and operations using indexing mechanism on vertical milling. CNC centre: Fundamentals of CNC programming using G and M code; setting and operations of job using CNC lathe or milling, tool reference, work reference, tool offset, tool radius compensation to fabricate the component with a designed profile on Al/Al-alloy plate.3D printing (Fused Filament Fabrication): (2 weeks) Create the model, select appropriate slicing and path for fabrication of a 3D job by layer deposition (additive manufacturing approach) using polymeric material. Demonstration on pattern fabrication using 3D printing.Learning Outcome• This course would enable the students to develop the concept of design, fabrication (ubtractive, and, additiva) for various engineering		Joining:
Industriation as required of tow carbon sect places, weld quality inspection by dye-penetration test (non-destructive testing approach)of the component made. Demonstration of semi-automatic Gas Metal Arc welding (GMAW). Conventional machining: Operations on lathe and vertical milling to fabricate the required component. The fabrication of the component should cover various lathe operations like straight turning, facing, thread cutting, parting off etc., and operations using indexing mechanism on vertical milling. CNC centre: Fundamentals of CNC programming using G and M code; setting and operations of job using CNC lathe or milling, tool reference, work reference, tool offset, tool radius compensation to fabricate the component with a designed profile on Al/Al-alloy plate. 3D printing (Fused Filament Fabrication): (2 weeks) Create the model, select appropriate slicing and path for fabrication of a 3D job by layer deposition (additive manufacturing approach) using polymeric material. Demonstration on pattern fabrication using 3D printing.Learning Outcome• This course would enable the students to develop the concept of design, fabrication (subtractive, and additive) for various appringering operation (additive) for various appringering		Butt/lan/corner joint job fabrication as required of low carbon steel plates:
Word quarky inspection by type percentation test (non destructive testing approach) of the component made. Demonstration of semi-automatic Gas Metal Arc welding (GMAW).Conventional machining: Operations on lathe and vertical milling to fabricate the required component. The fabrication of the component should cover various lathe operations like straight turning, facing, thread cutting, parting off etc., and operations using indexing mechanism on vertical milling. CNC centre: Fundamentals of CNC programming using G and M code; setting and operations of job using CNC lathe or milling, tool reference, work reference, tool offset, tool radius compensation to fabricate the component with a designed profile on Al/Al-alloy plate.3D printing (Fused Filament Fabrication): (2 weeks) Create the model, select appropriate slicing and path for fabrication of a 3D job by layer deposition (additive manufacturing approach) using polymeric material. Demonstration on pattern fabrication using 3D printing.Learning Outcome• This course would enable the students to develop the concept of design, fabrication (subtractive, and additive) for various compensation		weld quality inspection by dye-penetration test (non-destructive testing
Metal Arc welding (GMAW).Conventional machining:Operations on lathe and vertical milling to fabricate the required component. The fabrication of the component should cover various lathe operations like straight turning, facing, thread cutting, parting off etc., and operations using indexing mechanism on vertical milling.CNC centre:Fundamentals of CNC programming using G and M code; setting and operations of job using CNC lathe or milling, tool reference, work reference, tool offset, tool radius compensation to fabricate the component with a designed profile on Al/Al-alloy plate. 3D printing (Fused Filament Fabrication): (2 weeks) Create the model, select appropriate slicing and path for fabrication of a 3D job by layer deposition (additive manufacturing approach) using polymeric material. Demonstration on pattern fabrication using 3D printing.Learning Outcome• This course would enable the students to develop the concept of design, fabrication		approach) of the component made Demonstration of semi-automatic Gas
Conventional machining: Operations on lathe and vertical milling to fabricate the required component. The fabrication of the component should cover various lathe operations like straight turning, facing, thread cutting, parting off etc., and operations using indexing mechanism on vertical milling. CNC centre: Fundamentals of CNC programming using G and M code; setting and operations of job using CNC lathe or milling, tool reference, work reference, tool offset, tool radius compensation to fabricate the component with a designed profile on Al/Al-alloy plate. 3D printing (Fused Filament Fabrication): (2 weeks) Create the model, select appropriate slicing and path for fabrication of a 3D job by layer deposition (additive manufacturing approach) using polymeric material. Demonstration on pattern fabrication using 3D printing.Learning Outcome• This course would enable the students to develop the concept of design, fabrication (subtractive and additive) for various angineering		Metal Arc welding (GMAW)
Operations on lathe and vertical milling to fabricate the required component. The fabrication of the component should cover various lathe operations like straight turning, facing, thread cutting, parting off etc., and operations using indexing mechanism on vertical milling. CNC centre: Fundamentals of CNC programming using G and M code; setting and operations of job using CNC lathe or milling, tool reference, work reference, tool offset, tool radius compensation to fabricate the component with a designed profile on Al/Al-alloy plate. 3D printing (Fused Filament Fabrication): (2 weeks) Create the model, select appropriate slicing and path for fabrication of a 3D job by layer deposition (additive manufacturing approach) using polymeric material. Demonstration on pattern fabrication using 3D printing.Learning Outcome• This course would enable the students to develop the concept of design, fabrication (subtractive and additive) for various arguirecring		Conventional machining:
The fabrication of the component should cover various lathe operations like straight turning, facing, thread cutting, parting off etc., and operations using indexing mechanism on vertical milling.CNC centre:Fundamentals of CNC programming using G and M code; setting and operations of job using CNC lathe or milling, tool reference, work reference, tool offset, tool radius compensation to fabricate the component with a designed profile on Al/Al-alloy plate. 3D printing (Fused Filament Fabrication): (2 weeks) Create the model, select appropriate slicing and path for fabrication of a 3D job by layer deposition (additive manufacturing approach) using polymeric material. Demonstration on pattern fabrication using 3D printing.Learning Outcome• This course would enable the students to develop the concept of design, fabrication (subtractive) and additive) for various concincering		Operations on lathe and vertical milling to fabricate the required component.
straight turning, facing, thread cutting, parting off etc., and operations using indexing mechanism on vertical milling.CNC centre:Fundamentals of CNC programming using G and M code; setting and operations of job using CNC lathe or milling, tool reference, work reference, tool offset, tool radius compensation to fabricate the component with a designed profile on Al/Al-alloy plate. 3D printing (Fused Filament Fabrication): (2 weeks) Create the model, select appropriate slicing and path for fabrication of a 3D job by layer deposition (additive manufacturing approach) using polymeric material. Demonstration on pattern fabrication using 3D printing.Learning Outcome• This course would enable the students to develop the concept of design, fabrication (subtractive, and additive) for various engineering		The fabrication of the component should cover various lathe operations like
indexing mechanism on vertical milling.CNC centre:Fundamentals of CNC programming using G and M code; setting and operations of job using CNC lathe or milling, tool reference, work reference, tool offset, tool radius compensation to fabricate the component with a designed profile on Al/Al-alloy plate. 3D printing (Fused Filament Fabrication): (2 weeks) Create the model, select appropriate slicing and path for fabrication of a 3D job by layer deposition (additive manufacturing approach) using polymeric material. Demonstration on pattern fabrication using 3D printing.Learning Outcome• This course would enable the students to develop the concept of design, fabrication (subtractive, and additive) for various anginaering		straight turning, facing, thread cutting, parting off etc., and operations using
CNC centre:Fundamentals of CNC programming using G and M code; setting and operations of job using CNC lathe or milling, tool reference, work reference, tool offset, tool radius compensation to fabricate the component with a designed profile on Al/Al-alloy plate. 3D printing (Fused Filament Fabrication): (2 weeks) Create the model, select appropriate slicing and path for fabrication of a 3D job by layer deposition (additive manufacturing approach) using polymeric material. Demonstration on pattern fabrication using 3D printing.Learning Outcome• This course would enable the students to develop the concept of design, fabrication (subtractive, and additive) for various anginacring		indexing mechanism on vertical milling.
Fundamentals of CNC programming using G and M code; setting and operations of job using CNC lathe or milling, tool reference, work reference, tool offset, tool radius compensation to fabricate the component with a designed profile on Al/Al-alloy plate. 3D printing (Fused Filament Fabrication): (2 weeks) Create the model, select appropriate slicing and path for fabrication of a 3D job by layer deposition (additive manufacturing approach) using polymeric material. Demonstration on pattern fabrication using 3D printing.Learning Outcome• This course would enable the students to develop the concept of design, fabrication (subtractive, and additive) for various anginacring		CNC centre:
operations of job using CNC lathe or milling, tool reference, work reference, tool offset, tool radius compensation to fabricate the component with a designed profile on Al/Al-alloy plate. 3D printing (Fused Filament Fabrication): (2 weeks) Create the model, select appropriate slicing and path for fabrication of a 3D job by layer deposition (additive manufacturing approach) using polymeric material. Demonstration on pattern fabrication using 3D printing.Learning Outcome• This course would enable the students to develop the concept of design, fabrication (subtractive, and additive) for various engineering		Fundamentals of CNC programming using G and M code; setting and
tool offset, tool radius compensation to fabricate the component with a designed profile on Al/Al-alloy plate. 3D printing (Fused Filament Fabrication): (2 weeks) Create the model, select appropriate slicing and path for fabrication of a 3D job by layer deposition (additive manufacturing approach) using polymeric material. Demonstration on pattern fabrication using 3D printing.Learning Outcome• This course would enable the students to develop the concept of design, fabrication (subtractive, and additive) for various anginaaring		operations of job using CNC lathe or milling, tool reference, work reference,
designed profile on Al/Al-alloy plate. 3D printing (Fused Filament Fabrication): (2 weeks) Create the model, select appropriate slicing and path for fabrication of a 3D job by layer deposition (additive manufacturing approach) using polymeric material. Demonstration on pattern fabrication using 3D printing.Learning Outcome• This course would enable the students to develop the concept of design, fabrication (subtractive, and additive) for various engineering		tool offset, tool radius compensation to fabricate the component with a
3D printing (Fused Filament Fabrication): (2 weeks) Create the model, select appropriate slicing and path for fabrication of a 3D job by layer deposition (additive manufacturing approach) using polymeric material. Demonstration on pattern fabrication using 3D printing. Learning Outcome • This course would enable the students to develop the concept of design, fabrication (subtractive, and additive) for various anginagring.		designed profile on Al/Al-alloy plate.
Create the model, select appropriate slicing and path for fabrication of a 3D job by layer deposition (additive manufacturing approach) using polymeric material. Demonstration on pattern fabrication using 3D printing.Learning Outcome• This course would enable the students to develop the concept of design, fabrication (subtractive, and additive) for various anginoaring		3D printing (Fused Filament Fabrication): (2 weeks)
Job by layer deposition (additive manufacturing approach) using polymeric material. Demonstration on pattern fabrication using 3D printing.Learning Outcome• This course would enable the students to develop the concept of design, fabrication (subtractive and additive) for various anginaaring		Create the model, select appropriate slicing and path for fabrication of a 3D
Learning Outcome • This course would enable the students to develop the concept of design, fabrication (subtractive and additive) for various anginagring		Job by layer deposition (additive manufacturing approach) using polymeric
• This course would enable the students to develop the concept of design, fabrication (subtractive and additive) for various angineering		material. Demonstration on pattern fabrication using 3D printing.
tahrication (subtractive and additive) for various angineering	Learning Outcome	• This course would enable the students to develop the concept of design,
		fabrication (subtractive and additive) for various engineering
applications. Fabrication of components and assemble them.		applications. Fabrication of components and assemble them.
• The practical skill and hands on experience for various fabrication		• The practical skill and hands on experience for various fabrication
methods from bulk, sheet metal using conventional as well as CNC		methods from bulk, sneet metal using conventional as well as CNC
Inacmnes.	Accomment Mathe	machines.
Assessment vietnod Fabrication of components in each of the shops required for assembly of the	Assessment Method	radiication of components in each of the shops required for assembly of the
given part; submission of reports for each snop, and quiz assessment.	Suggested Deadings	given part, submission of reports for each shop, and quiz assessment.
Suggesieu Keaulings: 1. Hajra Choudhury, HazraChoudhary and Nirjhar Koy, 2007, Elements of Workshop Technology, vol. I Mediapromoters and Publishers Dut. I to	Suggested Keadings:	1. Hajia Choudhury, HaziaChoudhary and Nifjhar Koy, 2007, Elements of Workshop Technology, vol. I Medianromotors and Publishers Dut. 1 to

2.	W A J Chapman, Workshop Technology, 1998, Part -1, 1st South Asian
	Edition, Viva Book Pvt Ltd.
3.	P.N. Rao, 2009, Manufacturing Technology, Vol.1, 3rd Ed., Tata
	McGraw Hill Publishing Company.
4.	M.Adithan, B.S. Pabla, 2012, CNC machines, New Age International
	Publishers

Course Number	ME1202/ ME1102
Course Number	Engineering Mechanics
L-T-P-C	3-1-0-4
Pre-requisites	Nil
Semester	Spring
Learning Mode	Lectures
Learning Objectives	Complies with PLOs 1, 4
	• The objective of this first course in mechanics is to enable engineering
	students to analyze basic mechanics problems and apply vector-based
	approach to solve them.
Course Outline	1. Rigid body statics: Equivalent force system. Equations of equilibrium,
	Free body diagram, Reaction, Static indeterminacy.
	2. Structures: 2D truss, Method of joints, Method of section. Beam, Frame,
	types of loading and supports, axial force, Bending moment, Shear force
	and Torque Diagrams for a member.
	3. Friction: Dry friction (static and kinetic), wedge friction, disk friction
	(thrust bearing), belt friction, square threaded screw, journal bearings,
	Wheel friction, Rolling resistance.
	4. Centroid and Moment of Inertia
	5. Introduction to stress and strain: Definition of Stress, Normal and shear
	Stress. Relation between stress and strain, Cauchy formula.
	Stress in an axially loaded member and stress due to torsion in
	axisymmetric section
Learning Outcomes:	Following learning outcomes are expected after going through this course.
	• Learn and apply general mathematical and computer skills to solve
	basic mechanics problems.
	• Apply the vector-based approach to solve mechanics problems.
Assessment Method	Mid semester examination, End semester examination, Class test/Quiz,
	Tutorials
Suggested Readings:	Reference Books
	1. H. Shames, Engineering Mechanics: Statics and dynamics, 4th Ed, PHI,
	2. F. P. Beer and E. R. Johnston, Vector Mechanics for Engineers, Vol 1 -
	Statics, 3rd Ed, 1ata McGraw Hill, 2000.
	3. J. L. Meriam and L. G. Kraige, Engineering Mechanics, Vol 1 - Statics, 5th
	Ed, John Wiley, 2002.
	4. E.P. Popov, Engineering Mechanics of Solids, 2nd Ed, PHI, 1998.
	F. P. Beer and E. R. Jonnston, J. I. Dewolf, and D.F. Mazurek, Mechanics of
	Materials, 6th Ed, McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2012.

Sl. No.	Subject Code	SEMESTER III	L	Т	Р	С
1.	EP2101	Quantum Physics	3	1	0	4
2.	EP2102	Optics and Lasers	3	0	3	4.5
3.	EP2103	Classical dynamics: discrete and continuum systems	3	1	0	4
4.	EP2104	Thermal physics with engineering applications	3	1	0	4
5.	HS21XX	HSS Elective – I	3	0	0	3
Total Credit1533			19.5			

Course Number	EP2101
Course Credit	3-1-0-4
Course Title	Quantum Physics
Learning Mode	Lectures, Tutorials and Assignments
Learning Objectives	Complies with Program Goals 1,2 and 3
Course Description	Fundamental structure of the subject is explicated through theorems, postulates and models. Several well-known discoveries in quantum mechanics are detailed. It also includes a variety of applications to various physical systems (both 1D and 3D) which are not adequately explained by classical theory. Some modern relevant applications are mentioned too.
Course Outline	Emphasis on both early and modern experiments (Black body radiation, photoelectric effect, Compton effect, Stern-Gerlach, Frank-Hertz, Davisson-Germer, Wave-packet propagation, Quantum Hall effect, Dirac-Kapitza effect, Raman-Nath scattering, etc.).
	Postulates of quantum mechanics, Observables, uncertainty principle, Schrödinger Equation, stationary states, orthonormality, expectation values, application to 1-D problems: Free particle, Particle in a box and finite square well, Quantum tunneling and applications, Harmonic oscillator, Delta-Function Potential, orbital and spin angular momentum, Hydrogen atom, electrons in 1D periodic lattice and origin of bands.
	Engineering applications: devices based on quantum principles such as tunnel diode, single electron transistor, MRI and NMR, SEM, TEM and SPM.
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO 1a, 1b, 2a and 3a
Assessment Method	Assignments, Quizzes, Seminar, Mid-semester examination, End-semester examination
Suggested Readings:	Textbooks:
	 A. Beiser, Concepts of Modern Physics, Tata McGraw Hill, 2020 Eisberg and Resnick
	3. Introduction to Quantum Mechanics (2nd edn) by D. J. Griffiths, Prentice Hall (2004).
	Reference books:
	1. Quantum Mechanics, Powell and Craseman
	1. Mastering quantum mechanics, Barton Zwiebach, MIT Press, 2022

Course Number	EP2102
Course Credit	3-0-3-4.5
Course Title	Optics & Lasers
Learning Mode	Lectures and Assignments
Learning Objectives	Complies with Program Goals 1,2 and 3
Course Description	This course deals with fundamentals in Optics and Lasers. Students will learn about principles of LASERs, different types of Lasers, applications of Lasers in different engineering domains besides developing strong fundamentals in Optics
Course Outline	Review of basic optics: Polarization, Reflection and refraction of plane waves. Diffraction: diffraction by circular aperture, Gaussian beams.
	Interference: two beam interference-Mach-Zehnder interferometer and multiple beam interference-Fabry-Perot interferometer. Monochromatic aberrations. Fourier optics, Holography. The Einstein coefficients, Spontaneous and stimulated emission, Optical amplification and population inversion. Laser rate equations, three level and four level systems; Optical Resonators: resonator stability; modes of a spherical mirror resonator, mode selection; Q-switching and mode locking in lasers. Properties of laser radiation and some laser systems: Ruby, He-Ne, CO2, Semiconductor lasers. Some important applications of lasers, Fiber optics communication, Lasers in Industry, Lasers in medicine, Lidar.
	The list of experiments is as follows:
Learning Outcome	 External Cavity Diode Laser: Assembly and Characteristics Michelson Interferometer Haidinger fringes for measuring thickness of the film Diffraction using gratings Polarization of Light Optical fiber characteristics Spatial Light Modulator(SLM) for generation of Optical Angular Momentum (OAM) Recording and reconstruction of Hologram Saturation Absorption Spectroscopy: Observation of Hyperfine Splitting Demonstration of Faraday rotation principle TE and TM propagation modes in a Wave guide Generation of Second Harmonics inside a Non-linear crystal Demonstration of Pulse shaping Experiment on Q-Switching Optical tweezers for trapping of dielectric particles Polarizing optical microscope Complies with PLO 1a, 1b, 2a and 3a
Assessment Method	Quiz, Assignments and Exams
Suggested Keadings:	1 exidooks:
	 R. S. Longhurst, Geometrical and Physical Optics, 3rd ed., Orient Longman, 1986. E. Hecht, Optics, 4th ed., Pearson Education, 2004. M. Born and E. Wolf, Principles of Optics, 7th ed., Cambridge University Press, 1999. William T. Silfvast, Laser Fundamentals, 2nd ed., Cambridge University Press, 2004. K. Thyagarajan and A. K. Ghatak, Lasers: Theory and Applications, Macmillan, 2008.

Course Number	EP2103
Course Credit (L-T-P-C)	3-1-0-4
Course Title	Classical dynamics: discrete and continuum systems
Learning Mode	Lectures and Tutorials
Learning Objectives	Complies with Program Goals 1, 2a and 3
Course Description	Formulate mechanics problem with Lagrangian, Hamiltonian, Calculus and Jacobi methods. Solve central force motion, rigid body dynamics, relativistic problems with learned expertise.**TO BE CHANGED
Course Content	Constraints, D' Alembert's Principle and Lagrange's Equation, Hamilton's Principle, The Hamilton Equation of Motion, Symmetry and Conservation
	Review of two body central force problem, Noether's Theorem, Conserved quantities including Laplace-Runge-Lenz Vector, Scattering in a Central Force field, Scattering cross-section, Rutherford scattering.
	Introduction to continuum mechanics:
	1. Basics of tensor algebra.
	 Fluid mechanics: Euler equations, potential flow, incompressible fluids, momentum and energy fluxes, circulations, internal waves, gravity waves, viscous fluids, Navier-Stokes equation, laminar flows, stream and string lines, rotating fluids, oscillatory motion in fluids, laminar boundary layers.
	 Elasticity – Concept of stress and strain, Linear elastic materials, Hooke's law, boundary value problems in 2D, Flexure of elastic beams, introduction to thermo-elasticity and photo-elasticity.
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO 1, 2(a) and 3
Assessment Method	Assignments, Quizzes, Presentation, Mid-semester examination and End-
	semester examination
Suggested Readings:	Textbooks:
	1. Classical Mechanics - J. R. Taylor, University Science Books, 2005.
	2. Classical Dynamics, D. T. Greenwood, Dover, 1997
	3. Fluid Mechanics, P. K. Kundu, I. M. Cohen and R. David
	4. Elasticity: Theory, Applications and Numerics, M. H. Saad
	Keterences:
	5. Classical Mechanics, L. D. Landau and E. M. Litshitz, Course on Theoretical Physics, Vol 1, 2nd Edition, Detterment, Heinement
	Ineoretical Physics, Vol.1, 3rd Edition, Butterworth-Heinemann.
	6. Classical Mechanics - H. Goldstein, C. P. Poole and J. Satko; Pearson Education (2011).
	7. Theory of Elasticity, L. D. Landau and E. M. Lifshitz
	8 Fluid Mechanics L. D. Landau and E. M. Lifshitz
	9 Classical Mechanics, N.C. Rana and P.S. Joag. McGraw Hill
	Education Pvt Ltd. (2001).
	10. Introduction to Dynamics, I. Percival and D. Richards, Cambridge
	University Freess, 1703.
	11. Special Kelativity - A.P. French; UKU Press(2017).
	12. Introduction to Fluid Mechanics and Fluid Machines, S. K. Som, G.
	Biswas, S. Chakraborty, McGraw Hill, 2017
	 VIJay Gupta and Santosh Gupta, Fluid Mechanics and its Applications, New Age, 2015

Course Number	EP2104
Course Credit	3-1-0-4
Course Title	Thermal physics with engineering applications
Learning Mode	Lectures and Tutorials
Learning Objectives	Complies with 1 and 2
Course Description	This course provides student's fundamentals of Thermal Physics towards Engineering applications. This course deals with many engineering applications
	like heat engines, Refrigeration systems, Thermal Power plant, Gas Turbines, Phase transitions etc.
Course Outline	Kinetic Theory of Gases, Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution, effusion, collision, equation of state, ideal gas, Equipartition of energy, real gas; Thermal Diffusion Equation;
	Laws of Thermodynamics, Temperature, Internal Energy, specific heat, Entropy; Carnot engine, Various thermodynamic cycles; Thermodynamic potentials, Path and State Functions, Gibb's-Duhem relations, Maxwell Relations;
	Clausius-Clapeyron Equation; Chemical Potential, Chemical Equilibrium, Phase Diagram, Gibb's Phase Rule, Phase Transitions, Stable and Metastable States, Phase Co-existence, Maxwell's Construction; Various modes of heat transfer; Saha-Ionization; Speed of Sound in Fluids, Shock Waves, Rankine-Hugoniot Conditions.
	Engineering applications -Heat Engines, Joule-Thompson effect and applications to cryogenics, Refrigerators, Heating-Ventilation and Air-conditioning (HVAC), Exergy analysis of engineering systems, Information Theory.
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO 1(a), 1(b), 2(a) and 3(a)
Assessment Method	Assignments, Quizzes, Mid-semester examination and End-semester examination
Suggested Readings:	 Textbooks: Stephen J. Blundell and Katherine M. Blundell, Concepts in Thermal Physics, 3rd Ed, Oxford University Press, 2014. R. H. Dittman and M. W. Zemansky, Heat and Thermodynamics, McGraw-Hill College; Subsequent Ed, 1996. M. A. Boles, Y. A. Cengel, M. Kanoglu, Thermodynamics: An Engineering Approach Finn's Thermal Physics, Andrew Rex Thermal Physics, C. Kittel, H. Kroemer, W. H. Freeman, 2nd ed., 2012 References: M. N. Saha and B. N. Srivastava, Treatise on Heat, 3rd Edition, The Indian Press, Allahabad, 1950. R.Baierlein, Thermal Physics, Cambridge University Press, 2005.

Sl. No.	Subject Code	SEMESTER IV	L	Т	Р	С
1.	EP2201	Introduction to Nuclear and Particle Physics	2	1	0	3
2.	EP2202	Mathematical Methods for Engineers	3	1	0	4
3.	EP2203	Electromagnetism	3	1	0	4
4.	EP2204	Introductory Statistical Mechanics	2	1	0	3
5.	EP2205	Analog Electronics	2	0	3	3.5
6.	XX22PQ	IDE – I	3	0	0	3
	Total Credit 15 4 3 20.5			20.5		

Course Number	EP2201
Course Credit	2-1-0-3
Course Title	Introduction to Nuclear and Particle Physics
Learning Mode	Class lectures, tutorials, assignments, discussions.
Learning Objectives	Complies with Program Goals 1, 2 and 3
Course Description	This is an introductory course of Nuclear and Particle Physics. The course covers
	tools (accelerators, detectors), nuclear properties, nuclear forces, nuclear
	models, radioactive decay and nuclear reactions. Fundamentals of particle
	interactions and forces, symmetries and conservation laws will be discussed.
	Topics will be taught with key experiments.
Course Outline	Nuclear properties: mass, radius, spin, parity, binding energy; Nuclear models: liquid drop model, semi-empirical mass formula, nuclear shell model - validity and limitations, magic numbers; Nature of the nuclear force: form of nucleon-nucleon potential, charge-independence and charge-symmetry of nuclear forces; Radioactive decay: radioactive decay law, elementary ideas of alpha, beta and gamma decays and their selection rules; Nuclear
	 reactions: reaction mechanism, Fission and fusion, compound nuclei and direct reactions. Particle Phenomenology: Fundamental interactions; Elementary particles and their quantum numbers; Gellmann-Nishijima formula, Ouark model, baryons
	and mesons; C. P. and T invariance. Conservation laws and particle reactions.
	Introduction to nuclear detector technology and particle accelerators.
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO 1(a), 1(b), 2(a) and 3
Assessment Method	Assignments, Quizzes, Mid-semester examination and End-semester
	examination.
Suggested Readings:	 <u>Text Books:</u> 1. D. Griffiths, Introduction to Elementary Particles, Wiley (2008) 2. Kenneth S. Krane, Introductory Nuclear Physics, Wiley (2008) 3. A. Das, T. Ferbel, Introduction to Nuclear and Particle Physics, World Scientific (2003) 4. S.N. Ghoshal, Nuclear Physics, S Chand (1994)
	Reference Books:
	1. Martin B. and Shaw G. P., Particle Physics, Wiley.
	2. Detectors for Particle Radiation, Konrad Kleinknecht, Cambridge.
	3. Techniques for Nuclear and Particle Physics Experiments: A How-To
	Approach, William R. Leo, Springer.
	4. Roy R. and Nigam B. P., <i>Nuclear Physics: Theory and Experiment</i> ,
	New Age.
	5. J. Lilley, Nuclear Physics, Wiley (2006)
	6. Hughes I. S., <i>Elementary Particles</i> , Cambridge.
	/. D. H. Perkins, Introduction to High Energy Physics, 4th edition,
	Cambridge (2000). 9 Holzon E. and Martin Alan D. Overlag and Lantong Wiley India
	o. naizen F. and Marun Alan D., Quarks and Leptons, whey India
	9. INITIAL V. K., VERMA R. C., Gupta S.C., Introduction To Nuclear And Particle Physics, Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.

Course Number	EP2202
Course Credit	3-1-0-4
Course Title	Mathematical Methods for Engineers
Learning Mode	Class lectures, tutorials, assignments, discussions.
Learning Objectives	Complies with Program Goals 1, 2 and 3
Course Description	This course will train students in mathematical methods required for various
	engineering applications.
Course Outline	Vector Space: Gram-Schmidt Orthonormalization, Self-adjoint operators, completeness of Eigen functions, Complex analysis: - Basic review, Cauchy's integral theorem, Classification of singularities, Residue theorem. Contour integration and examples. Analytic continuation. Multiple-valued functions, branch points and branch cut integration. Conformal mapping, Physical Applications (fluid flow, electrostatics, heat flow etc.), Polynomials and Special Functions: Legendre, Hermite, Laguerre, Chebyshev, Jacobi, Bessel, Neumann, Hankel; Green's function: 1,2,3 dimensional problems (Laplace, wave, heat equations etc.), Integral Transforms, Basic Introduction to Tensors and engineering applications.
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO 1(a), 1(b), 2(a) and 3
Assessment Method	Assignments, Quizzes, Mid-semester examination and End-semester examination.
Suggested Readings:	Text Books:
	 G. B. Arfken and H. J. Weber, Mathematical methods for physicists, Elsevier; 7th Ed, 2012. J. Brown and R. Churchill, Complex Variables and Applications, McGraw Hill Education, 8th Ed, 2017. V. Balakrishnan, Mathematical Physics with Applications, Problems and Solutions, Ane Books, 1stEd, 2017.
	Reference books.
	 L. A. Pipes and L. R. Harvill, Applied Mathematics for Engineers and Physicists, Dover Publications Inc., 3rd rev. Ed, 2014. I. S. Gradshteyn and I. M. Ryzhik, Tables of Integrals, Series and Products, Edited by A. Jeffrey and D.Zwillinger, Academic Press is an imprint of Elsevier 7th Ed, 2007. Abramowitz and Stegun, Handbook of Mathematical Functions with Formulas, Graphs, and Mathematical Tables, United States Department of Commerce, National Institute of Standards and Technology (NBS), 1964. E. Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Wiley India 10th Ed, 2011. M. L. Boas, Mathematical Methods in the Physical Sciences, Wiley, 3rd Ed, 2005.
	Charlie and Harper, Introduction to Mathematical Physics, Prentice Hall India, 1978.

Course Number	EP2203
Course Credit	3-1-0-4
Course Title	Electromagnetism
Learning Mode	Class lectures, tutorials, assignments, discussions.
Learning Objectives	Complies with Program Goals 1, 2 and 3
Course Description	This course gives an introduction to fundamentals of electromagnetic theory.
	Students will learn electrostatics, electrodynamics and electromagnetic waves in
	medium and its applications
	Electrostatics and Magnetostatics, Displacement current and Maxwell's
Course Outline	equations, Maxwell's equation in matter, Boundary conditions, Conservation
	principles in EM theory (energy and momentum), Poynting's theorem,
	Electromagnetic (EM) wave equation for E and B in vacuum, Monochromatic
	plane waves, Energy and momentum in EM waves, Propagation of EM waves
	in linear media, Reflection and transmission of EW waves at conducting and
	Wave guides: EM waves between two conducting planes TM TE and TEM
	wave guides. Ewi waves between two conducting planes, TW, TE and TEW
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO $1(a)$ $1(b)$ $2(a)$ and 3
Assessment Method	Assignments Ouizzes Mid-semester examination and End-semester
Assessment Wethou	examination
	examination.
Suggested Readings:	Text Books:
66 6	
	1. D. J. Griffiths, Introduction to Electrodynamics, Third Edition, Pearson
	Education Inc., 2006.
	2. J. D. Ryder, Networks, Lines and Fields, Second Edition, Prentice Hall
	of India, 2002.

Course Number	EP2204
Course Credit (L-T-P-C)	2-1-0-3
Course Title	Introductory Statistical Mechanics
Learning Mode	Lectures and Tutorials
Learning Objectives	Complies with Program Goals 1, 2 and 3
Course Description	Equips the students with the techniques in Statistical Physics and allows them to apply these techniques to wide variety of problems in Physics
Course Content	Random walk, motivation for Statistical Mechanics; Phase space; Postulates of Statistical Physics; Ergodicity; Microcanonical, canonical and grand-canonical ensembles approach with examples; Partition functions, examples; real gases; Ising model; Quantum statistics: Bosonic and Fermionic gases; Bose-Einstein Condensation; Phases and phase transitions, Ehrenfest criteria, order-parameters, liquid Helium as example; Shannon entropy and other entropy measures, applications in information science
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO 1(a), 1(b), 2(a) and 3
Assessment Method	Assignments, Quizzes, Mid-semester examination and End-semester examination
Suggested Readings:	Textbooks:
	 R. K. Pathria and Paul D. Beale, Statistical Mechanics (Elsevier, 4th Edition, 2021). D. Chandler, Introduction to Modern Statistical Physics (Oxford University Press, 1987). W. Krauth, Statistical Mechanics: Algorithms and Computations (Oxford Masters Series in Physics, 2006).
	References:
	 F. Mandl, Statistical Physics (Wiley-Blackwell, ELBS Edition, 1988). F.Reif, Fundamentals of Statistical and Thermal Physics (Berkeley Physics Course - Vol.5., 2017). M.Pilschke and B.Bergerson, Equilibrium Statistical Physics, (World Scientific, 1994). B. P. Agarwal ad M. Eisner, Statistical Mechanics, (Wiley Eastern Limited, 1988). K.Huang, Introduction to Statistical Physics (Chapman and Hall/CRC, 2nd Edition, 2009). D. Chowdhury, D. Stauffer, Principles of Equilibrium Statistical Mechanics, Wiley-Vch, 2000

Course Number	EP2205					
Course Credit	2-0-3-3.5					
Course Title	Analog Electronics					
Learning Mode	Lectures and Laboratory					
Learning Objectives	Complies with Program Goals 1, 2 and 3					
Course Description	The course covers various devices and components used in analog electronics. The device operation, behaviour and technological framework required for the fabrication of these devices is also discussed.					
	circuits to measure the current-voltage characteristics of these devices. Also, at the end, designing and making circuit in a PCB is also performed.					
Course Outline	Lecture: p-n junction diode, Zener diode, Schottky diode, photovoltaic cell, photodiode, tunnel diode, unijunction transistor, bipolar junction transistor, junction field effect transistor, metal oxide semiconductor field effect transistor and insulated gate bipolar transistor Device fabrication, introduction to cleanroom processes including wafer cleaning, deposition, lithography, diffusion, etching and bonding					
	Laboratory: I – V characteristics of: Zener diode and its voltage regulation, Schottky diode, Tunnel diode, Solar cell, Silicon controlled rectifier, Unijunction transistor, BJT in CE, CB and CC mode of operation, JFET, MOSFET, both for enhancement and depletion mode, IGBT; Soldering semiconductor devices on PCB for making a circuit					
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO 1(a), 1(b), 2(a) and 3					
Assessment Method	Lecture: Mid Semester, Quizzes, Assignments and End Semester Exam Laboratory: Laboratory report and End Semester Examination					
Suggested Readings:	 B. G. Streetman and S. Banerjee, Solid State electronic devices, 6th Ed, PHI, 2006. Adel S. Sedra and Kenneth C. Smith, Microelectronic Circuits, Oxford University Press, 6th Edition, 2009 Robert L. Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory, Prentice Hall, 7th Edition. Jacob Millman and Christos C. Halkias, Integrated Electronics: Analog and Digital Circuits and Systems, Tata McGraw Hill, 2008 D. A. Neamen, Semiconductor physics and devices, 4th Ed, McGrawHill, 2012. S. M. Sze and Kwok Ng, Physics of Semiconductor Devices, 3rd Ed, Wiley, 2006. U. K. Mishra and J. Singh, Semiconductor Device Physics and Design, Springer, 2008. B. Ghosh, Advanced Practical Physics, Volume – II, Sreedhar Publishers, 6th Edition, 2015 					
Sl. No.	Subject Code	SEMESTER V	L	Т	Р	С
------------	---	---	---	---	---	-----
1.	EP3101	Computational Techniques	2	0	3	3.5
2.	EP3102	Data Science for Physicists	1	1	3	3.5
3.	EP3103	Digital Electronics and Microprocessors	2	0	3	3.5
4.	EP3104	Solid State Physics	3	1	2	5
5.	EP3105	Instrumentation Techniques	2	0	2	3
6.	XX31PQ	IDE – II	3	0	0	3
	Total Credit 13 2 13 21.5					

Course Number	EP3101		
Course Credit	2-0-3-3.5		
Course Title	Computational Techniques		
Learning Mode	Class lectures, tutorials, assignments, discussions.		
Learning Objectives	Complies with Program Goals 1, 2 and 3		
Course Description	This course will train students in various numerical methods and techniques required for solving various physics and engineering problems numerically Preliminaries of Computing; Roots of Non Linear Equations and solution of		
Course Outline	system of Linear Equations:- Fixed-point iteration, Bisection, Secant, Regula- Falsi method, Newton Raphson method, Gauss Elimination method by pivoting, Gauss – Jordan method, Gauss – Seidel method, Relaxation method, Convergence of iteration methods, LU and Cholesky decomposition. Interpolation and approximations:-Lagrange and Newton interpolation, Spline interpolation, Rational approximations, Curve fitting: Least square method, Numerical Integration:-Newton-Cote's rule, Gaussian quadrature, Monte-Carlo technique, Numerical Solution of Ordinary a Differential Equations:-Taylor series method, Runge-Kutta methods.		
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO 1(a), 1(b), 2(a) and 3		
Assessment Method	Assignments, Quizzes, lab, Mid-semester examination and End-semester examination		
Suggested Readings:	Text Books:		
	 W. H. Press, S. A. Teukolsky, W T. Vetterling and B. P. Flannery, Numerical Recipes in C: The Art of Scientific Programming, 2nd Ed, Cambridge University Press, 1997 C. F. Gerald and P. O. Wheatley, Applied Numerical Analysis, Pearson Education India; 7 Ed, 2007. S. S. Sastry, Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis, PHI learning Pvt. Ltd., 5th Ed, 2012. M. K. Jain, S. R. K. Iyengar and R. K. Jain, Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation, 6th Edition, New Age International (P) Ltd., 2014. 		
	Reference Books:		
	 E. Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, Wiley, 2005. B. S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, 43rd Edition, Khanna Publishers, 2014. Y. Kanetkar, Let us C, 13th edition, BPB publication 2013. Programming in ANSI C, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2008. Programming with C (Schaum's Outlines Series), McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited; 3rdEd, 2010. 		

Course Number	EP3102
Course credit(L-T-P-C)	1-1-3-3.5
Course title	Data Science for Physicists
Learning mode	Offline
Learning objectives	• An introduction to data science career path for physicists.
	• Understanding the basics of machine learning and ML model
	building.
	• Exposition to popular python-based environments like Jupyter,
	Kaggle which are used industry-wide for AI/ML or data science
	applications.
	• Using state-or-me-art noraries like pandas and skiearn to preprocess the data apply ML models validate and test predictions
	 Hands-on experience through real-world projects
Course description	Data science is increasingly becoming an essential skill for physicists
course description	While there are numerous courses and programs on data science offered
	across various media, these are almost invariably targeted at computer
	science graduates and industry professionals. This course is designed to
	bridge this gap by introducing essential data science techniques from the
	perspective of applications in physics research and prepare learners for
	advanced courses in ML/AI/Data science.
Course content	Programming environments for data science: local python development
	environment like Jupyter, cloud based python notebook and data science
	platforms like Kaggle, basics of various open-source libraries for data
	science applications (like liumpy, pandas), the versioning using gittud.
	The what and why of machine learning mathematical basis of ML –
	setting up a problem, example of linear and polynomial regression:
	statistical learning theory – bias, variance, model complexity; cost
	function, gradient descent, basics of supervised and unsupervised
	learning, regression with multiple variables, feature normalization,
	basics of neural networks, building first ML model – handling data for
	training, testing, and validation, types of models, using scikit-learn
	library, ML pipelines; data science techniques – pandas, data cleaning,
	Hands-on project – detection of gravitational waves – introduction to
	gravitational waves. Fourier transform, noise, GW signal analysis, data
	fitting.
Pre-requisites	• Linear algebra, matrices, vector algebra
	• Basic familiarity with programming in Python
Learning outcomes	Upon successful completion of this course students will be able to:
Learning outcomes	• write intermediate-level programs in Python define functions
	import and use libraries.
	• Work on projects in Jupyter environment, and collaborate on group
	projects on platforms like Kaggle, and github.
	• Understand the fundamental concepts of machine learning and
	theoretical understanding of how ML models are developed.
	• Understand and manipulate data for training, validating, and testing
	predictions of ML models.
	• Use various python libraries like scikit-learn, pandas, numpy, etc. to
	create ML pipelines that take in given data and generate predictions.
	• Get exposure to real-world usage of data science techniques in trending research areas
Assessment method	Project Assignments Ouiz Mid-semster evamination End-semaster
	examination

Suggested Readings:	
Textbooks:	 Christopher Bishop, Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer, 2007 Introduction to Machine Learning Edition 2, by Ethem Alpaydin Machine Learning. Tom Mitchell. First Edition, McGraw-Hill, 1997.
References:	 A high-bias, low-variance introduction to Machine Learning for physicists, Pankaj Mehta, Marin Bukov, Ching-Hao Wang, Alexandre G.R. Day, Clint Richardson, Charles K. Fisher, David J. Schwab, 2019, Phys. Rep. 810, 1. John Hopcroft, Ravindran Kannan, Foundations of Data Science, 2014. I. Goodfellow, Y. Bengio, A. Courville. Deep Learning. MIT Press, 2016. Machine learning & artificial intelligence in the quantum domain, Vedran Dunjko, Hans J. Briegel, arXiv:1709.02779 Andrew Ng's lectures on machine learning, Coursera, https://www.coursera.org/learn/machine-learning-course/

Course Number	EP3103	
Course Credit (L-T-P-C)	2-0-3-3.5	
Course Title	Digital Electronics and Microprocessors	
Learning Mode	Lectures and Practical	
Learning Objectives	Complies with Program Goals 1, 2 and 3	
Course Description	This course aims providing a detailed overview and hands-on study of	
	Digital Electronics and Microprocessors, which are important in	
Course Courtent	modern day electronic devices and circuits	
Course Content	 modern day electronic devices and circuits Moving and Storing Digital Information, Digital IC Signal Levels Digital Logic, Basic Gates, Universal Logic Gates; Combinational Logi Circuits, Boolean Laws and Theorems, Sum-of-Products Method, Trut Table to Karnaugh Map, Karnaugh Simplifications, Product-of-sum Simplification, Quine-McClusky Method; Data-Processing Circuits Multiplexers, Demultiplexers, Decoders and Encoders, Parit Generators and Checkers; Comparator, Read-only Memory Programmable Array Logic, HDL Implementation of Data Processin Circuits; Binary, octal and hexadecimal number systems, ASCI Excess-3 Gray Codes; Error Detection and Correction; Arithmetic Circuits, Complement Representation; Clocks and Timin Circuits, TTL Clock, Schmitt Trigger; Timer-Astable, Monostable Monostables with Input Logic; Flip-Flops, RS, gated, edge-triggered, E JK and Master-slave versions; Analysis of Sequential Circuits Registers, Serial In-serial Out, Serial In-parallel Out, Parallel In-seria Out, Parallel In-parallel Out, Universal Shift Register; Counter Asynchronous and Synchronous Counters, Decade Counters, Counte Design using HDL; Design of Synchronous and Asynchronou Sequential Circuits; State Transition Diagram and Table Implementation using Read Only Memory; Algorithmic State Machine State Reduction Technique; D/A and A/D Conversion, ROM, PROM EPROM, RAM; TTL Parameters, TTL-to-CMOS and CMOS-to-TT. Interfaces; Multiplexing Displays, Frequency Counters Microprocessor-compatible A/D Converters, Execution of Instructione; Macro and Micro Operations; BCD Codes, IEEE Standards; Bloc diagram of a microprocessor, architecture of 8086, pin diagram, registe organization, pipelining, physical address generation; Basics of assembly language programming, assembler, linker, debugger, machin language instruction format; use of opcode sheet, pseudocode an microprocessor programming, elementary operations. About 8 to 10 laboratory experiments based on above syllabus will b performed.	
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO I(a), I(b), 2(a) and 3	
Assessment Method	Assignments, Quizzes, Mid-semester examination and End-semester examination	
Suggested readings	Textbooks:	
	 Digital Principles and Applications (7/e), Donald P. Leach, Tata McGraw Hill (2011). 	
	2. Microprocessor Architecture, Programming and Applications with the 8085 (6/e), Ramesh Gaonkar, PRI (2013).	
	References:	
	1. Mastering Digital Electronics, Hubert Henry Ward, APress (2024).	
	2. Microprocessors and Microcontrollers,	
	3. N. Senthil Kumar, M. Saravanan, S. Jeevananthan (2/e), Oxford University Press (2018).	

Course Number	EP3104
Course Credit	3-1-2-5
Course Title	Solid State Physics
Learning Mode	Class lectures, tutorials, assignments, discussions
Learning Objectives	Complies with program goal 1,2 and 3.
Course Description	This course deals with basic theory of solids which are important to
	understand the vast range of real solids, with an emphasis on its structure
	and physical properties. This includes topics that are entirely based on
	classical methods, and also those which demand a detailed quantum
	methamatical methods are inherently present in this course due to its
	interdisciplinary approach. The course includes theories of metals
	insulators, and semiconductors. Electrical, mechanical, thermal,
	magnetic and superconducting properties are discussed with detailed
	analysis.
Course Outline	Crystal physics: Symmetry operations; Bravais lattices; Point and space
	groups; Miller indices and reciprocal lattice; Structure determination;
	diffraction; X-ray, electron and neutron; Crystal binding; Defects in
	crystals; Point and line defects.
	Lattice vibration and thermal properties: linear lattice; acoustic and
	quantization: Brillouin zones: Specific heat (Einstein and Debye
	models) and thermal conductivity of metals and insulators
	models) and mermal conductivity of metals and institutors.
	Electronic properties: Free electron theory of metals: electrons in a
	periodic potential; Bloch equation; Kronig-Penny model; band theory;
	Nearly free electron and tight-binding model, Motion of electrons in
	applied electric and magnetic fields.
	Semiconductor physics: concept of holes, carrier concentration in
	intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, effective mass and mobility.
	Magnetic granting Dia game and forms granting
	Magnetic properties: Dia-, para- and terro-magnetism.
	Superconductivity: General properties of superconductors Meissner
	effect: London equations: coherence length: type-I and type-II
	superconductors.
	The list of experiments:
	The list of experiments.
	1 Phase transition of Barrium Titanate with temperature
	2. Magnetic susceptibility of a paramagnetic salt using Ouinck's
	Tube method
	3. Magnetic hysteresis loop
	4. Scanning tunneling microscopy of HOPG surface
	5. Nuclear magnetic resonance
	6. Electron spin resonance
	7. X-ray diffraction
	8. UV-VISIBLE absorption spectra of molecules
	7. Fluorescence and phosphorescence spectra of molecules 10. Determination of size of papoparticle using scapping electron
	microscope
	11. Electric hysteresis loop
	12. Magnetoresistance

	13. Determination of bandgap of a semiconductor
	14. Piezoelectric effect
	15. Verification of Weidemann-Franz law
	16. Thermoelectric effect
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO 1a, 1b, 3
Assessment Method	Tutorials & assignments + mid-semester exam + end-semester exam
Suggested Readings:	Textbooks:
	 C. Kittel, Introduction to Solid State Physics, Wiley India (2009). M. A. Omar, Elementary Solid State Physics, Addison-Wesley (2009).
	References:
	 J. Dekker, Solid State Physics, Macmillan (2009). N. W. Ashcroft and N. D. Mermin, Solid State Physics, HBC Publ. (1976). H. P. Myers, Introduction to Solid State Physics, Taylor and Francis (1997). Richard Zallen, The Physics of Amorphous Solids, John Wiley and Sons Inc.,(1983)

Course Number	EP3105		
Course Credit	2-0-2-3		
Course Title	Instrumentation Techniques		
Learning Mode	Class lectures, laboratory demonstration and hands on sessions		
Learning Objectives	Complies with program goal 1,2 and 3.		
Course Description	A sound knowledge of instrumentation is key to a well-rounded training		
	of an engineer. This course introduces the students to fundamental		
	aspects of the 'systems design approach' which will come handy when		
	they want to apply it in development of various systems. The course		
	deals with aspects of signal processing, control, data acquisition and		
	power management. Issues in handling massive data in the form of		
Course Outline	Images and image processing will also be taught.		
Course Outline	Fundamentals of system design		
	Signals processing, Control and Data acquisition: Principles of sensors, transducers, and measurement techniques; Signal processing; Theory of feedback control, stability analysis, and controller design; A/D and D/A, Design Data acquisition, virtual instrumentation; Case studies related to signal processing and control aspects for different systems including advanced analytical instruments, thin film coating units and space applications		
	Power systems: Different types of power supplies; transformers; signal conditioning; estimation of power requirements		
	Vacuum systems: Vacuum production techniques, operation for rotary, diffusion, turbo molecular, and cryo-vacuum pumps; Measurement of vacuum, different gauges and their working; Designing Vacuum Systems: Mechanical and thermal design considerations; Pump throughput estimation; Case studies for vacuum systems in different instruments; accelerators, superconducting magnets, food preservation systems, electron microscopes, thin film coating technology		
	CMOS and CCD camera, coupling light in systems, crucial issue with data handling for large image sizes		
	Lab component: Use of Simulink TM /Simscape in signal processing and control; Designing chambers using Solidwork TM and Comsol TM Multiphysics; Signal transduction; Signal conditioning; Controller deployment using Arduino; Generating vacuum using different pumps; Use of different gauges to measure vacuum; Image and video acquisition; processing of images		
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO 1a, 1b, 3		
Assessment Method	mid-semester exam, end-semester exam		
Suggested Readings:	 Books: Instrumentation: Devices and Systems, C. Rangan, G. Sarma, V. S. V. Mani, 2nd ed. McGraw Hill Education, 2017 Instrumentation for Engineers, J. D. Turner, Springer (reprint), 2020 Vacuum Technology, A. Roth, North-Holland, 3rd ed., 2007. 		
	References: 1. Vacuum Science & Technology- V. V. Rao, K. L. Chopra and		
	 T. B. Ghosh, Allied Publishers Pvt. Ltd., 2012 2. A user's guide to vacuum technology, J. F. O'Hanlon, Wiley- Interscience, 2nd ed., 2003. 		

 Handbook of vacuum science and technology, D. M. Hoffman, Bawa Singh, J. H. Thomas-III (Eds)., Elsevier, 1998.

Sl. No.	Subject Code	SEMESTER VI	L	Т	Р	С
1.	EP3201	Nonlinear Dynamics	2	1	0	3
2.	EP3202	Interfacing and data analysis	1	0	4	3
3.	EP3203	Atomic and Molecular Physics	3	1	2	5
4.	EP3204	Soft Condensed Matter Physics	3	0	0	3
5.	PH32XX	DE – I	3	0	0	3
6.	PH32XX	DE – II	3	0	0	3
	Total Credit 15 2 6 20			20		

Course Number	EP3201
Course Credit (L-T-P-C)	2-1-0-3
Course Title	Nonlinear Dynamics
Learning Mode	Lectures and Tutorials
Learning Objectives	Complies with Program Goals 1, 2 and 3
Course Description	This course will help to understand the concept and method of theory of dynamical system as well as its application to physics, chemistry and biology. It will describe nonlinear phenomena in physical systems by using a minimum background in physics and mathematics.
Course Content	Role of nonlinearity in physical systems. Dynamical systems: Flow systems, iterated maps in 1D and hybrid systems, fixed points, their stability analysis and classifications, physical examples including nonlinear planar pendulum with and without damping. Flows in two dimensions: limit cycles, Poincare-Benedixon theorem, driven oscillators with damping, bifurcations in one and two dimensions, Hopf bifurcation. Chaos and various routes to chaos: period doubling, intermittency and quasi-periodic routes, Lyapunov exponents, self-similarity and fractal objects. Fractal dimensions, Lorentz system and its fixed points and stability. Cantor set, logistic map, computer based problems relevant to engineering and biology.
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO 1(a), 1(b), 2(a) and 3(a)
Assessment Method	Assignments, Quizzes, Mid-semester examination and End-semester examination
Suggested Readings:	 Textbooks: S. H. Strogatz, Nonlinear Dynamics & Chaos, CRC Press, 2018. Nonlinear Ordinary Differential Equations, D. W. Jordan and P. Smith References: Chaos and Nonlinear Dynamics: an Introduction for Scientists and Engineers, R.C. Hillborn R. H. Enns and G. C. McGuire, Nonlinear Physics with Mathematica for Scientists and Engineers, Birkhäuser, Boston, 2001.

Course Number	EP3202
Course Credit	1-0-4-3
Course Title	Interfacing and Data analysis
Learning Mode	Lecture and Lab
Learning Objectives	Complies with Program Goals 1, 2 and 3
Course Description	The course teaches (a) how to control and communicate remotely through interfacing and (b) perform a(multiple) measurement(s) by using Labview. It will also introduce different ways of communications like GPIB, RS-232 etc. Various ways to display and analyze data will also be covered.
Course Outline	Overview of GUI software based data acquisition and analysis platforms, Programming basics; Front panel; block diagram; data flow Programming Structures: for/while loops; shift resistor; case structures; sequence structures Graphs and charts: Arrays; Clusters
	Serial ports (RS232) and GPIB (IEEE 488.1) Communication; Background and working principle; communication with instruments; instrument drivers; Property nodes; strings; file I/O; data acquisition and visualization Data analysis: Gaussian and Poisson distribution; Error analysis; Regression; Bayesian parameter estimation and hypothesis testing; The maximum-entropy approach; Linear and nonlinear model fitting; Time-series analysis
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO 1(a),1(b), 2(a) and 3a
Assessment Method	Day to Day experimental assessment and viva End term examination
Suggested Readings:	 Getting Started with Labview, NI Instruments Labview user manual by NI Instruments Bevington, Philip R. and D. Keith Robinson, Data Reduction and Error Analysis for the Physical Sciences, 3rd edition, McGraw-Hill, New York, 2003. Meyer, Stuart L., Data Analysis for Scientists and Engineers, John Wiley and Sons, Inc., New York, 1975. Young, Hugh D., Statistical Treatment of Experimental Data, McGraw- Hill Book Company, Inc., New York, 1962. Bayesian Logical Data Analysis for the Physical Sciences: A Comparative Approach with Mathematica Support (Links to an external site.), by Phil Gregory (Cambridge University Press). A Student's Guide To Python for Physical Modeling (Links to an external site.), by Jesse M. Kinder and Philip Nelson (Princeton University Press).

Course Number	EP3203
Course Credit (L-T-P-C)	3-1-2-5
Course Title	Atomic and Molecular Physics
Learning Mode	Lectures & Tutorials
Learning Objectives	Complies with program goals 1. 2 and 3
Course Description	This course provides engineering students building strong fundamentals in
	Atomic Physics and Molecular physics. Also this course introduces
	methods and models which are very essential to pursue research in
	advanced theoretical, experimental physics and engineering applications.
Course Outline	Time independent and time-dependent perturbation theory, interaction of one electron atoms with electromagnetic radiation, Transition rates, The dipole approximation, Selection rules, Spectrum of one electron atoms, Line intensities and the life time of the excited states, Line shapes and widths, Fine structure and Hyperfine structure, The Lamb Shift, Zeeman and Stark effect. Many electron atoms: Variational method, Hartree- Fock method and the SCF, Central field approximation, L-S coupling and j-j coupling, Molecular structure, Born-Oppenheimer approximation, Electronic structure of diatomic molecule, Electronic, Rotational, Vibrational and Vibration-Rotation Spectra of diatomic molecules. The list of experiments:
	1 Fronk Hortz experiment
	 Frank Hertz experiment Verification of Stefan-Boltzman law Determination of Rydberg constant from Hydrogen spectra Blackbody spectra
	5. X-ray spectra of tungsten at various accelerating potentials
	6. Scattering of alpha particle by a thin gold foil: Rutherford
	Scattering,
	7. Auger effect
	8. Compton effect
	9. Stern-Gerlach experiment
	10. Normal and Anomalous Zeeman effect
	11. Stark effect
	12. The structure
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO 1a, 1b, 2a and 3a
Assessment Method	Assignments Ouizzes Mid-semester examination End-semester
Assessment wethou	examination
Suggested Readings:	
Textbooks:	• B.H. Bransden and C.J. Joachain, Physics of Atoms and Molecules, Longman Scientific and Technical 1983
	 Gordon W and F. Drake, Springer Handbook of Atomic, Molecular, and Optical Physics. Springer, 2006
	• W. Demtroder, Atoms, Molecules and Photons, Springer, 2010
	• H Haken and H C Wolf Physics of Atoms and Quanta Springer
	2005.
	• H. E. White, Introduction to Atomic Spectra, McGraw Hill, 2019
	• G. K. Woodgate, Elementary Atomic Structure, 2 nd Ed.,
	ClerentonPress, Oxford, 2002
	• M. Karplus and R. N. Porter, Atoms and Molecules: An Introduction for Students of Physical Chemistry
References:	• Ira N. Levine, Quantum Chemistry, 6 th Edition, PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi, 2009.
	• John P. Lowe and Kirk A. Peterson, Quantum Chemistry, 3 rd Edition,
	Academic Press, 2009.
	• Peter Atkins and Ronald Friedman, 4"Edition, Oxford Univ. Press, 2012.

•	Collin N. Banwell and Elain M. Mc Cash, Fundamentals of
	Molecular Spectroscopy, 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hills, 2008.

Course Number	EP3204
Course Credit (L-T-P-C)	3-0-0-3
Course Title	Soft Condensed Matter Physics
Learning Mode	Lectures and Tutorials
Learning Objectives	Complies with Program Goals 1, 2a and 3
Course Description	Create understanding diffusion in soft matter, colloids, and polymers. Learn expertise for biologically relevant polymers, different self-assemblies, and impact of varied interfaces. Acquire understanding of liquid crystals and various experimental techniques for characterizing soft matter.
Course Content	Introduction to Soft Matter: Overview of soft matter, entropy in disordered systems; forces, energies, length scale and time scales in soft matter Diffusion processes: Fick's laws, Diffusion Equation, Random walks, Brownian motion, Langevin and Fokker-Plank equations Colloids: Colloidal particle in a liquid (Stoke's law and Brownian motion), forces between colloidal particles (Van der Waals, electrostatic double layer, steric, depletion interaction), stability and phase behaviour of colloids.
	Polymers: Basic concepts, types of polymers, molecular weights, determination of molecular weights. Crystallization
	<i>Self-Assemblies and Interface Science:</i> Self-assembled phases in solutions of amphiphilic molecules, spherical micelles and critical micelle concentration, reverse micelles, bilayers and vesicles, Langmuir monolayers; complex phases in surfactant solutions and microemulsions.
	<i>Liquid Crystals:</i> Types of liquid crystals, characteristics and identification of liquid crystal phases, nematic/isotropic transition, rigidity and elastic constants of a nematic liquid crystal.
	<i>Biological Soft Matter:</i> DNA (structure, condensation, noncanonical structures), RNA (structure, folding, crystallization), proteins (structure, folding, crystallization).
	Applications of soft matter physics.
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO 1, 2a and 3
Assessment Method	Assignments, Quizzes, Presentation, Mid-semester examination and End- semester examination
Suggested Readings:	Textbooks:
	 Soft condensed matter by R. A. L. Jones, Oxford University Press Biological Physics by P. Nelson Polymer Physics by Tanaka Fumihiko, Cambridge University Press References:
	 Liquid Crystals: Nature delicate phase of matter by P. J. Collings, Princeton University Press Ian W. Hamley, Introduction to Soft Matter: Synthetic and Biological Self- Assembling Materials, John Wiley & Sons. Thomas A. Witten and Philip A. Pincus, Structured Fluids: Polymers, Colloids and Surfactants, Oxford University Press. Scaling Concepts in Polymer Physics, P. G. de Gennes

Sl. No.	Course Code	Departmental Elective – I	L	Т	Р	С
1.	PH3201	Engineering Optics	3	0	0	3
2.	PH3202	Cryogenic Engineering	3	0	0	3
3.	PH3203	Advanced Quantum Mechanics	3	0	0	3
4.	PH3204	Power Sources for Electric Vehicles	3	1	0	4
5.	PH3205	Engineering Electromagnetics	3	0	0	3

Course Number	PH3201		
Course Credit	3-0-0-3		
Course Title	Engineering Optics		
Learning Mode	Lectures and Assignments		
Learning Objectives	Complies with Program Goals 1,2 and 3		
Course Description	This course introduces students various optical systems, optical devices needed for various engineering applications in the field of Optics and modern cutting edge technology		
Course Outline	Lens systems: Basics and concepts of lens design, some lens systems. Optical components: Reflective, refractive and diffractive systems; Mirrors,		
	prisms, gratings, filters, polarizing components.		
	Interferometric systems: Two beam, multiple beam, shearing, scatter fringe		
	and polarization interferometers.		
	Vision Optics: Eye and vision, colorimetry basics.		
	Optical sources: Incandescent, fluorescent, discharge lamps, Light emitting diode.		
	Optical detectors: Photographic emulsion, thermal detectors, photodiodes,		
	photomultiplier tubes, detector arrays, Charge-coupled device, CMOS.		
	Optical Systems: Telescopes, microscopes (bright field, dark field, confocal,		
	phase contrast, digital holographic), projection systems, interferometers,		
	spectrometers.		
	Display devices: Cathode ray tube, Liquid crystal display, Liquid crystals on		
	silicon, Digital light processing, Digital micro-mirror device, Gas plasma, LED		
	display, Organic led displays (OLED).		
	Consumer devices: Optical disc drives: CD, DVD; laser printer, photocopier,		
	cameras, image intensifiers.		
L. C. A			
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO I(a), I(b), 2(a) and 3		
Assessment Method	examination		
Suggested Readings:	Text Books:		
	 R. S. Longhurst, <i>Geometrical and Physical Optics</i>, 3rd ed., Orient Longman, 1988. R. F. Fischer, B. Tadic-Galeb, and P. R. Yoder, <i>Optical System Design</i> 		
	2^{nd} ed., SPIE Press, 2008.		
	Reference Books:		
	 W. J. Smith, <i>Modern Optical Engineering</i>, 3rd ed., McGraw Hill, 2000. K. Iizuka, <i>Engineering Optics</i>, Springer, 2008. B. H. Walker, <i>Optical Engineering Fundamentals</i>, SPIE Press, 1995. 		

Course Number	PH3202
Course Credit (L-T-P-C)	3-0-0-3
Course Title	Cryogenic Engineering
Learning Mode	Lectures and Tutorials
Learning Objectives	Complies with Program Goals 1, 2 and 3
Course Description	Equips the students with the techniques in Cryogenic Engineering and
	allows them to apply these techniques in both research and industrial
	scenarios
Course Content	Introduction to cryogenic engineering and its scope; components of a
	typical cryogenic systems; physical properties of cryogenic fluids such as
	nitrogen, helium and hydrogen including their extraction, purification,
	regeneration, safe storage and transfer; sensors at cryogenic temperatures;
	cryogenic heat transfer; cryocooler systems for refrigeration and
	liquefaction; elements of cryogenic system design and instrumentation;
	low heat leak structural supports, thermal mass considerations, thermal
	insulation systems, liquefaction/refrigeration of cryogens; Stirling, Claude
	and related cycles, recovery and storage, cryogenic heat exchangers,
	angings and turbing machanisms: safety features in ervogenic systems:
	design considerations for envogenic systems for applications including
	CCP MPL NMP accelerators adiabatic demagnetization and dilution
	refrigerators, and cryogenic engines
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO 1(a) 1(b) 2(b) and 3
Assessment Method	Assignments Ouizzes Mid-semester examination and End-semester
Assessment Wethou	examination
Suggested Readings:	Textbooks:
~ "55"	
	1. Randall Barron, Cryogenic Systems, 2nd Edition (1985).
	2. Thomas M. Flynn, Cryogenic Engineering, New York, NY:
	Marcel Dekker USA, 2 nd Edition (2005).
	References:
	1. Zuvu Zhao and Chao Wang. Cryogenic Engineering and Technologies.
	CRC Press, Taylor and Francis USA (2020).
	2. Frank Pobell, Matters and Methods at Low Temperature, 3rd Edition,
	Springer (2007)

Course Number	PH3203
Course Credit (L-T-P-C)	3-0-0-3
Course Title	Advanced Quantum Mechanics
Learning Mode	Lectures & Tutorials
Learning Objectives	Complies with Program Goals 1, 2 and 3
Course Description	In this course students will learn time dependent perturbation theory,
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	scattering theory and relativistic quantum mechanics.
Course Content	Time dependent perturbation theory, interaction picture; Einstein's coefficients, spontaneous and stimulated emission and absorption, application to lasers; Semi-classical and quantum theories of light-matter interactions;
	Scattering theory: Laboratory and centre of mass frames, differential and total scattering cross-sections, scattering amplitude; Born approximation, Partial wave analysis;
	Theory of open quantum system, density matrix, Markovian master equation; Quantum wave packet dynamics; Quantum Information;
	Symmetries in quantum mechanics: Conservation laws, and degeneracy associated with symmetries; Continuous symmetries, space and time translations, rotations; Rotation group; Discrete symmetries; parity, charge and time reversal;
	Relativistic quantum mechanics, Concept of antiparticles; Dirac equation, covariant form, Plane wave solution and momentum space, spinors; Spin and magnetic moment of the electron.
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO 1, 2(a) and 3
Assessment Method	Assignments, Quizzes, Seminar, Mid-semester examination, End- semester examination
Suggested Readings:	Textbooks:
	1. C. Cohen-Tannoudji, Quantum Mechanics (Vol-I and II), John Wiley & Sons (Asia), 2005.
	2. L. I. Schiff, Quantum Mechanics, McGraw-Hill, 1968.
	3. J. J. Sakurai, Advanced Quantum Mechanics, Pearson Education, 2007.
	4. J. J. Sakurai, Modern Quantum Mechanics, Pearson Education, 2002.
	5. R. Shankar, Principles of Quantum Mechanics, Springer (India), 2008.
	<ol> <li>Heinz-Peter Breuer, Francesco Petruccione, Theory of Open Quantum Systems, Oxford University Press, 2003.</li> </ol>
	Reference Books:
	<ol> <li>B. H. Bransden and C. J. Joachain, Quantum Mechanics, Parson Education 2nd Ed, 2004.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>E. Merzbacher, Quantum Mechanics, John Wiley (Asia), 1999.</li> <li>V.K. Thankappan, Quantum Mechanics, Wiley Eastern, 1985.</li> </ol>
	10. R.P. Feynman, R.B. Leighton and M.Sands, The Feynman Lectures on Physics, Vol.3, Narosa Publication House, 1992.
	11. P.A.M. Dirac, The Principles of Quantum Mechanics, Oxford University Press, 1991.

<ol> <li>L.D.Landau and E.M. Lifshitz, Quantum Mechanics - Nonrelativistic Theory, 3rd Ed, Pergamon, 1981.</li> </ol>
<ol> <li>L.D.Landau and E.M. Lifshitz, Quantum Mechanics - Nonrelativistic Theory, 3rd Ed, Pergamon, 1981.</li> </ol>

Course Number	PH3204
Course Credit	L - T - P : 3 - 1 - 0 - 4
Course Title	Power Sources for Electric Vehicles
Learning Mode	Physical Presence in Class Room
Learning Objectives	This course is highly relevant and industry demand driven contents in the emerging are of clean and green technology to reduce carbon foot print and bring transformation with "zero emission" transport system. It aims to impart a comprehensive training and skill pertaining to;
	<ol> <li>energy storage technologies from ab initio storage cells to current state of developments.</li> <li>concept, design, fabrication and testing protocol of energy and power cells for EV applications.</li> <li>bridge the technological gap with adequate skill focused content to fulfil the emerging need of competent workforce for EV industry.</li> </ol>
Course Outline	<b>Module-1:</b> Power generation for transport with focus on zero emissions, an overview of electric vehicles and their power requirements, battery powered electric vehicles (EVs), performance criteria for EV batteries, laboratory testing protocols for EV batteries
	<b>Module-2:</b> Vehicle mechanics and power requirements, energy storage cell fundamentals, batteries, fly wheels and super capacitors, cell design and customization approach for cell voltage and current modification, cell and battery modelling for rated power requirement and design.
	<b>Module-3:</b> Concepts of super capacitors as a storage cell with large power delivery, supercapacitor classification, design, fabrication, testing and applications, advantage and challenges in integration of a super capacitor with battery and possible alternatives.
	<b>Module-4:</b> Design of a battery pack for EV application, operational safety challenges and need for thermal management and battery management systems (BMS), Safety considerations and protocols for battery pack development in EVs with case study for e-cycle, e-bike, 3-wheelers.
Learning Outcome	Learners of the course will be able upskill their knowledge and skill to fulfil emergent need of rapidly expanding electric vehicle (EV) industry.
Assessment Method	Class test and Quiz/Assignment (20%), MSE: (30%), ESE: (50%)
Suggested Readings:	<ol> <li>Batteries for Electric Vehicles, D.A.J. Rand, R. Woods, R.M. Dell., John Wiley &amp; Sons Inc.</li> <li>Electric and Hybrid Vehicles: Design Fundamentals, Iqbal Husain, CRC Press</li> <li>Electric Vehicle Technology Explained, James Larmenier, John Lowry, John Wiley &amp; Sons</li> </ol>

Course Number	PH3205
Course Credit	3-0-0-3
Course Title	Engineering Electromagnetics
Learning Mode	Class lectures, tutorials, assignments, discussions.
Learning Objectives	Complies with Program Goals 1, 2 and 3
Course Description	This course builds upon advanced engineering topics in electromagnetics, with focus on cutting edge engineering applications.
Course Outline	Review of Electromagnetic theory, wave guides and resonant cavities, rectangular and cylindrical waveguides. dielectric and surface waveguides, Multimode propagation in optical fibers, Introduction to radiating systems, localized oscillating source, dipole fields and radiation, Monopole and dipole antennas, Antenna arrays. Yagi, Horn, Parabola, micro strip and patch antennas, Microwave cavities. Scattering matrix, S parameters, reciprocity, coupling energy to a waveguide, Microwave components: Gunn, impatt and varacter diodes, etc and their use in designing RF circuits, Practical RF circuit design, Frequency-independent antennas, log-periodic antennas, spiral antennas. RF-Id systems, Studies of RF circuits in mobile phones and satellite communications.
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO 1(a), 1(b), 2(a) and 3
Assessment Method	Assignments, Quizzes, Mid-semester examination and End-semester
	examination.
Suggested Readings:	<ol> <li><u>Text books:</u> <ol> <li>J. D. Jackson, Classical Electrodynamics, 3rd ed., Wiley, 1999.</li> <li>Antennas and Wave propagation 5ED by John D. Kraus, Ronald J. Marhefka, et al (SIE) (PB 2018).</li> <li>D. M. Pozar, Microwave Engineering; 4/e, John Wiley &amp; Sons Inc, 2012.</li> <li>R. E. Collin, Foundations for Microwave Engineering; 2/e, Wiley-IEEE Press, 2000.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>
	<u>References:</u>
	<ol> <li>D. J. Griffiths, Introduction to Electrodynamics, Third Edition, Pearson Education Inc., 2006.</li> <li>J. D. Ryder, Networks, Lines and Fields, Second Edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2002.</li> <li>Feynman Lectures on Physics Vol-II, Pearson, 2012.</li> <li><i>Antenna theory</i>: analysis and design. <i>CA Balanis</i>. John Wiley &amp; Sons, Inc, 2016</li> <li>M. Liao, Microwave devices and Circuits; 3/e, Prentice Hall of India, 2004.</li> </ol>

Sl. No.	Course Code	Departmental Elective – II	L	Т	Р	С
1.	PH3206	Laser Physics	3	0	0	3
2.	PH3207	Advanced Mathematical Methods	2	1	0	3
3.	PH3208	Electron Microscopy	3	0	0	3
4.	PH3209	Quantum Computation	2	1	0	3
5.	PH3210	Device Modeling and Design	2	1	0	3

Course Number	PH3206
Course Credit (L-T-P-C)	3-0-0-3
Course Title	Laser Physics
Learning Mode	Lectures
Learning Objectives	Complies with Program Goals 1, 2a and 3
Course Description	Create understanding of basic light-matter interactions, design, and construction of laser. Learn expertise in usage and safety of laser. Acquire understanding of component of lasers and pulsing menthodology.
Course Content	Introduction to laser physics; Light-matter Interaction; Semiclassical theory, Wave and quantum properties of light, Spontaneous and stimulated emissions, Einstein's coefficients. Line shape function, Line broadening: Homogeneous and inhomogeneous broadening, natural, Doppler and collisional broadening. <i>Light amplification;</i> Optical saturation, Population inversion, Optical pumping, Rate Equations; 2-level, 3-level and 4-levl lasers, Laser action (gain, threshold, power, frequency), Gain saturation, Optimal conditions for laser operation; Laser saturation, <i>Optical Resonator:</i> Longitudinal and transverse laser cavity modes, cavity loss, Q-factor, ABCD matrix, Stable and unstable resonator, Properties of Gaussian Beam and propagation. <i>Laser Pulsing:</i> Hole Burning; Q-Switching; Mode Locking; Single Mode Lasers; Ultrafast laser systems, linear and nonlinear pulse propagation <i>Types of Lasers:</i> He-Ne Laser; Nd-YAG Laser; Solid-state laser, Gas Laser Dye Laser, Excimer Laser; Semiconductor Laser; Tuneable Lasers, Supercontinuum Laser, Fiber Lasers <i>Laser Safety and applications:</i>
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO 1, 2a and 3
Assessment Method	Assignments, Quizzes, Presentation, Mid-semester examination and End- semester examination
Suggested Readings:	1. Optical Electronics, Ajoy Ghatak and K.Thyagarajan, CUP, 2003.
	2. Photonics, Amnon Yariv and Pochi Yeh, 6 th ed., OUP, 2009.
	3. Fundamentals of Photonics, B.E.A.Saleh and M.C.Teich, 2 nd ed., Wiley Interscience, 2007.
	4. W. T. Silfvast, Laser Fundamentals, Cambridge University Press

Course Number	PH3207
Course Credit (L-T-P-C)	2-1-0-3
Course Title	Advanced Mathematical Methods
Learning Mode	Lectures & Tutorials
Learning Objectives	The purpose of the course is to introduce students to methods of mathematical physics and to develop required mathematical skills to solve problems in quantum mechanics, electrodynamics and other advanced courses in physics.
Course Description	The course offers detailed study on group theory and advanced numerical techniques. Group theory plays an important role in particle physics. Numerical techniques are handy in solving several advanced physics and engineering problems.
Course Outline	<ul> <li>Module A: Group Theory: Definition, Subgroups, Classes and Examples, Group representations (regular and product; reducible and irreducible), Characters, Physical applications, Infinite groups; Lie groups and Lie algebra, Generators: Representations of Z2, SU(1,1), SU(2), SU(3) and SO(3). Integral Equations: Generating functions, Newmann series.</li> <li>Module B: Numerical Optimisation:- Newton's method, Golden section search, Conjugate gradient method. Linear Programming, Simplex Method; Numerical Solution of Partial Differential Equations:-Difference Equation, Crank-Nicolson method, Split operator technique; Eigen value problems:- Jacobi transformation Fourier Transform:-Discrete Fourier Transform and Fast Fourier Transform in two or more dimensions; Engineering applications.</li> </ul>
Learning Outcome	PLO 1b, 3
Assessment Method	Mid-semetser examination, End-semester examination, Quiz & Assignments
Suggested Readings:	<ul> <li>Textbooks:</li> <li>George B. Arfken and Hans J. Weber, Mathematical Methods for Physicists, Academic Press Inc., 4th Edition, 1995.</li> <li>E. Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Wiley India, 8th Edition, 2008.</li> <li>M. Abramowitz and I. A. Stegan, Mandbook of Mathematical Functions, Dover Publs., INC., New York, 1965.</li> <li>References:</li> <li>R.V. Churchill and J.W. Brown: Complex Variables and Applications.</li> <li>A. Zee: Group Theory in a Nutshell for Physicists, Princeton University Press, 2016</li> </ul>

Course Number	PH3208
Course Credit (L-T-P-C)	3-0-0-3
Course Title	Electron Microscopy
Learning Mode	Lectures
Learning Objectives	The objective of the course is to introduce the student to the electron microscopy and its utilization in modern technology. The students will learn about the electron-matter interaction, working principle of electron microscopes. The principle of electron optics and its use will be learned by the students. The opportunity in electron microscopy area will be known to the student.
Course Description	The course discusses different kinds of electron microscopy and electron spectroscopy. Analysis of TEM and SEM image, electron diffraction pattern, X-ray spectra analysis and, their applications in industry will be covered in this course.
Course Content	Module 1:
	Introduction to Microscopy, Limitations of the Human Eye, Optic, The X-ray Microscope, Electron Microscope, Low-Energy and Photoelectron Microscopes, Atom-Probe Microscopy.
	Module 2:
	Electron Sources, safety and precautions, Electron optics, electromagnetic lenses, Comparison of Magnetic and Electrostatic Lenses, Aberration Correctors and Monochromators, Electron and matter interaction, Scattering and diffraction, reciprocal space, Bloch waves, Diffraction from crystal, diffraction from small volume, elastic and inelastic scattering, absorption, dispersion, polarization, reflection, Imaging with Electrons, radiation damage, electron tomography, electron holography.
	Module 3:
	Transmission Electron Microscopy: Instrument, holders, lenses, cameras, apertures and resolution, imaging, amplitude contrast, phase contrast, bending effect, planer defects, bright field imaging, dark field imaging, high resolution imaging, Scanning transmission electron microscopy, image simulation and image analysis,
	Spectroscopy, X-ray spectroscopy, qualitative and quantitative X-ray analysis, electron energy loss spectroscopy and images, fine structure, diffraction pattern, indexing diffraction pattern, specimen (hard, soft, powder, ad biological) preparation, Industrial applications.
	Module 4:
	Scanning Electron Microscopy: Instrument, holders, lenses, apertures, resolution, Electron detectors, Back scattered electron, Secondary electron, Auger electron, imaging, Auger electron spectroscopy. Augur electron microscopy, image simulation and image analysis,
	Spectroscopy, X-ray spectroscopy, qualitative and quantitative X-ray analysis, EBSD, diffraction pattern and analysis, specimen preparation, Industrial applications.
Learning Outcome	The student will introduce himself/herself to the electron microscopy. The industrial applications of electron microscopy will be known. There are lots of opportunity in electron microscopy as it is a modern technique and it has lots of industrial applications. Hence, the students can take the job in the electron microscopy industries or they can make entrepreneur for supporting to the electron microscopy industries.
Assessment Method	Assignments, mini projects, Quizzes, Mid-semester examination, and End- semester examination.

Suggested Readings:	Textbooks:
	<ol> <li>Physical Principles of Electron Microscopy, Ray F. Egerton, springer, 2005, New York</li> <li>Scanning Electron Microscopy, Ludwig Reimer, springer, 1998, New York,</li> <li>Transmission Electron Microscopy, David B. Williams, C. Barry Carter, springer, 2009</li> </ol>
	References:
	<ol> <li>Electron Microscopy: Principles and Fundamentals, S. Amelinckx (Editor), Dirk van Dyck (Editor), J. van Landuyt (Editor), Gustaaf van Tendeloo (Editor), Wiley, 2007.</li> <li>Electron microscopy Methods and Protocols, John Kuo, Springer, 2014.</li> <li>The principles and Practice of Electron Microscopy, Ian M. Watt, Cambridge University Press, 1997.</li> </ol>

Course TitleQuantum ComputationCourse Credit (L-T-P-C)2-1-0-3Learning ModeLectures & TutorialsLearning ObjectivesQuantum Computing is one of the fastest growing topics for research, development and industry. A number of insightful questions arise in the mind of students, such as - what is quantum computer? Why is it required? How does it look like? How can these be implemented? When will we get quantum computer for personal use? = etc. This course is intended to provide answers to all these
Course Credit (L-T-P-C)       2-1-0-3         Learning Mode       Lectures & Tutorials         Learning Objectives       Quantum Computing is one of the fastest growing topics for research, development and industry. A number of insightful questions arise in the mind of students, such as - what is quantum computer? Why is it required? How does it look like? How can these be implemented? When will we get quantum computer for personal use? – etc. This course is intended to provide answers to all these
Learning Mode       Lectures & Tutorials         Learning Objectives       Quantum Computing is one of the fastest growing topics for research, development and industry. A number of insightful questions arise in the mind of students, such as - what is quantum computer? Why is it required? How does it look like? How can these be implemented? When will we get quantum computer for personal use? – etc. This course is intended to provide answers to all these
Learning Objectives Quantum Computing is one of the fastest growing topics for research, development and industry. A number of insightful questions arise in the mind of students, such as - what is quantum computer? Why is it required? How does it look like? How can these be implemented? When will we get quantum computer for personal use? – etc. This course is intended to provide answers to all these
research, development and industry. A number of insightful questions arise in the mind of students, such as - what is quantum computer? Why is it required? How does it look like? How can these be implemented? When will we get quantum computer for personal use? – etc. This course is intended to provide answers to all these
questions arise in the mind of students, such as - what is quantum computer? Why is it required? How does it look like? How can these be implemented? When will we get quantum computer for personal use? – etc. This course is intended to provide answers to all these
computer? Why is it required? How does it look like? How can these be implemented? When will we get quantum computer for personal use? – etc. This course is intended to provide answers to all these
be implemented? When will we get quantum computer for personal $use_{2}$ and $use_{3}$ and $use_{4}$ because is intended to provide answers to all these
1100 / - 010 - 100 / 000000 10 000000 00 0000000 00 0000000 00
questions in the level of undergraduate students
Course Contents Eurodamental idea of quantum computing: Moore's Law: Operators
and matrices: Pauli matrices inner outer and tensor products
Unitarity:
$(2 \ lectures + 1 \ tutorial)$
(,
Quantum nonlocal superposition; Quantum entanglement; Basics of
quantum measurements (General, Projective, POVM); From Bits to
Qubits with examples, Bloch sphere, Single and multiple qubit logic
gates, Universal quantum gates; Basic quantum circuits, Quantum
Teleportation protocol; Quantum Fourier Transform, Quantum phase
estimation, Factorization algorithm;
(8 lectures+4 lutorials)
Relevant knowledge of Quantum Optics & Quantum information:
Physical realizations of Quantum computers: quantized harmonic
oscillator; Density operator, ensemble of quantum states;
(5 lectures+2 tutorials)
Fundamentals of various quantum computers: semiconductor based
quantum computer, photonic based quantum computer, cold- and
ultracold-atom based quantum computers, use of cavity-QED;
(7 lectures+3 tutorials)
Applications of quantum computing in other fields: ideas of quantum
Applications of quantum computing in other fields: ideas of quantum computing in other fields: ideas of quantum
Quantum Simulators: AI and Quantum computing: State-of-the-art
quantum computation and Future outlook.
$(8 \ lectures + 4 \ tutorials)$
Learning Outcome
The course will build up the basic foundation required for knowing
the working of a quantum computer, quantum information
processing through quantum circuits, examples with well-known
quantum algorithms, various quantum computers, important
applications and future outlook. The students will also be given
in quantum computing. It will impart the motivation to students for
further applying their knowledge to the progress of the field in both
R&D and industry.
Assessment Method Assignments, Quizzes, MSE and ESE
Suggested readings
Textbooks:
1. Quantum Computation and Quantum Information, M. A.
Nielsen and I. L. Chuang, Cambridge University Press,

An Introduction to Quantum Computing, Phillip Kaye, R.
Laflamme, M. Mosca, Oxford University Press, 2007.
Preskill, John. Lecture notes for physics 229: Quantum
information and computation. California Institute of
Technology 16.1 (1998): 1-8.
Nakahara, Mikio, and Tetsuo Ohmi. Quantum computing:
from linear algebra to physical realizations. CRC press,
2008.
Mermin, N. David. Quantum computer science: an
introduction. Cambridge University Press, 2007.
nces:
Quantum Supremacy, Michio Kaku, Allen Lane-Penguin
publisher, 2023.
McMahon, David. Quantum computing explained. John
Wiley & Sons, 2007.
Riley Tipton Perry, Quantum Computing from the Ground
Up, World Scientific Publishing Ltd (2012).
Scott Aaronson, Quantum Computing since Democritus,
Cambridge, 2013.
Bouwmeester, D., Ekert, A. and Zeilinger, A., (2000), The
Physics of Quantum Information, Reprint edition, Springer
Berlin Heidelberg.
Barenco, Adriano, et al. Elementary gates for quantum
computation. Physical review A 52.5 (1995): 3457.
Quantum Computing: Lecture Notes, Ronald de Wolf.
OuSoft, CWI and University of Amsterdam.
arXiv:1907.09415v3, 2022.
······································

Course Number	PH3210			
Course Credit	2-1-0-3			
Course Title	Device Modeling and Design			
Learning Mode	Lectures and Tutorials			
Learning Objectives	Complies with Program goals 1, 2 and 3			
Course Description	This course provides detailed theoretical overview of Device Modeling and Design			
Course Outline	Crystalstructure-UnitcellandMillerIndicesReciprocal Space, Doping, Band Structure, Effective Mass, Density of states, Distribution Function, and carrier concentration calculation, Carrier transport, Mobility and diffusivity, continuity equation, Poisson's equation, Semiclassical transport, carrier density equation, current density equation			
	p-n junction, Metal-semiconductor junction, BJT, Heterojunction, Schottky junctions, MOS capacitor, MOSFET, JFET, Capacitor-Voltage Characteristics,			
	Boltzmann Transport Equation (BTE), Relaxation-Time Approximation (RTA), Scattering and Mobility. Drift-Diffusion Model Derivation and dielectric relaxation time			
	Generation and Recombination models, Derivation of SRH model, Boundary conditions, Gummel's Iteration Method and Newton's Method, As extension of DD model, Carrier Balance, Energy balance and momentum balance Equations, Direct solution scheme through Monte Carlo simulations, Models for DD, Hydrodynamic simulations, Mobility and G-R models,			
	Introduction to Silvaco ATLAS (device) and ATHENA (process) simulation framework. Simulator syntax, Numerical method choice, TCAD tools, MixedMode simulation,			
	Basics of semiconductor processing, Si-Based Nanoelectronics and Device Scaling, scaling implications, short channel effects, effective channel length, effects of channel length and width on threshold voltage, Compact models for MOSFET and their implementation in SPICE. MOS model parameters in SPICE.			
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO 1a. 1b. 2a and 3a			
Assessment Method	Quiz, Assignments and Exams			
Suggested Readings:	Textbooks:			
	1. Umesh K. Mishra and Jasprit Singh, Semiconductor Device Physics and			
	Design, Springer, 2008.			
	<b>2.</b> G. Streetman, and S. K. Banerjee, "Solid State Electronic Devices," 7th			
	edition, Pearson,2014.			
	3. S. M. Sze and K. N. Kwok, "Physics of Semiconductor Devices," 3rd			
	edition, John Wiley&Sons, 2006.			
	4. D Vasileska, SM. Goodnick, G Klimeck, "Computational Electronics:			
	Semiclassical and Quantum Device Modeling and Simulation," CRC			
	$= \begin{array}{c} \text{Press 2010.} \\ \text{F}  \text{C}  \text{H}  \text{L}  \text{C}  \text{L}  \text{H}  \text{L}  \text{L}  \text{C}  \text{L}  \text{L}$			
	5. Selbernerr Siegified, "Analysis and Simulation of Semiconductor Devices", 1984			

Sl. No.	Subject Code	SEMESTER VII	L	Т	Р	С
1.	EP4105	Quantum Technology Laboratory	1	0	3	2.5
2.	PH41XX	DE-III	3	0	0	3
3.	HS41XX	HSS Elective – II	3	0	0	3
4.	XX41PQ	IDE – III	3	0	0	3
5.	PH4198	Summer Internship*	0	0	12	3
6.	PH4199	Project – I	0	0	12	6
Total Credit			10	0	27	20.5

Course Number	EP4105				
Course Credit	1-0-3-2.5				
Course Title	Quantum Technology Laboratory				
Learning Mode	Laboratory course				
Learning Objectives	Aligns with PLO 1, 2 and 3				
Course Description	It provides hands-on experience and skills for experiments in quantum				
	techniques that are challenging at varying levels of expertise.				
Course Content	(Around 10 experiments out of the following will run at a time)				
	Theme: Quantum Simulators for Quantum Computing, Quantum Communication etc				
	Designing of quantum circuits: complex quantum circuits using universal				
	quantum gates, and quantum state preparation.				
	<b>Exp 1</b> : Logic operations in discrete-variable and continuous-variable quantum				
	computations including quantum measurements.				
	Exp 2: Decomposition of single qubit parameterized quantum gates, Controlled-				
	parameterized quantum gates and multi-controlled quantum gates.				
	Exp 3: Designing quantum states like superposition, GHZ etc.				
	Exp 4: Implementing quantum Equipric transformation				
	<b>Exp 4</b> . Implementing quantum rouner transformation.				
	<b>Exp 5</b> : Implementing Quantum phase estimation.				
	<b>Exp 7</b> : Implementing different quantum algorithms for fidelity estimation				
	between pure quantum states				
	Ouantum communication.				
	<b>Exp 8</b> : Implementing quantum teleportation protocol				
	Quantum computation for AI.				
	<b>Exp 9</b> : Designing quantum fidelity classifier using quantum Hadamard test.				
	<b>Exp 10</b> : Designing quantum kernels using Gaussian states.				
	Theme: Quantum Interference: This experimental setup, investigate various				
	aspects of quantum interference.				
	Exp 11: Two Photon Interferometer				
	Exp 12: Single Photon Michelson Interferometer				
	Theme: Quantum Entanglement: Quantum entanglement is an important				
	integral part of quantum technology. These experiments focus towards				
	demonstration of quantum entanglement using photonic qubits and verify				
	nonlocality through Bell inequality violation.				
	Exp 15: Quantum Entanglement Demonstrator Exp 14: Test of Bell's inequality				
	<b>Theme : Ouantum Cryptography (BB84)</b> Ouantum cryptography is				
	a paradigm shift in secure quantum communication. These experiments provide				
	hands-on exploration of cryptographic principles and its applications.				
	<b>Exp 15:</b> Quantum Cryptography Demonstration, Quantum key distribution,				
	Exp 16: Quantum Random Number Generator				
	<b>Theme:</b> Single Photon and SPDC sources: Single photon counting detectors,				
	the second-order correlation function $(g(2))$ , measured through coincidence				
	counting				
	Exp 17: Absolute Efficiency Measurement System for Single Photon				
	Counting Detectors				
	Exp 18: Demonstration of photon-statistics of different light sources				
	Exp 17: Shot noise measurement of photon Exp 20: Statistical properties of photon pairs analysis using the second				
	order correlation function				

Learning Outcome	The learning outcomes align with 1a, 1b,2a and 3a		
Suggested Reading:	1. M. Tinkham, Introduction to Superconductivity, 2/e (2004).		
	2. Barton Zweibach, Mastering Quantum Techniques-Essentials, Theory and Applications (2022).		

Sl. No.	Course Code	Departmental Elective – III	L	Т	Р	С
1.	PH4106	Science and Technology of Nanomaterials	3	0	0	3
2.	PH4107	Optical Quantum Communication	3	0	0	3
3.	PH4108	Photovoltaics: Concepts and Applications	3	0	0	3
4.	PH4109	Electronic Devices and Circuits	3	0	0	3

Syllabus not available for PH4106

Course Number	PH4107			
Course Credit (L-T-P-C)	3-0-0-3			
Course Title	Optical Quantum Communication			
Learning Mode	Lectures			
Learning Objectives	Complies with Program Goals 1, 2 and 3			
Course Description	This course provides engineering students to learn modern cutting edge optical quantum communication techniques which are very essential to pursue for advanced research and scientific jobs in the area of quantum communication and engineering applications. The course will also examine current research trends and potential future developments in the field of optical quantum communication.			
Course Outline	classical v/s quantum information, quantum bits (qubits) and quantum gates, quantum entanglement and its properties, single-photon sources, entangled photon sources, photons as information carriers, polarization qubits, qubit generation and propagation, Bell state measurements, quantum repeaters, various protocols for quantum memory and its efficiency, implementation of quantum memory nodes, long distance quantum communication using quantum repeaters, quantum networks, multi-node quantum communication, ground-based and space-based quantum networks, entanglement distribution and quantum internet, Recent progress in quantum photonic chips for quantum communication and internet.			
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO 1(a), 1(b), 2(b) and 3			
Assessment Method	Exams, Quiz and Assignment			
Suggested Readings:	<ol> <li>Textbooks:         <ol> <li>Gianfranco Cariolaro, Quantum Communications, Springer (2015).</li> <li>P. Kok and B. W. Lovett, Introduction to Optical Quantum Information Processing, Cambridge university press.</li> <li>Peter Lambropoulos, David Petrosyan, Fundamentals of Quantum Optics and Quantum Information, Springer (2007)</li> <li>Ivan B. Djordjevic, Quantum Communication, Quantum Networks, and Quantum Sensing, Elsevier (2022)</li> </ol> </li> </ol>			
	<ol> <li>L. Mandel, and E. Wolf. Optical Coherence and Quantum Optics, Cambridge University Press.</li> <li>W. H. Louisell, Quantum Statistical Properties of Radiation, McGraw-Hill.</li> <li>D. Bouwmeester, A. K. Ekert, and A. Zeilinger, eds. The Physics of Quantum Information, Springer</li> <li>Serge Haroche, Jean-Michel Raimond, Exploring the Quantum: Atoms, Cavities, and Photons, Oxford Academic (2006)</li> </ol>			
Course Number	PH4108			
-------------------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--	--	--
Course Credit (L-T-P-C)	3-0-0-3			
Course Title	Photovoltaics: Concepts and Applications			
Learning Mode	Physical Presence in Class Room			
Learning Objectives	Alternative energy sources have always been a core area of significant importance since long. Recent focus on harnessing natural energy from the Sun, has necessitated teaching of relevant course at undergraduate level to create talent pool to meet industry demand. It aims to impart;			
	<ol> <li>Knowledge pertaining to solar energy harnessing conditions</li> <li>Learning relevant to physics of photovoltaic cells.</li> <li>Training and skill relevant for design, processing, fabrication, testing and installation of photovoltaic cells, i.e.; end to end industry skill.</li> </ol>			
Course Outline	<b>Module-1:</b> An introduction to different sources of energy with its implications and alternative solutions, energy balance of the Sun and optimal conditions for harnessing solar energy, efficient design to entrap solar energy, a state of-the-art review of solar photovoltaic cells.			
	<b>Module-2:</b> Semiconductor fundamentals, drift, diffusion and charge transport, photon emission and absorption, PN junction design and control parameters, Junction solar cell configuration – design, fabrication, analysis and efficiency improvement considerations for efficient solar cells.			
	<b>Module-3:</b> Silicon based solar cell technology - monocrystalline, polycrystalline, amorphous and thin film Si solar cells, Process form sand to Silicon and Silicon to Wafer, Cell design and fabrication process, Multi-junction Si solar cells.			
	<b>Module-4:</b> Non-Si solar cell technology, its challenges and advancements, an introduction to protocols for solar cell installation.			
Learning Outcome	The learners of the course would be ready with knowledge to; (a) harness solar energy and technologically competent to implement the technology and (b) fulfil emerging industry and R & D institution demand for technologically skilled workforce.			
Assessment Method	Class test and Quiz/Assignment (20%), MSE: (30%), ESE: (50%)			
Suggested Readings:	<ol> <li>Solar Photovoltaics: Fundamentals, Technologies and Applications (2nd ed.), C. S. Solanki, Prentice Hall of India</li> <li>Solar Cell Device Physics, Stephen Fonash (2nd ed.), Academic Press</li> <li>Principles of Solar Cells, LEDs and Diodes, Adrian Kitai, Wiley</li> </ol>			

Course Number	PH4109
Course Credit	3-0-0-3
Course Title	Electronic Devices and Circuits
Learning Mode	Lectures
Learning	To pick-up skills for circuit analysis that uses Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT),
Objectives	Operational Amplifiers (OPAMP) and Metal Oxide Semiconductor Field Effect
	Transistor (MOSFET).
Course	The course is focused on techniques used for analysis of various circuits that use
Description	and MOSFETs. The first module revolves around circuits that use discrete BIT as an
	amplifier. The second module introduces OPAMPs which are based on BJT. A wide
	variety of linear and non-linear applications of OPAMPs are discussed. The last
	module discusses various circuits of MOSFETs.
Course Outline	Module 1: Introduction to $r_e$ -model of BJT, Analysis of CE, CB and CC
	configuration using $r_e$ model; Introduction to $h$ -parameter model of BJT, Analysis of
	CE, CB and CC configuration using <i>h</i> -parameter model;
	<b>Module 2:</b> Introduction to Differential Amplifier using BJT; Introduction to OPAMP AC activation to inspire of OPAMP (real and ideal).
	OPAMP, AC equivalent circuit of OPAMP (real and ideal);
	Various linear applications of $OPAMP \rightarrow$ Inverting amplifier (AMP) Non-inverting
	AMP Summing AMP Difference AMP Unity follower Positive and Negative
	voltage references. Voltage regulator. Howland Current source, etc.: Active filters $\rightarrow$
	First-order & Second-order low-pass and high-pass Butterworth filter, All-pass filter,
	Band-pass and Band-reject filter, Notch filter; Basics of Oscillator, Wien-Bridge
	Oscillator, Phase-Shift Oscillator, Quadrature Oscillator, Square-wave, Triangular-
	wave and Sawtooth-wave generator, VCO.
	Various non-linear applications of OPAMP $\rightarrow$ Basics of Comparator, Zero crossing
	detector, Schmitt Trigger; Log AMP & Anti-log AMP.
	Module 3. MOSEET circuit at DC MOSEET as an amplifier Biasing in MOS AMP
	circuits: Biasing by fixing $V_{\rm CS}$ with and without resistance in the Source. Biasing
	using drain-to-gate feedback resistor, Biasing using constant current source, DC bias
	point in small signal operation; Introduction to small signal AC equivalent circuit
	with and without channel length modulation effect, T-equivalent circuit model,
	Characteristics parameter of single stage MOS AMP, CS amplifier with and without
<b>.</b> .	source resistance, CG amplifier and CD amplifier.
Learning	Students get to know the following:
Outcome	(a) Dasies of circuit analysis (b) Circuit analysis skill for single stage low frequency BIT amplifier in various
	configurations
	(c) Circuit analysis skill for a wide variety of OP-AMP circuits that encompasses
	both linear and non-linear applications
	(d) Circuit analysis skill for single stage low frequency MOS amplifier in various
	configurations
Assessment	Quiz, Assignments and Exams
Suggested	Taythooks
Readings:	1. Jacob Millman and Christos C. Halkias Integrated Circuits: Analog and
	Digital Circuits and Systems, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd.
	New Delhi, 1995
	2. Ramakant A. Gayakwad, Op-Amps and Linear Integrated Circuits, PHI
	Learning Private Ltd., New Delhi, 2010
	3. Adel S. Sedra and Kenneth C. Smith, Microelectronic Circuits, Oxford
	University Press, New York, 2006
	4. Behzad Razavi, <i>Fundamentals of Microelectronics</i> , Wiley India Private
	Ltd., New Delni, 2015

Sl. No.	Subject Code	SEMESTER VIII	L	Т	Р	С
1.	PH42XX*	DE-IV	3	0	0	3
2.	PH42XX	DE-V	3	0	0	3
3.	PH42XX	DE-VI	3	0	0	3
4.	PH42XX	DE-VII	3	0	0	3
5.	PH4299	Project – II	0	0	16	8
Total Credit		Credit	9	0	16	20
Grand Total Credit (Semester I to VIII)		(Semester I to VIII)		1	68	

Sl. No.	Course Code	Departmental Elective – IV	L	Т	Р	С
1.	PH4205	Quantum Mechanics - II	2	1	0	3
2.	PH4206	Thin Film Technology	3	0	0	3
3.	PH4209	Solar Energy and Photovoltaics	3	0	0	3
4.	PH4210	Modeling Complex Systems	3	0	0	3
5.	PH4211	AC Network Analysis	3	0	0	3

Course Number	PH4205
Course Credit (L-T-P-C)	2-1-0-3
Course Title	Quantum Mechanics-II
Learning Mode	Lectures & Tutorials
Learning Objectives	Complies with Program Goals 1, 2 and 3
Course Description	In this course students will learn time dependent perturbation theory, scattering theory and relativistic quantum mechanics.
Course Content	Time dependent perturbation theory, Schrödinger, Heisenberg and interaction pictures.; Constant and harmonic perturbations Fermi's Golden rule;
	Scattering theory: Laboratory and centre of mass frames, differential and total scattering cross-sections, scattering amplitude; Born approximation, Greens functions, scattering for different kinds of potentials; Partial wave analysis; Special topics in radiation theory: semi-classical treatment of interaction of radiation with matter
	Symmetries in quantum mechanics: Conservation laws and degeneracy associated with symmetries; Continuous symmetries, space and time translations, rotations; Rotation group, Wigner-Eckart theorem; Discrete symmetries; parity and time reversal.
	Relativistic quantum mechanics, Klein-Gordon equation, Interpretation of negative energy states and concept of antiparticles; Dirac equation, covariant form, adjoint equation; Plane wave solution and momentum space, spinors; Spin and magnetic moment of the electron.
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO 1, 2(a) and 3
Assessment Method	Assignments, Quizzes, Seminar, Mid-semester examination, End- semester examination
Suggested Readings:	
Textbooks:	<ul> <li>Quantum Mechanics (Vol-II), C. Cohen-Tannoudji, John Wiley &amp; Sons, Asia, 2005.</li> <li>Advanced Quantum Mechanics, J. J. Sakurai, Pearson Education, 2007.</li> <li>Principles of Quantum Mechanics, R. Shankar, Springer, India, 2008.</li> </ul>
References:	<ul> <li>Quantum Mechanics, L. I. Schiff, McGraw-Hill, 1968.</li> <li>Quantum Mechanics, E. Merzbacher, John Wiley, Asia, 1999.</li> <li>Quantum Mechanics, V.K. Thankappan, Wiley Eastern, 1985.</li> <li>The Feynman Lectures on Physics, Vol.3, R.P. Feynman, R.B. Leighton and M.Sands, Narosa Pub. House, 1992.</li> <li>The Principles of Quantum Mechanics, P.A.M. Dirac, Oxford Univ. Press, 1991.</li> <li>Quantum Mechanics-Nonrelativistic Theory, L.D.Landau and E.M. Lifshitz, 3rd Edition, Pergamon, 1981.</li> <li>Quantum Mechanics, B. H. Bransden and C. J. Joachain, Pearson Education 2nd Ed., 2004.</li> </ul>

3-0-0-3
This Eiler Teaks alo are
Inin Film Technology
Classroom Lectures
The science of technology involved behind growth, characterization and uses of Thin Film of various materials.
Module-1 deals introduces to thin film and its importance. The physical processes behind growth of thin film is also discusses. Module-2 deals with the knowledge of vacuum technology which is relevant for growth of thin film. Module-3 discusses about various techniques for growth of thin film which makes use of vacuum technology also. Module-4 deals with various characterization methods of thin films, and lastly discusses about applications.
<b>Module-1:</b> Motivation; Structure, defects, thermodynamics of materials, mechanical kinetics and nucleation; grain growth and thin film morphology;
<b>Module-2:</b> Basics of Vacuum Science and Technology, Kinetic theory of gases; gas transport and pumping; vacuum pumps and systems; vacuum gauges; oil free pumping; aspects of chamber design from thin film growth perspectives;
<b>Module-3:</b> Various Thin film growth techniques with examples and limitations; Spin and dip coating; Langmuir Blodgett technique; Metal organic chemical vapor deposition; Electron Beam Deposition; Pulsed Laser deposition; DC, RF and Reactive Sputtering; Molecular beam epitaxy;
Module-4: Characterization of Thin films and surfaces; Thin Film
Complies with PLO 1a
Ouiz, Seminar, Mid-semsester examination, End-semester examination
<ul> <li>Materials Science of Thin Films Deposition and Structure, Milton Ohring.</li> <li>Thin Film Solar Cells, Chopra and Das.</li> <li>Thin Film Deposition: Principles and Practice, Donald Smith.</li> <li>Handbook of Thin Film Deposition (Materials and Processing Technology), Krishna Seshan</li> </ul>

Course Number	PH4209
Course Credit (L-T-P-C)	3-0-0-3
Course Title	Solar Energy and Photovoltaics
Learning Mode	Lectures
Learning Objectives	Complies with program goal 1,2 and 3
Course Description	In this course, student will learn about solar spectrum, solar energy
	conversion, storage of energy for future use including how solar cell
	working principle.
Course Outline	Solar radiations as a source of energy and mechanism for its entrapment; Measurements and limits of solar energy entrapment; Flat plate collectors and solar concentrators; Solar energy for industrial process heat and design of solar green house; Solar refrigeration and conditioning; Solar thermo-mechanical power. Introduction of energy storage/conversion devices, State-of-the art status of portable power sources, Solar/photovoltaic (PV) cells as a source of green energy; Fundamentals, Materials, Design and Implementation aspects of PV energy generation and consumption; Solar cell technologies (Si-wafer based, Thin film, GaAs based, dye- sensitized, PESC and organic solar cells), Efficiency of solar cells and PV array analysis, Photovoltaic system design (stand alone and grid connected) and applications; Balance of system (BOS) with emphasis on role of storage batteries: Cost analysis, Case study for performance
	on role of storage batteries; Cost analysis, Case study for performance
	evaluation and problem identification in wide-spread
	commercialization of the technology.
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO 1, 2(a) and 3
Assessment Method	Assignments, Quizzes, Seminar, Mid-semester examination, End-
Suggested Deadings	semester examination
Suggested Keadings	
Textbooks	<ul> <li>Solar Energy: Fundamentals &amp; Applications; H. P. Garg and J. Prakash; Tata McGraw Hill, 1997.</li> <li>Fundamentals of Photovoltaic Modules and their</li> </ul>
	Applications, G. N. Tiwari, S. Dubey & Julian C. R. Hunt, RSC Energy Series, 2009.
	• Solar Photovoltaics: Fundamentals, Technologies and Applications, 2 nd Ed., C. S. Solanki, Prentice Hall of India, 2011 (ISBN: 978-81-203-4386-6)
	• Solar Cell Device Physics, Stephen Fonash, 2 nd Ed., Academic Press, 2010 (ISBN: 978-0-12-374774-7).
References	• Energy Storage, R. A. Huggins, Springer, 2010.
	<ul> <li>Handbook of Advanced Electronic and Photonic Materials and Devices: Ferroelectrics &amp; Dielectrics, Vol. 10, H. S. Nalwa (Ed.), Academic Press, 2001.</li> <li>Electrochemical Nanotechnology, T. Osaka, M. Dutta, Y. S. Diamand (Eds.), Springer, 2010, (ISBN: 978-1-4419-1423-1).</li> <li>Encyclopedia of Nanoscience &amp; Nanotechnology, Vol. 10, H.</li> </ul>
	S. Nalwa (Ed.), American Scientific Publishers, 2004.

Course Number	PH4210		
Course Credit (L-T-P-C)	3-0-0-3		
Course Title	Modeling Complex Systems		
Learning Mode	Lectures and Computational exercises		
Learning Objectives	Complies with Program Goals 1, 2 and 3		
Course Description	This interdisciplinary course explores the practical application of modeling and simulation principles to complex systems. A complex system, characterized by interconnected or interwoven parts, can include biological organisms, ecological systems, economies, fluids, or strongly-correlated solids. The course draws from mathematics, nonlinear science, numerical simulations, and statistical physics. It begins with an overview of complex systems and then delves into modeling techniques using nonlinear differential equations, networks, and stochastic models. Throughout the course, students will model, program, and analyze a diverse range of complex systems, including dynamical and chaotic systems, cellular automata, and iterated functions. Through these, there will be ample scope for hands-on experience and a deeper understanding of complex systems emerging from elementary rules.		
Course Content	Fundamentals of Modeling, A brief recap of Dynamical Systems; Discrete-Time Models: Modeling and Analysis; Continuous-Time Models: Modeling and Analysis; implications of bifurcation, chaos and catastrophe; interactive simulations of complex systems, cellular automata, continuous field models; basics of networks, small world network; dynamical networks: Modeling, Network topologiesand dynamics; Agent-based models; Examples including epidemiology, forest-fire, bioinformatics, message-passing, predator-prey, belief propagation, Hutchinson's time-delay model, internet.		
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO 1(a), 1(b), 2(a) and 3		
Assessment Method	Assignments, Quizzes, Mid-semester examination and End-semester examination		
Suggested Readings:	Textbooks:		
	<ol> <li>Hiroki Sayama, Introduction to the Modeling and Analysis of Complex Systems, Open SUNY (2015).</li> <li>Nino Boccara, Modeling Complex Systems, Springer-Verlag Reprint (2024).</li> <li>References:         <ol> <li>W. Krauth, Statistical Mechanics: Algorithms and Computations (Oxford Masters Series in Physics, 2006).</li> </ol> </li> </ol>		

Course Number	PH4211
Course Credit	3-0-0-3
Course Title	AC Network Analysis
Learning Mode	Lectures and Tutorials
Learning Objectives	The course is focused on the application oriented knowledge that is required to analyze alternating current circuits whose frequency of operation is not as high as radio frequencies. The knowledge would be used to test and analyze various AC circuits.
Course Description	This course deals with development of skills that is required to analyze various AC circuits. The skills are not introduced abruptly but in a systematic manner. First, the course starts with fundamental knowledge on Network Transformations. Post that a section on Resonance in AC circuits is discussed. Lastly, the course ends with Impedance transformations in AC networks and methods to deal with coupled circuits, especially Transformer.
Course Outline	<b>Module 1:</b> Principle of duality, Reduction of complicated two port network to $T$ and $\pi$ equivalent circuits, Conversion between $T$ and $\pi$ sections, Bridged and Parallel $T$ network, Reciprocity theorem, Compensation theorem, Maximum power transfer theorem, Transfer impedance, Matrix method for network calculations
	<b>Module 2:</b> Definition of <i>Q</i> -factor, Series resonance and its bandwidth, Parallel resonance, Conditions for maximum impedance, Currents in anti-resonant circuit, Universal resonance curves, Bandwidth of anti-resonance circuit, Anti-resonance at all frequencies, Reactance curves
	<b>Module 3:</b> Transformation of impedances, Reactance $L$ section for impedance transformation, Image impedance and Everitt's theorem, Reactance $T$ network for impedance transformation, Coupled circuits, Equivalent $T$ network for magnetically coupled circuit, Iron core transformer
Learning Outcome	AC circuit analysis is primarily composed of three modules, namely, Network Transformation which is covered in Module 1, Resonance which is covered in Module 2 and Impedance Transformation which is covered in Module 3. In Module 1, the student gets trained in the fundamentals. It is important that the student should pick-up well in the fundamentals. Therefore, special emphasis would be given in solving numerical problems. Module 2 and 3 widen the scope of AC circuit analysis technique. Application of the techniques learnt in these modules is of prime importance. Therefore, solving problems, based on the concept taught in the lecture, forms and essential part.
Assessment Method	Quiz, Assignments and Exams
Suggested Readings:	<ul> <li>Textbooks:</li> <li>1. John D. Ryder, Network Lines and Fields, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2002.</li> <li>References:</li> <li>1. M. B. Reed, Alternating-Current Circuits, Harper &amp; Brothers, New York 1948.</li> <li>2. W. R. LePage and S. Seelay, General Network Analysis, McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc., New York, 1952.</li> <li>3. W. L. Everitt, Communication Engineering, 2nd Edition, McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc., New York, 1937.</li> </ul>

Sl. No.	Course Code	Departmental Elective – V	L	Т	Р	С
1.	PH4212	X-ray and Applications	3	0	0	3
2.	PH4213	Materials Engineering	3	0	0	3
3.	PH4214	Superconducting Qubits: Fundamentals and Operation	3	0	0	3
4.	PH4215	Analytical Techniques	3	0	0	3

Course Number	PH4212
Course Credit (L-T-P-C)	3-0-0-3
Course Title	X-ray and Applications
Learning Mode	Lectures
Learning Objectives	The objectives of the course are to learn the X-ray mechanism, functions and applications of X-rays. The physics formulation and technological applications will be learned by the student. This will create opportunity to have a carrier in X-ray technology in both imaging and diffraction. More over the student will learn X-ray diffraction, X-ray absorption and photoemission with their current applications.
Course Description	The course discusses the physical mechanism of X-ray and Matter interaction, production of X-ray techniques, etc. The use of X-ray in biophysics, condensed matter physics, medical physics, cultural heritage and environmental science.
Course Content	Module 1:
	Introduction to X-ray physics, physical properties of x-rays, Macroscopic
	description of X-ray and material interaction, Microscopic description of
	interaction, Semi-classical theory of the interaction between radiation and
	hydrogen – like atoms, Fermi's golden rule for transitions to discrete and
	continuum states, Selection rules, Production of X-rays. Module 2:
	X-ray applications: X-ray optics, X-ray microscopy, X-ray diffraction, X-ray interference, X-ray Scattering, medical imaging, X-ray fluorescence and absorption spectroscopy, coherent diffraction imaging, industrial applications.
	Module 3:
	Synchrotron radiation: Sources of Synchrotron radiation, RF cavity, Beamlines and basics of x-ray optics, General characteristics of Synchrotron Radiation, Diffraction limit and Coherence lengths, industrial applications.
	Module 4:
	Photoemission spectroscopy: The Photoelectric effect, Experimental Setup,
	Theoretical Description, Primary and secondary structures occurring in the
	photoemission spectra, Photoelectron Spectroscopy of solids, Quantitative
	Analysis, Hard x-ray Photoelectron Spectroscopy, Industrial applications Module 5:
	X-ray absorption fine structure, Phenomenology of X-ray absorption
	spectroscopy, experimental layouts, Physical origin of the fine structure
	(self-interference phenomenon), Golden rule and further approximations,
	Approximate derivation of EXAFS (Muffin-tin approximation for two
	atomic system), Correction terms for the EXAFS function and final
	relation, EXAFS data analysis and resulting structural parameters, XANES
	phenomenological description, Chemical shift of the absorption edge,
	Linear dichroism in XANES and EXAFS, Industrial applications.
	Text Books:
	1- J. Als – Nielsen and D. McMorrow, <i>Introduction to Modern X-ray</i> <i>Physics</i> Wiley New York 2001

	2- A. Balerna and S. Mobilio, <i>Introduction to Synchrotron Radiation</i> , in "Synchrotron Radiation: Basics, Methods and Applications", a cura
	di S. Mobilio, F. Boscherini e C. Meneghini, Springer (2015).
	8- S. Hüfner, Photoelectron Spectroscopy – Principles and
	Applications, 3rd ed. (Berlin, Springer, 2003)
Refe	rence Books:
4	4- P. Fornasini, Introduction to X-ray absorption spectroscopy, in
	"Synchrotron Radiation: Basics, Methods and Applications", a cura
	di S. Mobilio, F. Boscherini e C. Meneghini, Springer (2015).
	5- B. Bunker, Introduction to XAFS: a practical guide to X-ray
	absorption spectroscopy, Cambridge University Press (2010).
	5- B.E. Warren, X-ray diffraction, Dover, New York, 1990.
	7- S.J.L. Billinge e E.S. Bozin, Pair distribution function technique:
	principles and methods, in Diffraction at the nanoscale, a cura di A.
	Guagliardi & N. Masciocchi, Insubria University Press.
8	3- A. Guinier, X-ray diffraction in crystals, imperfect crystals, and
	amorphous bodies, Dover, New York, 1994.
9	9- C. Mariani e G. Stefani, Photoemission Spectroscopy: fundamental
	aspects in "Synchrotron Radiation: Basics, Methods and
	Applications", a cura di S. Mobilio, F. Boscherini e C. Meneghini,
	Springer (2015)
	10-D. Attwood, Soft X-rays and extreme ultraviolet radiation,
	Cambridge University Press (1999).

Course Number	PH4213
Course Credit (L-T-P-C)	3-0-0-3
Course Title	Materials Engineering
Learning Mode	Lectures
Learning Objectives	The objective of the course is to develop basic knowledge about how Materials engineering lies at the core of technological advancement. Materials Engineering is an interdisciplinary field focused on understanding, designing, and improving materials to meet engineering challenges. This course provides a comprehensive foundation in the structure, properties, processing, and performance of materials, bridging scientific principles with practical applications. Students will explore a variety of materials, including metals, ceramics, polymers, composites, and advanced materials like nanomaterials and biomaterials, with an emphasis on their role in modern technology and industry.
Course Description	In beginning, overview of different material types will be discussed, followed by detailed insight how these materials are being used at present. The advancement in terms of their processing for modern technology and applications will be discussed.
Course Outline	Overview of material types: metals, ceramics & glasses, polymers, composites, Electronic Materials (Semiconductors, conductors, and insulators), Biomaterials (Materials used in medical implants and devices, Biocompatibility and degradation), Historical and modern advancements in materials engineering, Advanced materials (Nanomaterials, Materials for Energy Applications, Shape memory alloys).
	Atomic structure and bonding, Crystallography and crystal structures, Defects in materials (vacancies, dislocations), Microstructure and its influence on properties, Phase diagrams and phase transformations.
	Mechanical properties (strength, toughness, hardness, ductility, etc.). Thermal and electrical (conductivity, expansion)., magnetic, and optical properties, Corrosion and environmental degradation
	Techniques for shaping and forming materials (casting, forging, 3D printing), Heat treatment and phase transformations. Coating and surface modification, Powder metallurgy and ceramics processing.
	Criteria for selecting materials in engineering applications. Case studies in aerospace, automotive, electronics, and construction.
	Nanomaterials and their applications. Biomaterials for medical devices and implants. Smart materials and responsive systems.
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO 2b, 3
Assessment Method	Quizzes, Mid-semester and End-semester examination
Suggested Readings:	<ul> <li>Materials Science and Engineering: An Introduction by William D. Callister Jr. and David G. Rethwisch, 10th Ed., Wiley, 2020.</li> <li>Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering: An Integrated Approach by William D. Callister Jr. and David G. Rethwisch, 5th Ed., Wiley, 2007.</li> <li>Engineering Materials 1 &amp; 2 by Michael F. Ashby and David R. H.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Jones, 4th Ed., Butterworth-Heinemann Ltd., 2012</li> <li>The Science and Engineering of Materials" by Donald R. Askeland and Wendelin J. Wright, 6th Ed., Cl-Engineering, 2010</li> </ul>

Course Number	PH4214
Course Credit (L-T-P-C)	3-0-0-3
Course Title	Superconducting Qubits: Fundamentals and Operation
Learning Mode	Lectures and Tutorials
Learning Objectives	Complies with Program Goals 1, 2 and 3
Course Description	Equips the students with the fabrication techniques and operation
	intricacies of Superconducting Qubits with an eye on prospective
	applications
Course Content	Introduction to Superconducting Qubits: Overview of quantum
	Types of superconducting qubits (flux qubits, charge qubits, phase
	aubits, transmon aubits): Circuit quantum electrodynamics (cOED) and
	its relevance.
	Quantum LC Circuits and Correspondence Principle: Classical LC
	circuits and their resonance behavior; Superconducting qubits as
	classical circuit elements in a quantum regime; Circuit QED approach
	for quantizing classical Hamiltonians.
	Level and the stars of Channel Only the Channel Level
	Josephson Junctions and Charge Qubits: Cooper pairs and Josephson Junctions: Cooper pairs box: Building blocks for charge gubits:
	Hamiltonian description of charge gubits based on tunneling and
	capacitance
	Transmon Qubits: Introduction to transmon qubits; Nonlinear
	inductance and capacitor design; Energy-level spectra and tunability
	<b>Operation and Control of Superconducting Qubits</b> : Initialization,
	and two gubit gates): Decohorence and error correction
	and two-qubit gates), Deconcrence and error correction
	Applications and Challenges: Quantum algorithms and applications
	using superconducting qubits; Challenges in scaling up qubit numbers;
	Recent advancements and future prospects
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO 1(a), 1(b), 2(a) and 3
Assessment Method	Assignments, Quizzes, Mid-semester examination and End-semester
	examination
Suggested Readings:	Textbooks:
	4 Daniel D Stancil and Gregory T Byrd Principles of
	Superconducting Quantum Computers, Wiley (2022).
	5. Alan Salari, Microwave Techniques in Superconducting
	Quantum Computers, Artech Books, UK (2024).
	References:
	7. Morten Kiaergaard <i>et al.</i> "Superconducting Qubits: Current
	State of Play". In: Annual Review of Condensed Matter Physics
	11.1 (Mar. 2020), pp. 369-395. DOI: 10.1146/annurev-
	conmatphys-031119-050605; URL: http://dx .doi.org/10.1146/
	annurov conmetative 031110 050605
	annuev-connactifys-051119-050005.
	<ol> <li>8. Steven M. Girvin. Circuit QED: Superconducting Qubits</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>8. Steven M. Girvin. Circuit QED: Superconducting Qubits Coupled to Microwave Photons, Les Houches Summer School</li> </ol>

Syllabus not found for PH4215

Sl. No.	Course Code	Departmental Elective – VI	L	Т	Р	С
1.	PH4216	Computational Methods for Classical and Quantum Physics	3	0	0	3
2.	PH4217	LASER Technology	3	0	0	3
3.	PH4218	Atomtronics & Quantum Technology	3	0	0	3
4.	PH4219	Nanoscale Devices	3	0	0	3

Course Number	PH4216
Course Credit	3-0-0-3
Course Title	Computational methods for classical and quantum physics
Learning Objectives	To make students capable of solving specific advanced physics problems using the techniques developed in EP3101 (Computational Techniques).
Course Description	The student will learn computationally solving problems related to Quantum and Classical physics. The course has class room discussion which will be completed in computational lab by developing a code based on it.
Course Outline	Solving partial differential equations, Finite difference methods, Successive over-relaxation (SOR) method, Time dependent problems; The wave equation, Laplace equation, Traffic flow, Shock solution, Fluids, Solving the Schrodinger equation; One-Dimension, Higher dimensional Basic techniques, Quantum scattering, The variational principle, Time propagation, Central potentials, Multi-electron systems, The Hartree and Hartree-Fock approximations, Modelling Lithium atoms, Quantum dots.
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO 1b, 3
Assessment Method	Mid-term written examination, Mid-term lab examination, End-term written examination, End-term lab examination, Assignment & Quiz
Suggested Readings:	
Textbooks:	<ul> <li>J. Izaac and J. Wang, Computational Quantum Mechanics, Springer , 2022.</li> <li>J. Franklin, Computational Methods for Physics, Cambridge publications, 2013.</li> <li>J. M. Thijssen, Computational Physics, Cambridge Univ. Press, 2nd Edition, 2007.</li> <li>Tao Pang, An Introduction to Computational Physics, Cambridge Univ. Press, 2ndEdition, 2006.</li> <li>Steven E. Kooning and Dawn C. Meredith, Computational Physics, Westview Press, 1990.</li> <li>An Introduction to Computer Simulation Methods: Applications to Physical Systems, 3rdEdition, Harvey Gould, Jan Tobochnik, Wolfgang Christian, Addison-Wesley, 2006.</li> </ul>
References:	<ul> <li>Rubin H. Landau, Manuel José Páez Mejía, Cristian C. Bordeianu, A Survey of Computational Physics: Introductory Computational Science, Volume 1, Princeton Univ. Press, 2008.</li> <li>Werner Krauth, Statistical Mechanics: Algorithms and Computations, Oxford Masters Series in Physics, 2006.</li> </ul>

Course Number	PH4217
Course Credit (L-T-P-C)	3-0-0-3
Course Title	LASER Technology
Learning Mode	Lectures
Learning Objectives	The main objective is to learn various techniques used in building CW and pulsed lasers, different techniques developed based on lasers, and applications of lasers in various disciplines.
Course Description	This course allows engineering students to learn various techniques used in building CW and pulsed lasers, different techniques developed based on lasers, and applications of lasers in various disciplines, which are essential to pursuing research and scientific jobs in laser and relevant industries.
Course Outline	Principles of CW and Pulsed lasers, Laser modulation techniques, Different Q-switching and Mode-locking techniques, Laser amplifiers, Laser frequency stabilization techniques, Laser tuning techniques, Mode-selection methods, Harmonic generations, Non-linear optical methods, Raman lasers, Micro and Nanolasers.
	Laser remote sensing of the atmosphere, Photosensitization, Photodynamic therapy, Optical tweezers, Laser cleaning, Laser satellite communications, Laser cooling, Optical atomic clock, Laser pyrolysis, Laser micromachining, Laser 3D printing, High precision laser wavelength meters, Laser ablation techniques, Dynamic light scattering, Data storage, Fabrication of photonic crystals, Single molecule laser fluorescence and Raman microscopy, Photoacoustic imaging, Coherent anti-Stokes Raman scattering (CARS) imaging, Ultrasensitive Optical biosensors.
Learning Outcome	The students will be fully aware of various techniques used in building CW and pulsed lasers, different techniques developed based on lasers, and applications of lasers in various disciplines
Assessment Method	Designing of optical setups/theoretical simulations, Quizzes, Mid-semester and End-semester examination
Suggested Readings:	
Textbooks:	<ul> <li>[1]. C. B. Hitz, J. J. Ewing, and J. Hecht, Introduction to Laser Technology, Wiley, 2012.</li> <li>[2]. C. Guo and S. C. Singh, Handbook of Laser Technology and Applications, CRC Press, 2021.</li> <li>[3]. Lan Xinju, Laser Technology, CRC Press, 2010</li> <li>[4]. A. Donges and R. Noll, Laser Measurement Technology, Springer, 2015.</li> <li>[5]. W. T. Silfvast, Laser Fundamentals, Cambridge University Press, 1996.</li> <li>[6]. J-X Cheng, X. S. Xie, Coherent Raman Scattering Microscopy, CRC Press, 2013.</li> </ul>

Course Number	PH4218
Course Credit (L-T-P-C)	3-0-0-3
Course Title	Atomtronics & Quantum Technology
Learning Mode	Lectures
Learning Objectives	Complies with Program Goals 1, 2 and 3
Course Description	Atomtronics is an emerging interdisciplinary topic for Quantum Technology. This course will provide students with a comprehensive introduction to the principles, techniques, and applications of atomtronics. Topics covered will include Bose-Einstein condensates, atom optics, atom interferometry, atom-based circuits, and potential applications in quantum computing and precision measurements.
Course Content	
	Introduction to Atomtronics, Techniques for preparing the system: cooling and trapping; Dynamics of Bose-Einstein condensates, Nonlinear excitations in ultra-cold atoms: Solitons and Quantum Droplets; Basics of Atom Optics, Manipulation of atomic beams: waveguide of various curvatures, Phase Imprinting, and persistent currents: AQUIDS, Atom lenses, mirrors and beam-splitters, Atomtronics Matter wave lensing, Ring trap and ring lattice atomtronics; Atom Interferometry: basic ideas, Mach-Zehnder interferometer, Aharonov-Bohm interferometer, Atomic soliton-barrier interferometer, Sagnac Interferometer; Quantum Computing with Atomtronics, use of quantum information processing with ultra-cold atoms, quantum logic gates, design, and implementation of atomtronic components (atomtronics diodes, transistors, etc.); Precision Measurements and other applications, Gravimeter, Accelerometer, Navigation; Current applications of atomtronics in research, industry, and future directions.
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO 1(a), 1(b), 2(a) and 3
	The course aims to establish a foundational understanding on atomtronics and its importance in Quantum Technology. Through comprehensive study, students will acquire proficiency in methods for controlling and guiding ultra-cold atomic gases as atom-lasers. Additionally, we will explore atom interferometry, exploiting its utility in quantum precision measurement, and quantum computing. Furthermore, the course will provide current status of the relevant quantum technologies, the approaches by leading industries and research outlook.
Assessment Method	Assignments, Quizzes, Mid-semester examination and End-semester
Suggested Readings:	<ul> <li>Textbooks:</li> <li>1) Quantum Atom Optics: Theory and Applications, E. O. Ilo-Okeke and Tim Byrnes, Cambridge University Press (2021).</li> <li>2) Roadmap on Atomtronics: State of the art and perspective, Amico, L., et al., AVS Quantum Science 3, no. 3 (2021).</li> <li>3) Colloquium: Atomtronic circuits: From many-body physics to quantum technologies, Amico, L., et al., Reviews of Modern Physics, 94(4), 041001 (2022).</li> <li>References:</li> </ul>
	1) Atom Interferometry: Paul R. Berman, Academic Press, 1997.

<ul> <li>2) Focus on atomtronics-enabled quantum technologies. New Journal of Physics, Amico, L et al., 19(2), 020201 (2017).</li> <li>3) Advances in atomtronics, Pepino, R. A., Entropy, 23(5), 534 (2021).</li> </ul>

Syllabus not found for PH4219

Sl. No.	Course Code	Departmental Elective – VII	L	Т	Р	С
1.	PH4220	Medical Physics and Applications	3	0	0	3
2.	PH4221	Emerging Technologies in Photonics	3	0	0	3
3.	PH4222	Micro Nano Fabrication	3	0	0	3
4.	PH4223	Nanogenerators and Application in Self-powered System	3	0	0	3

Course Number	PH4220
Course Credit (L-T-P-C)	3-0-0-3
Course Title	Medical Physics and Applications
Learning Mode	Lectures
Learning Objectives	The objectives of the course are to learn the mechanism and
	functions of different senses of the human body and, to
	understand the physics formulation of the human body. Also to
	understand the different equipment used for imaging the human
	body and, how it helps the medical practitioner.
Course Description	The course discusses breathing and the metabolism of the human body. Biomechanics and fluid dynamics of the circulatory system are discussed elaborately. The functions of ultrasound, X-ray, MRI, etc. is elaborately taught. Radiation physics and its use in medical science for cancer treatment is discussed.
Course Content	Module 1:
	Breathing, fluid dynamics of the circulatory system, Biomechanics, senses, Electric currents, Fields and Potential, Applications: Foot ware design, Cloth design, Optical glasses for eye, Hearing kits, Retina implantation, threshold of vision of the human eye, Electrical model of a cell membrane, Measurement of cell membrane potentials.
	Module 2:
	Diagnostics and Therapy: EKG, X-ray and Computed tomography digonistic, Ultrasound, Magnetic Resonance Imaging, Nuclear diagnostics and positron emission tomography, Temperature measurement system, Blood Pressure measurement, ECHO; and PCR, Applications of techniques in medical diagnosis.
	Module 3:
	Radiation medicine and protection, radiation therapy, Compton scattering, Lethal energy dose, Fatal does equivalents, Laser therapy.
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO 2b
Assessment Method	Assignments, Mini projects, Quizzes, Mid-semester examination, End-semester examination.
Suggested Readings:	Textbooks:
	<ol> <li>Medical Physics, W. A. Worthoff, H. G. Krojanski, D. Suter, De Druyter, 2014.</li> <li>Medical Physics and Biomedical Engineering, B. H. Brown, R. H. Smallwood, D. C. Barber, P. V. Lawford and D. R. house, Taylor &amp; Francis, New York, 1999.</li> </ol>
	References:
	<ol> <li>The Essential Physics of Medical Imaging, Jerrold T. Bushberg, J. Anthony Seibert, Edwin M. Leidholdt, Jr., and John M. Boone, Wolters Kluwer   Lippincott, Williams &amp; Wilkins, 2011. 3rd Edition, Philadelphia.</li> <li>Medical Physics, Martin Hollins, Nelson Thornes Ltd. 2001.</li> <li>The Physics of Radiology, H. E. Jones, J. R. Cunningham, Charles C. Thomas, New York, 2002.</li> <li>Radiation Oncology Physics: A Handbook for Teachers and Students E B. Podgorsak IAFA Publ. 2005.</li> </ol>

7.	Handbook of Bio-Medical Engineering, Jacob Kline,
	Academic Press Inc., Sandiego, Oxford University Press,
	2004.
8.	Smart Biosensor Technology, G. K. Knoff, A. S. Bassi, CRC
	Press, 2006.
9.	Physics of Diagnostic Radiology, Thomas S Curry, IV Edition,
	Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, 1990.
10	. The Essential Physics for Medical Imaging, Jerrold T
	Bushberg, J. Anthony Seibert, Edwin M. Leidholdt Jr., John
	M. Boome, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, 2nd Edition, 2012.
11	. Medical Physics: Imaging, Jean A. Pope, Heinemann
	Publishers, 2012.
12	. Nanobiotechnology: Concepts, Applications and Perspectives,
	Niemeyor, Christober M. Mirkin, Kluwer publications, USA,
	2004.
13	. Physical Principles of Medical Ultrasonics, C. R. Hill, J. C.
	Bamber, G. R. ter Haar, John Wiley & Sons, 2005.
14	Diagnostic Ultrasonic Principles and Use of Instrument, W.
	M. McDicken, 2nd Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New York,
	1992.

Course Number	PH4221
Course Credit (L-T-P-C)	3-0-0-3
Course Title	Emerging Technologies in Photonics
Learning Mode	Lectures & Demonstrations
Learning Objectives	The main objective is to learn (i) the emerging photonics technologies, (ii) the theory behind these technologies, and (iii) the various techniques to fabricate advanced optical and photonic devices.
Course Description	This course allows engineering students to learn modern cutting-edge photonics-based technologies, essential to pursue research and scientific jobs in advanced photonics-based engineering applications.
Course Outline	Photonic integrated circuits for optical communications. Classical light pulse storage and retrieval using Electromagnetically Induced Transparency, Quantum Memory and Quantum Repeaters, and Quantum Entanglement.
	Scalar and vector beams; Orbital angular momentum (OAM) states of light; Phase and Polarization singularities, OAM-based optical communication, structured light
	Optical cryptography; Symmetric and asymmetric optical encryption techniques, Various optical transforms and its application in image/data encryption
	Portable nanophotonic sensors, Microlasers, Nanolasers, Plasmonic photothermal therapy, Photonic nanojet lithography, Plasmonic tweezers for nanoscale trapping, Super-resolution imaging, Quantum imaging, and Nanophotonics for solar cells
Learning Outcome	The students will be fully aware of (i) various emerging photonics technologies, (ii) the theory behind these technologies, and (iii) various techniques to fabricate advanced optical and photonic devices.
Assessment Method	Assignment; Seminar; Mid-sem and End-sem examinations
Suggested Readings:	<ul> <li>Textbooks:</li> <li>Communication System, B.P Lathi</li> <li>Optical Fiber Communications: Principles and Practice, John M. Senior, Prentice Hall of India</li> <li>Optical Communication Systems, John Grower, Prentice Hall of India</li> <li>Optical Fiber Communications- Gerd Keiser, McGraw Hill, 3rd ed.</li> <li>Orbital Angular Momentum States of Light: Propagation Through Atmospheric Turbulence, Kedar Khare, P. Lochab, and P. Senthilkumaran, IOP Publs., UK, 2020.</li> <li>Structured Light and its Applications, David L. Andrews, Science Direct, 2008.</li> <li>Applied Nanophotonics, Sergey V. Gaponenko, Hilmi Volkan Demir, Cambridge Univ. Press, 2019.</li> <li>Quantum Nano-plasmonics, Witold A Jack, Cambridge Univ. Press, 2020.</li> <li>Introduction to Nanophotonics, Henri Benisty, Jean Jacques Greffet, Philippe Lalanne, Oxford Univ. Press, 2022.</li> <li>Fundamentals of Quantum Optics and Quantum Information, Peter Lambropoulos and David Petrosyan, Springer, 2007.</li> <li>Introduction to Optical Quantum Information Processing, P.</li> </ul>

$= \sqrt{10}$ ( $\sqrt{10}$
-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Course Number	PH4222		
Course Credit (L-T-P-W-C)	3-0-0-3		
Course Title	Micro Nano Fabrication		
Learning Mode	Lectures		
Learning Objectives	The objective of the course is to develop basic knowledge about how semiconductor devices are fabricated in clean room environment. Also, introduces various characterization methods adopted till now to realize performance of semiconductor devices at different operating conditions.		
Course Description	In beginning, course introduces about clean room and related functionalities with a fundamental question such as Why do we need clean room? Later, course provides the basic background of semiconductor available and used till now in semiconductor industries by answering questions like why do we need semiconductor and semiconductor-based devices? What kind of semiconductor materials are really useful for semiconductor technology? Then, course introduces importance of semiconductor surfaces and how these surfaces are prepared. Impurities, Importance of doping, dopants and doping densities. By taking an example of solid-state device, Design and layout methods are introduced. To realize these patterns/design, various lithography techniques are introduced. Later, deposition of various materials using various deposition techniques are introduced by highlighting the importance of parameters chosen for deposition. Wet and dry etching methods are introduced as successive process thereafter. Device fabrication steps and device characterization tools are introduced to know the device performance. Various related tools will be introduced to students wherever the fabrication		
Course Outline	process's details are explained.		
	Introduction to clean rooms and safety measures, process overview, Contamination		
	Background to semiconductor materials, Silicon wafers, Wafer cleaning steps, safety and emergency acts		
	Fundamentals of MOSFET Devices, Scaling Rules, Silicon-Dioxide Based Gate Dielectrics, Metal Gates, Junctions and Contacts, Advanced MOSFETs Concepts		
	Device layout and design, Mask design, Lithography (Optical Lithography, Extreme Ultraviolet Lithography, Electron Beam Lithography, Shadow lithography, Alignment of Several Mask Layers)		
	Fundamentals of Film Deposition, Top-down and bottom-up approaches		
	Etching processes (surface and bulk micromachining), Sputtering techniques for deposition of oxides and metals, Chemical vapour deposition (CVD), Plasma enhanced chemical vapour deposition (PECVD), Atomic layer deposition (ALD), Focussed Ion Beam milling and deposition		
	Characterization techniques: Optical inspection, Optical profilometer, SEM, SPM		
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO 2b, 3		
Assessment Method	Quizzes, Mid-semester and End-semester examination		
Suggested Readings:	<ul> <li>Nanoelectronics and Information Technology: Advanced Electronic Materials and Novel Devices, Rainer Waser, 3rd Ed., Wiley-VCH, 2012.</li> <li>Fundamental of semiconductor Manufacturing and process control, Gray S. May. Costas I. Spanos. John Wiley and Song. 2006.</li> </ul>		

•	Fundamental of Semiconductor Fabrication, Gray S. May, Simon M. Sze, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., 2011.
•	Introduction to semiconductor materials and Devices, M. S. Tyagi, Wiley, 2009.
•	Semiconductor manufacturing technology, Michael Quirk, Julian Serda, 1 st ed., Pearson, 2000.
•	Semiconductor Material and device characterization, Dieter K. Schroder, 3 rd ed., Wiley, 2006.

Course Number	PH4223	
Course Credit (L-T-P-C)	3-0-0-3	
Course Title	Nanogenerators and Application in self-powered system	
Learning Mode	Lectures	
Learning Objectives	The learning objectives of nanogenerators revolve around comprehending the fundamental principles governing energy harvesting at the nanoscale. Students aim to grasp the operational mechanisms of nanogenerators, enabling them to harness ambient energy for diverse applications. Understanding nanomaterial applications for energy conversion efficiency is pivotal. Moreover, students strive to master the design and optimization of nanogenerator architectures to enhance performance and drive progress toward a more efficient and sustainable future.	
Course Description	The nanogenerator course delves into the principles of energy harvesting and exploring nanomaterial application. Students will learn to design and optimize nanogenerator architectures for diverse applications, fostering innovation in sustainable energy solutions and nanotechnology advancements.	
Course Content	Module 1:	
	Nanogenerators: Introduction, Overview of nanotechnology in energy conversion, Historical development and current research trends, Materials for Nanogenerators (2D materials, Carbon based materials, Ceramics, Polymers, etc.), Basic principles of energy harvesting at the nanoscale, Types of Nanogenerators: Piezoelectric, Thermoelectric, Pyro-electric, Electromagnetic, and Triboelectric, Hybrid nanogenerators.	
	Module 2:	
	Mechanism, principles, and applications of different types of nanogenerators. Self-powered sensors and wearable electronics, nanogenerator devices (pressure sensor, voltage source, gas sensors, self- charging supercapacitor, wireless charger).	
	Module 3:	
	Key challenges for choosing nanomaterials for nanogenerators, Different types of synthesis techniques, Influence of material properties on energy conversion efficiency, Designing of the device for practical, real-life application, and Other conventional energy generation techniques: Wind energy, Tidal, Thermal, hydropower generation, Nuclear, and geothermal energy production.	
Learning Outcome	Complies with PLO 1, 2a and 3	
Assessment Method	Assignments, Mini projects, Quizzes, Mid-semester examination, End-	
Suggested Readings	Textbook:	
Suggesten Readings:	<ol> <li>Nanogenerators: Basic Concepts, Design Strategies, and Applications: Inamuddin, Mohd Imran Ahamed, Rajender Boddula, Tariq Altalhi, CRC Press, Year: 2022.</li> </ol>	
	References:	
	<ol> <li>Triboelectric Nanogenerators, Zhong Lin Wang, Long Lin, Jun Chen, Simiao Niu, Yunlong Zi Springer International Publishing (ISBN-978-3-319-40038-9-978-3-319-40039-6)</li> </ol>	

2. H Y 97 <b>3.</b> 3. N	<ul> <li>Iandbook on Triboelectric Nanogenerator, Zhong Lin Wang, Ya</li> <li>Yang, Junyi Zhai, Jie Wang. Springer (ISBN-9783031281105, 783031281112)</li> <li>Nanogenerators, Sang-Jae Kim, Arunkumar Chandrasekhar, Nagamalleswara Rao Alluri, IntechOpen, 2020.</li> </ul>
--------------------------------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Sl. No.	Subject Code	Subject	L	Т	Р	С
IDE-I						
1.	PH2201	Fundamentals of Electromagnetism	3	0	0	3
2.	PH2202	Waves and Particles	3	0	0	3
3.	PH2203	Fuel Cell Fundamentals	3	0	0	3
IDE-II						
1.	PH3101	Energy Materials Processing	3	0	0	3
2.	PH3102	Mechanics in Physics	3	0	0	3
IDE-III						
1.	PH4110	Photovoltaics and Fuel Cell Technology	3	0	0	3

## Interdisciplinary Electives (Available to students of B. Tech. other than Dept. of Physics)

Course Number	PH2201
Course Credit (L-T-P-C)	3-0-0-3
Course Title	Fundamentals of Electromagnetism
Learning Mode	Lectures
Learning Objectives	The students without a physics background are exposed to fundamental ideas in electromagnetism. Starting with elements of vector analysis, this course illustrates ideas in electrostatics, magnetostatics and electromagnetic waves Complies with Program Goals 1 and 3
Course Description	This course deals with fundamentals in electromagnetism. Also the practical examples will be explained along with its uses in various engineering domains.
Course Outline	Vector Calculus: Gradient, Divergence and Curl. Line, Surface and Volume integrals. Gauss's divergence theorem and Stokes' theorem in Cartesian, Spherical polar and cylindrical polar coordinates. Dirac Delta function. Electrodynamics: Coulomb's law and Electrostatic field, Fields of continuous charge distributions. Gauss's law and its applications. Electrostatic Potential. Work and Energy. Conductors, capacitors. Laplace's equation. Method of images. Dielectrics. Polarization. Bound charges. Energy in dielectrics. Boundary conditions. Lorentz force. Biot- Savart and Ampere's laws and their applications. Vector Potential. Force and torque on a magnetic dipole. Magnetic materials. Magnetization, Bound currents. Boundary conditions. Motional EMF, Ohm's law. Faraday's law. Lenz's law. Self and Mutual inductance. Energy stored in magnetic field. Maxwell's equations. Optics: huygens' principle. Young's experiment. Superposition of wavefront. Fresnel's biprism, Phase change on reflection. Lioyd's mirror. Interference by division of amplitude. Parallel film. Film of varying thickness. Colours of thin films. Newton's rings. The Michelson interferometer. Fraunhofer diffraction. Single slit, double slit and N-slit patterns. The diffraction grating.
Learning Outcome	Complies with 1a. 3
Assessment Method	Quiz and/or Assignments and Examinations
Suggested Readings:	<ul> <li>Texts:</li> <li>D. J. Griffiths, Introduction to Electrodynamics, Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 1995.</li> <li>F. A. Jenkins and H. E. White, Fundamentals of Optics, McGraw-Hill, 1981.</li> <li>References:</li> <li>R. P. Feynman, R. B. Leighton and M. Sands, The Feynman Lecture in Physics, Vol I, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 1998</li> <li>I. S. Grant and W. R. Philips, Electromagnetism, John Wiley, 1990.</li> <li>E. Hecht, Optics, Addison-Wesley, 1987</li> </ul>

Course Number	PH2202	
Course Credit (L-T-P-C)	3-0-0-3	
Course Title	Waves and Particles	
Learning Mode	Lectures	
Learning Objectives	The objective of the course is to develop a basic understanding of wave	
	and particle concept of physics formulation. The student will understand	
	the observation by considering particles as well as waves.	
	Complies with Program Goals 1 and 3	
Course Description	The course provides fundamental physics knowledge on the concept of	
	particles and waves. Different experimental evidence and theoretical	
	models will be built upon a realization of science formulation and its	
	utility. The student will learn the application of physics in another science	
	subject.	
Course Outline	Introduction to waves, Particles, Wave-particle duality, Newton's	
	corpuscular theory to understand the properties of light, Blackbody	
	radiation, photoelectric effect, Crompton effect, Davison-Germer	
	experiment, Pair production, Refraction, reflection and	
	Palarization, Superposition of waves and interference, Diffraction,	
	Polarisation, Scattering, Schrödinger equation, Atomic structure,	
Learning Outcome	Complies with 1a. 3	
Assessment Method	Quiz and/or Assignments and Examinations	
Suggested Readings:	Test Books:	
	1- Concepts of Modern Physics, Arthur Beiser, Tata McGraw Hill,	
	2009.	
	2- Optics, E. Hect, A. R. Ganesan, Pearson, 2019.	
	Reference Books:	
	3- Fundamentals of Optics, Jenkins F, Tata McGraw Hill, 2017.	
	4- Waves - Berkeley Series - Sie by Franks Crawford, 2017	
	5- Modern Physics, G. M. Felder and K. N. Felder, Cambridge	
	University Press, ISBN: 9781108842891,	

Course Number	PH2203	
Course Credit (L-T-P-C)	3-0-0-3	
Course Title	Fuel Cell Fundamentals	
Learning Mode	Physical Presence in Classroom	
Learning Objectives	The emergent need of clean and green energy to meet "zero emission" target	
	worldwide has put pressing demand for teaching courses relevant to meet this	
	target. It aims to impart skill focused training to understand;	
	1. The impact of carbon foot print on environment and climate	
	2. Hydrogen energy technologies with zero emission potential	
	3. Clean and green energy conversion system design and implementation	
Course Outline	<ul> <li>Module-1: Carbon footprint and its impact on environment, need for zero emission energy system, origin of fuel cell concept and historical perspective in brief, energy and power in fuel cells, fuel cell operation and performance, thermodynamics of fuel cells, transport in fuel cells.</li> <li>Module-2: Fuel cell classification, characteristics features and operation, comparative analysis of different fuel cell systems (AFC, PAFC, MCFC, DEMEC and SOFC). Fuel cell classification and performance and performance of systems (AFC, PAFC, MCFC, DEMEC and SOFC).</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Module-3: Modelling, design and fabrication of fuel cells with case study of PEMC and SOFC, Experimental diagnostics and diagnosis</li> <li>Module-4: Hydrogen generation, storage and delivery, Environmental</li> </ul>	
	impact of fuel cells, Fuel Cell application in EVs	
Learning Outcome	Learners of the course will be able upskill their knowledge creating; (a) awareness and implementation need for clean and green energy technology and (b) readiness with skill to fulfil emerging industry and R & D institution demand of workforce with core competency.	
Assessment Method	Class test and Quiz/Assignment (20%), MSE: (30%), ESE: (50%)	
Suggested Readings:	<ol> <li>Principles of Fuel Cells, Xianguo Li, Taylor &amp; Francis</li> <li>Fuel Cell Fundamentals, Ryan O'Hare, Suk-Won Cha, Whitney Colella, Fritz B. Prinz, John Wiley &amp; Sons</li> <li>Fuel Cell Engines, Matthew M. Mench, John Wiley &amp; Sons, Inc.</li> </ol>	

Course Number	PH3102
Course Credit (L-T-P-C)	3-0-0-3
Course Title	Mechanics in Physics
Learning Mode	Lectures
Learning Objectives	This course is an interdisciplinary course. The students without a physics
	background in Undergraduate will understand the different mechanics and
	their utility in explaining physical phenomena and their importance in modern
	technology.
	Complies with Program Goals 1 and 3
Course Description	This course deals with fundamentals in Classical mechanics, Quantum
	Mechanics, Relativistic Mechanics, and Statistical Mechanics. Also the
	practical examples will be explained along with its uses in industry and
	computation.
Course Outline	Newtonian formulation, D'Alembert's principle, Variational Principle,
	Lagrangian and Hamiltonian dynamics, Poisson's Bracket, Maxwell
	Electromagnetic equation, Postulates of relastivistic mechanics, Lorentz
	transformation, Covariant and Contravariant formulation, light Cone, Need of
	Quantum mechanics, Wave-particle duality, postulates of Quantum
	Mechanics, Schrodinger's equation, Operator algebra, Commutation relation,
	Particle in a box, Harmonic Oscillator, Elementary Statistical Mechanics,
	Ensembles, Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution, Bose-Einstein and Fermi-Dirac
	distribution. Phase transition.
Learning Outcome	Complies with 1a. 3
Assessment Method	Ouiz and/or Assignments and Examinations

Course Number	PH4110
Course Credit (L-T-P-C)	3-0-0-3
Course Title	Photovoltaics and Fuel Cell Technology
Learning Mode	Physical Presence in Classroom
Learning Objectives Course Outline	<ul> <li>Alternative energy sources have always been a core area of significant importance since long. Recent focus on harnessing natural energy from the Sun, has necessitated teaching of relevant course at undergraduate level to create talent pool to meet industry demand. It aims to impart;</li> <li>4. Knowledge pertaining to solar energy harnessing conditions</li> <li>5. Learning relevant to physics of photovoltaic cells.</li> <li>6. Training and skill relevant for design, processing, fabrication, testing and installation of photovoltaic cells, i.e.; end to end industry skill.</li> <li>Module-1: Global energy scenario and impending energy crisis, Basic introduction of anorgy decrease/conversion devices.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>introduction of energy storage/conversion devices, State-of-the art status of portable power sources, Solar photovoltaic (PV) cells, PV energy generation and consumption, fundamentals of solar cell materials,</li> <li>Module-2: Elementary concept of solar cell and its design, solar cell technologies (Si-wafer based, Thin film and concentrator solar cells), Emerging solar cell technologies (GaAs solar cell, dye-sensitized solar cell, organic solar cell, Thermo-photovoltaics), Photovoltaic system design and applications, Analysis of the cost performance ratio for the photovoltaic energy and problems in wide-spread commercialization of the technology.</li> <li>Module-3: Fuel cells and its classification; Transport mechanism in fuel cells and concept of energy conversion; Fuels and fuel processing, Fuel cell design and its characterization</li> <li>Module-4: Technological issues in Solid oxide fuel cells (SOFC); PEM fuel cells; Direct methanol fuel cells (DMFC), Molten carbonate fuel cell (MCFC), Power conditioning and control of fuel cell systems.</li> </ul>
Learning Outcome	Learners of the course will diversify their interdisciplinary knowledge creating; (a) awareness and need for clean and green energy technology in a very simpler form even if original background is different.
Assessment Method	Class test and Quiz/Assignment (20%), MSE: (30%), ESE: (50%)
Suggested Readings:	<ol> <li>Fundamentals of Photovoltaic Modules and their Applications, G. N. Tiwari, S. Dubey &amp; Julian C. R. Hunt, RSC Energy Series.</li> <li>Solar Photovoltaics: Fundamentals, Technologies and Applications (2nd ed.), C. S. Solanki, Prentice Hall of India.</li> <li>Principles of Fuel Cells, Xianguo Li, Taylor &amp; Francis.</li> </ol>